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TELEGRAMS.

Mass Meeting of Ritualists in London.

Count von Bismarck on Leave of Absence.

The Degree of Doctor of Laws Conferred on the Poet Longfellow.

PRUSSIA.

Temporary Retirement of Count Von Bismarck.

BERLIN, Tuesday, June 16.

Count Von Bismarck has retired from office on leave of absence, and to-day left Berlin for his estates in Pomerania, where he will remain three or four months to recruit his health.

Herr Von Thile, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, takes his place at the head of the Foreign Office.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mass Meeting of Ritualists in London—The Irish Church Establishment Defended.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 16.

A great meeting of Ritualists was held in this city last night.

Dr. Pusey and other eminent divines were present, and resolutions were adopted defending the Irish Church Establishment as it at present stands, and maintaining the high church doctrines of the Church of England.

The Home Secretary, Mr. Gathorne Hardy, threatens to prosecute George Francis Train for an objectionable speech made by him to an Irish audience in Manchester.

Honors to the Poet Longfellow—Conferment of the Degree of Doctor of Laws.

CAMBRIDGE, Eng., Tuesday, June 16.

The University of Cambridge to-day conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws upon Henry W. Longfellow, the American poet. The ceremony took place in public, and was witnessed by a vast audience.

A large number of ladies were present, but few of the students of the University attended.

On coming forward to receive his degree Mr. Longfellow met with an earnest demonstration of welcome from the assemblage, who greeted him with loud and prolonged cheering.

The Vice-Chancellor, on conferring the degree, made an address in Latin, in which he alluded in suitable terms to the poet's life, character and works. He also spoke of the generous reception given to Mr. Dickens by the American people, and, after expressing gratification at the appointment of Hon. Reverdy Johnson to represent the United States in England, he concluded with an aspiration for enduring friendship between the two nations.

The Vice-Chancellor was enthusiastically applauded in the course and at the conclusion of his address.

MEXICO.

Resignation of Lerdo de Tejada—A Change of Cabinet Demanded—Effect of Marquez's Manifesto.

HAVANA, Tuesday, June 16.

By the arrival of the French steamer from Vera Cruz, advices from Mexico to the 9th and from Vera Cruz to the 13th instant have been received.

Lerdo de Tejada was compelled on the 6th to resign his position as Minister of Foreign Affairs, by order of the Supreme Court.

The Press, with but few exceptions, clamor for an entire change of the Ministry.

Martinez de Castro had voluntarily resigned the office of Minister of Justice.

The people demanded that only Vallarte should remain in the ministry.

Porfirio Diaz was mentioned as the successor of Lerdo de Tejada, who retains the position of Judge of the Supreme Court.

Zarco and Prieto are both spoken of as successors of Minister Romero, at the head of the Treasury.

A revolution at the capital is expected if all the Ministers do not resign. The discontent against Juarez is increasing because of his opposition to the action of the Judges of the Supreme Court and to the will of the people. He claims the privilege of nominating his own ministers.

Doctor Larrazabal, a Venezuelan, had been banished from the Territory. He attempted to go to Morelia to join the insurgents, but was arrested and escorted to the coast.

Gen. Rivera, aided by the Governor of Queretaro, had routed the forces of Gen. Serrano.

Juan Garza had been declared Governor of Tamaulipas by the Legislature of that State.

The manifesto issued by Gen. Marquez had caused a profound sensation, and many families were transporting their valuables to foreign ports.

The North American Sangerfest.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, June 16.

Preparations for the sixteenth annual Sangerfest of the North American Sangerbund, which is to be formally opened in this city to-morrow, are about completed. The decorations for the occasion are on a magnificent scale. Nearly all the German business houses, and a large number of private residences are handsomely festooned. The foreign delegations are expected to-morrow morning. They will be met at the depot by the Executive Committee and a Committee of citizens, and escorted to apartments at the Sherman House.

Massachusetts Defaulter Arrested in Mississippi.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Tuesday, June 16.

Thomas R. Whittemore, the Treasurer of the town of Spencer, Mass., who defaulted for $18,000 and absconded several weeks ago, was arrested in Mississippi last week. He has restored the stolen money, the town authorities agreeing not to commence a criminal prosecution.

Two prisoners, one of them Henry E. Cobleigh, the alleged incendiary, escaped from the County Jail in this city this afternoon, and have not been recaptured.

Base-Ball Match in Buffalo—The Brooklyn Atlantics Beaten.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, June 16.

The Atlantics of Brooklyn played one of their best fielding games to-day with the Niagara Club of this city, and were defeated by a score of 19 to 15. Start put out fourteen players, and the Atlantics made four double plays. Pratt pitched splendidly, the most of the runs being made off Zeittlein. The game lasted one hour and three-quarters. The crowd of ladies was unusually large, and there was quite an excitement in the city over the victory. The following is the score of each inning:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
Niagara......	5	4	0	0	0	1	5	1	3—19
Atlantic......	0	0	1	4	4	3	0	3	0—15

National Board of Underwriters.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, June 16.

The Executive Committee of the National Board of Underwriters is now in session in this city. Large numbers of prominent fire underwriters are present from Boston, Providence, Hartford, New-York, Philadelphia, Chicago and other leading cities. The reports of the several Committees show the importance of this national organization, and there appears to be a unanimous determination to make it permanent.

Attempt to Break Jail in Buffalo—Delegates to the Saengerfest.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, June 16.

Peter Williams, convicted of larceny from the person, and Thomas Clammy, indicted for burglary and larceny, attempted to break jail this morning by cutting a hole through the ceiling of the jail. The prisoners were assisted by outside parties. When they were discovered they were ready to descend by means of a rope and a ladder, which was placed against the wall for their use. Charles Baker, under extradition to Canada, informed Sheriff Darcy of the plot in time to frustrate their plans. A few minutes longer, and the prisoners would have been free.

Charles H. Baker will be removed to Canada tomorrow, the warrant for his extradition for trial for forgery having been received from Washington.

One hundred members of the Buffalo Liedertafel, accompanied by Wahle's splendid band, left this city this morning for the German Saengerfest at Chicago.

The Fenian Movement on Canada—Unwarranted Alarm.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Tuesday, June 16.

The reports which have from time to time been circulated of movements of Fenian war material and provisions along this frontier, between this place and St. Albans, Vt., are pure fabrications. Officers who have been sent here by the Government to investigate the truth of such reports have ascertained the whole of them to be entirely imaginary. There has been nothing of an unusual character since June, 1866, nor is there any evidence or indication that any movement is intended.

MALONE, N. Y., Tuesday, June 16.

All reports about Fenian arms and ammunition being concentrated at this point are untrue, and not to be relied on.

CHATEAUGAY, N. Y., Tuesday, June 16.

The several news items sent from this point to Boston and other cities, in relation to the gathering of Fenians, accumulation of arms, &c., are false.

The Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railroad—A Railroad Suit Decided.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Tuesday, June 16.

The annual meeting of the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railroad Company was held here to-day, and the following persons were unanimously elected Directors: Messrs. John C. Pratt, Jacob W. Pierce, John G. Farlow, George W. Barnard, Hollis Hunnewall, Thomas Upham, S. M. Felton, E. J. Farrington, W. C. Brown, J. D. Farnsworth, Arthur Williams, Calvin T. Hulburt and Albert Andrews.

The Supreme Court, in the suit instituted by the Attorney-General in behalf of the people against the Northern Railroad Company, has adjudged that corporation to be dissolved, and convicted Lansing Chamberlain and others of a violation of the statute prohibiting the usurpation of a franchise, the penalty of which is a fine not exceeding $2,000, the amount to be hereafter fixed.

Felonious Assault at Springfield, Mass.—Base Ball Match.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Tuesday, June 16.

William Herring, son of Silas C. Herring, the well-known safe manufacturer, made an assault with a revolver on a Palmer, Mass., livery stable keeper, the shot narrowly missing of taking fatal effect. No arrest was made.

The match game of base ball, which took place on Saturday between Williams College and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute of Troy, N. Y., was won by the former—36 to 13. The Williams and Princeton Colleges will play next Saturday.

Whisky Seizures in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, June 16.

In October last, Special Treasury Agent Prime seized 16 barrels of whisky at the depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, which were under a shed, not a bonded warehouse, and upon which, he had reason to believe, the special tax had not been paid. The whisky was turned over to the officers of the United States District Court, the Grand Jury having found an indictment on information against the whisky, and the United States District Court yesterday decided the matter in favor of the Government. Peter Fegan, of Alexandria, Va., was the claimant.

Destitute Immigrants in Montreal.

MONTREAL, Canada, Tuesday, June 16.

A large party of Norwegian emigrants arrived here last Saturday. They were entirely destitute, believing that they would be forwarded to their destination by the Canadian Government. Having neither food nor money, they were placed in Young's Warehouses, and orders were given by the Mayor that they shall be supplied with food.

More Papal Zouaves to Leave Montreal.

MONTREAL, Canada, Tuesday, June 16.

Another detachment of Papal Zouaves will leave for Rome on the 25th inst.

Fenian Convention in Portland, Me.

PORTLAND, Me., Tuesday, June 16.

The State Fenian Convention met here to-day. Twenty-five Circles were represented. Gen. O'Neill delivered an address. Men and money were pledged by the delegates present, and several officers offered their services.

To-night the Fenians will hold a meeting at the City Hall, which will be addressed by Gen. O'Neill, John Rafferty, of New-York, Capt. John Driscoll, of Providence, and others.

The Murder of Timothy Heenan—Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, June 16.

The Coroner's jury in the case of Timothy Heenan, who was murdered here last week, to-day returned a verdict that deceased came to his death at the hands of Gerald Eaton.

No clue has been obtained to the murderer of Newton Stewart, and the Coroner's jury to-day returned an open verdict.

Suit Against the Iron Mountain Railroad Decided.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, June 16.

A suit was brought in the Circuit Court by the Attorney-General of the State in the name of the State of Missouri against the original purchasers of the Iron Mountain Railroad on account of alleged fraud of sale of the road, and was decided to-day in favor of the defendants, and the bill was dismissed.

About fifty members of musical clubs of this city left this evening for Chicago, to participate in the Sangerfest in that city.

A British Ship Abandoned at Sea.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Tuesday June 16.

The steamship *America*, from Baltimore, which arrived to-day, reports having fallen in with the British ship *Montgomery*, water-logged and abandoned. She endeavored to tow her into port, but the royal hawser parted and the ship became unmanageable and had to be again abandoned.

Three Children Killed by Lightning in Connecticut.

MONROE, Conn., Tuesday, June 16.

This morning, during a heavy thunder storm, three school children—Frank J. Hawley, aged 13; Daniel M. Sherman, aged 10; and Charles B. Hubbell, aged 6 years—while standing on the schoolhouse porch at Monroe, were instantly killed by lightning; and a little girl named Hubbell was severely stunned, but has recovered. The schoolhouse was badly damaged. The catastrophe casts a deep gloom over the entire community.

Narragansett Park Races—First Day of the June Meeting.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Tuesday, June 16.

The June meeting of the Narragansett Park Association opened this afternoon with two races. The first, for all horses that never trotted better than 2:40, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, $350 to first and $150 to second, was closely contested and was won by H. Rogers' of North Bridgewater, Mass., blk. m. *Henrietta*.

The following is the summary:

H. Rogers' of North Bridgewater, Mass., blk. m. Henrietta..........	2	3	1	1	1
L. L. Dorsey's of Louisville, Ky., ch. m. Ross Golddust..........	1	2	2	2	2
J. J. Bowen's of Boston, Mass., ch. m. Madawauski Maid..........	3	1	3	dis.	

Time—2:39, 2:37, 2:39, 2:39¾, 2:43¼.

The second race, for all trotting stallions, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, $1,500 to first, $500 to second, was won easily in three straight heats by W. S. Simmons' of New-York, b. s. *Geo. Wilkes*; Geo. G. Thayer's of Cranston, R. I., br. s. *Rhode Island*, second.

The following is the summary:

W. S. Simmons' of New-York, b. s. Geo. Wilkes..........	1	1	1
Geo. G. Thayer's of Cranston, R. I., br. s. Rhode Island..........	2	2	2
Budd Doble's of Long Island, br. s. Membrino Prince..........	3	3	d.
Elias Halstead's of New-York, br. s. Geo. M. Patchen..........	4	4	3

Time—2:29¼, 2:38¾, 2:32¼.

Removals and Appointments in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., Tuesday, June 16.

Gov. Humphreys has been removed and Maj.-Gen. Adelbert Ames appointed Provisional Governor, and Attorney-General Hooker has been relieved by Capt. Jasper Myers. Both the appointees are officers of the Federal Army.

Prize-Fight Near West Brookfield, Mass.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Tuesday, June 16.

A prize-fight came off near West Brookfield, this morning, for $200 a side, between Pat. Adams and Dan. Arnold, both of Boston. Forty-three rounds were fought in ninety minutes, Arnold being the winner by a foul blow from Adams. Both men were badly punished.

Inebriate Asylum in Connecticut.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Tuesday, June 16.

The Governor to-day signed the bill incorporating the Inebriate Asylum, to be called the Turner's Retreat, and located at Wilton, Conn., with a capital of $500,000. It will be organized immediately.

Semi-annual Meeting of the State Electric Medical Society.

SYRACUSE, Tuesday, June 16.

The semi-annual meeting of the Electric Medical Society of the State of New-York will be held in this city on the 24th and 25th of June.

Executive Appointment in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Tuesday, June 16.

The Governor and Council have to-day reappointed W. C. Clark Attorney-General.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, Tuesday, June 16.

The following is the Court of Appeals day calendar for June 17: Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 3, 25, 16, 17½, 20, 21, 21½.

Arrival of the Moravian.

FATHER POINT, Tuesday, June 16.

The steamship *Moravian*, from Liverpool, passed this point at 6:50 o'clock P. M., bound in. She brings 51 cabin passengers and 1,093 troops for Canada.

WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, June 16.

THE WHISKY AND TOBACCO INTEREST.

There has been a large and sudden eruption of whisky and tobacco men here within the last forty-eight hours. The tobacco men came to be heard on the question of the tax, and a number of them were before the Ways and Means Committee. The whisky men came to take a hand in the fight over the Commissionership, which is getting to be very lively. Some people expected a nomination to be sent in to-day though there was no good reason for such expectation. A new candidate has been developed in the person of Hon. S. Baxtell, Democratic member of Congress from California. He is said to be a good business man, but what his peculiar qualifications for the position are does not appear. Horace Greeley has been here, pushing Wisewell's claims very persistently. Wisewell has a patent for the collection of the tax. When his name was before the Senate last Winter he was rejected by a vote of five to one. His chances now are but little, if any better, though he has some Republican supporters.

POLITICAL DISABILITIES REMOVED.

The Senate to-day passed the bill removing political disabilities from a number of Carolina men who have aided in the work of reconstruction, including Gov. Holden, Gen. Barringer and others. Mr. Hendricks moved to include Ex-Congressman George W. Jones, of Tennessee, and Mr. Stewart moved to include L. J. Mackey, of South Carolina, and both were agreed to. The bill then passed by 36 to 5—Messrs. Johnson and Patterson, of Tennessee, Democrats, voted for it, and Messrs. Wade and Fowler, Republicans, against it. The other negative votes were Doolittle, Buckalew and McCreery. Hendricks moved to include Jones, which was accepted by the Republicans, and he then dodged the vote on the same subject. The House agreed to the Senate amendments to the bill removing the disabilities from Roderick R. Butler, Congressman elect from Tennessee, and this bill now goes to the President. This is the first measure of this character which has passed both Houses. Mr. Butler will be here next week to take his seat.

AFFAIRS IN THE SOUTH.

The passage of the Omnibus Reconstruction bill is proving a most potent means of rescuing the Southern States from the embarrassments arising from conflicts between the military authorities and the newly-elected State officers. Some of the new Constitutions, and especially that of Louisiana, contain provisions which give effect and vitality to the instrument, even before it is accepted by Congress. This is in conflict with the letter and spirit of the Reconstruction acts by which the military commanders are governed. Hence the trouble in Louisiana. But the constitutional acceptance of the Constitution by the Reconstruction bill, removes this difficulty. Gen. Buchanan will immediately convene the general Assembly of Louisiana for purposes of ratifying the Constitutional Amendment and electing United States Senators. Upon the admission of her Representatives the State's Officers will be installed and the State Government will then be fully inaugurated. It is altogether probable that the Representatives from all the States whose Constitution have been accepted will be admitted before Congress adjourns. The Arkansas bill and the Omnibus bill are both before the President, and there is much speculation as to whether he will veto them or not. If he adheres to his determination expressed immediately after impeachment, he will permit them to become laws without his signature, but some people argue that it is his last chance, and he will not fail to put his policy upon record once more.

SECRETARY M'CULLOCH.

The assaults of the *Intelligencer* on Secretary McCulloch are exciting much curiosity as to the inspiring cause. It is understood that the Secretary has been obliged to say no to some of the demands of these cormorants; in other words, that he refuses to order the Government gold brokers in New-York to divide their commissions with the *Intelligencer* clique.

THE ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION BILL.

The Clerk's extra pay joint resolution which passed the House yesterday with so much *éclat*, is likely to have a hard time of it after all. Some of the clerks who were present at its passage, demonstrated in such an unseemly manner as to disgust a number of members who voted for it, and to-day on Mr. Bingham's motion to reconsider the resolution, was ordered to be recalled from the Senate. It is possible, therefore, that it will yet be defeated in the House, as the vote was very close. Applause in the galleries by the interested clerks, a rush upon the restaurants, cigar shops and saloons, which was made by many indiscreet clerks immediately upon the passage of the bill, convinced some members that perhaps their families were not suffering so much after all.

THE LATE SALE OF IRON-CLADS.

The Government Committee on Retrenchment, who were instructed by resolution of the House in April last to investigate the facts connected with the sale of the iron-clads *Catawba* and *Oreta* by the Department to Messrs. Alexander Swift & Co., of Cincinnati, and the transfer of the same vessels by the latter firm to the Peruvian Government, have completed their report, and will probably submit it to the House to-morrow. The report is quite long, and it is understood to go very fully into the details of the transaction by which Swift & Co. finally got the vessels at nearly $50,000 less than their own bid, and $200,000 less than the bid of other responsible parties. The report will censure the Department in pretty strong terms, and will intimate that the result was brought about through an unwarrantable exercise of favoritism. The testimony on the subject is said to develop the fact that the contract of Swift & Co. with the Peruvian Government was made in 1867, and that they obtained the permission of the Navy Department to go to work and repair the vessels as they lay at New-Orleans, months before Congress authorized their sale. The price obtained for the vessels was $755,000, or about $500,000 less than their cost. Swift & Co. sold them to the Peruvian Government for $1,000,000 each, with $300,000 extra for their guns, and $100,000 additional if delivered in Mexico, or on the Gulf of Mexico or the high seas.

THE NATIONAL CURRENCY.

The financial doctors in the Senate are having an interesting theoretical discussion on the subject of the currency and the resumption of specie payment. It is a subject upon which the talk is likely to be interminable. The Supplementary Bank bill is the subject under consideration, but the discussion takes a wide range, and includes all the various panacess for our financial ills that fifty different theories can suggest. The debate is interesting if only to learn how widely diversified and how crude are the views of prominent public men on this subject. The bill, an important feature of which is an additional increase of $20,000,000 of National Bank circulation, may pass the Senate, but cannot possibly pass the House.

FENIAN OPERATIONS.

The report in circulation that Gen. Grant has sent out a special inspector to look after Fenian operations on the frontiers is untrue, and was put forth for political effect. The proper departmental officers will look after any illegal operations, and Gen. Grant will sustain their action, but he makes no special details from headquarters for that especial purpose.

PERSONAL.

Freeman J. Fithian and John H. White arrived here to-day, and are supposed to be interested in the disposal of the Commissionership. Hillyer is also here. Abner S. Brady, of the Revenue Department in New-York, is still here.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Tuesday, June 16.

WHISKY AND TOBACCO COMMITTEES.

The Committee of Ways and Means have appointed Representatives Hooker, Maynard and Logan a Sub-committee on whisky, and Messrs. Griswold, Allison and Brooks a Sub-committee on tobacco. The Committee will not report a bill on these subjects, as directed by the House, until toward the close of the present week. They will accompany the modified rates of tax with restrictions and regulations, similar to those heretofore reported in the general Tax bill.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Another section of twenty miles of the Union Pacific Railroad, from the six hundredth to the six hundred and twentieth mile-post west from the initial point, has been reported to the Interior Department.

LOSS OF AMERICAN VESSELS.

The United States Consul at Nassau, N. P., West Indies, informs the Department that the American bark *Eagle* was lost at Sea in March last, and that her entire crew were saved.

The same Consul further states that the wrecking schooner *Ocean Monarch* arrived at Nassau with the materials of a schooner supposed to be the American schooner *Ruby*, wrecked at Bay Comfit, or Bay Romana, on the coast of Cuba. No persons were found on board of her when boarded by the wreckers, but they saw before reaching her a Spanish schooner leave her, and, as they supposed, with the officers and crew and such other things as they could carry. The wreckers report that everything had been taken away from the wrecked schooner, except the rigging, sails and materials, which they brought to Nassau. On the back of an old log-book found in her, dated in 1865, is found the names of her then owners, who appeared to be as follows, viz.: Henry B. Tappan, Robert Fowler, Amos Griffin, Col. Marsh, M. A. Edwards, and Major.-Gen. Webster. The last date in the log-book found is July 27, 1865, on a voyage from New-York to Boston. Where she belonged does not appear.

SUICIDE OF A SOLDIER.

William A. Wilker, Quarantine Sergeant of the Marine Corps, committed suicide at the Navy-yard to-day with a pistol, the ball passing through his mouth and tearing away a portion of his skull. He was deranged, owing to pecuniary losses, partly in oil speculation. He had been in the service nearly thirty years.

THE KIOWA AND COMANCHE INDIANS.

A report has been received at the Indian Office, from Agent Leavenworth, dated Kiowa and Comanche Agency, in the Leased District, May 21, in which is given statements regarding the raids made by the Comanches into the Cherokee country, &c., from which it appears that the parties implicated in these raids are three bands of Comanches who were largely represented at the Council held by the Peace Commissioners on Medicine Lodge Creek last Fall, where they received gifts from the Commissioners, and made fair promises of good faith and friendship to the whites and friendly Indians. Soon after they left, however, a raid was made by a number of those who had attended the Council, and a dash was made upon the Chickasaws and into Gainsville, Texas, in which they committed murder and robbery. The Agent recommends that the raiders be dealt with very severely, and states that since he had arrived at the Kiowa and Comanche Agency, he had rescued four captives from the Comanches, all white but one, and this was a black boy captured about two years ago near Fort Arbuckle. One is a little girl of about 12 years, smart and intelligent, who had been shamefully abused by the savages who captured her, beside killing her mother and infant brother. Other bands have captives in their possession, but Col. Leavenworth could not induce the Indians to bring them to him unless he would make large promises to them of goods. He states that no matter how the Department will regard these things, his patience with them and their promises is exhausted.

In relation to the Kiowas, he informs the Bureau of many acts of outrage and cruelty, and gives accounts of ineffectual efforts made by him to recover some of the captives in their possession. The whole tribe are more or less implicated in the cruelties, and Col. Leavenworth recommends that their annuities, as well as the Comanches', be stopped, and all confiscated for the benefit of the orphans they have made; the guilty demanded according to our treaties with them, and if not delivered up, then let them be turned over to the military, supported by the Navajoes and civilized Indians, to make short and sharp work with them, until they can see, hear and feel the strong arm of the Government.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Tuesday, June 16.

THE TAX ON CIGARS—COAL DUTIES.

Mr. Conkling presented a petition of cigar manufacturers and dealers, protesting against the proposed change in the tax on cigars, and praying that the plan may be tried of a revenue stamp instead of an inspector's stamp. Referred to the Committee on Finance. Also, a petition of persons in New-York engaged in mining bituminous coal, protesting against the reduction of duties on Nova Scotia coal. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

INTER-STATE COMMERCE.

Mr. Sherman introduced a bill to promote commerce among the several States, and cheapen the transportation of the mails, military and naval stores. He moved to refer it to a select committee of seven, to report early next session, saying that it proposes the construction of several railroads running in different directions from Washington, which was agreed to.

REMOVAL OF POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

Mr. Stewart called up the bill from the House to relieve the disabilities of certain citizens in North Carolina.

Mr. Doolittle moved to insert the names of Joseph W. Terrill and Joseph Kenor, of Webster, Jackson County, N. C. In reply to a question from Mr. Conness, Mr. Doolittle read letters and petitions from those gentlemen, showing that the first had been a Captain in the Confederate service, and the latter a member of the rebel Legislature, bringing them within the disfranchisement of the fourteenth amendment.

Mr. Stewart explained that they had been left because no other evidence had been offered but their own statement.

Mr. Conness would oppose the amendment without further information, and all such cases, unless it should appear that they had not participated in the cruelties to prisoners, and that they had repented.

Mr. Ferry would vote for the amendment, and for admitting all such persons until a general bill was framed to relieve all such disfranchisement.

Mr. Doolittle said that one of them had been elected to the State Legislature, the other as a Company Commissioner, and hence the desire to be reinstated.

Mr. Trumbull explained that the names acted upon by the Judiciary Committee are mostly such as were recommended by the Constitutional Conventions, and that the Committee had acted upon the principle of relieving every man that gives evidence of acquiescing in the condition of affairs and abstaining from opposition to the Reconstruction laws of Congress. These men, however, gave no such evidence.

Mr. Conness repeated his objection.

Mr. Williams urged the danger of establishing the principle of relieving men who offered no evidence of fitness, saying that the President would not pardon them without some evidence. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 23 to 12—Messrs. Cole, Ferry, Henderson, Sprague and Van Winkle voting with the Democrats.

Mr. Hendricks moved to insert the name of George W. Jones, of Tennessee, saying that gentleman had always opposed secession; that he had been a member of the National House of Representatives for four years, and that he (Hendricks) made the motion as his friend and not by his request.

Mr. Wilson was in favor of exercising mercy toward those who had offended against the law, when they had given evidence of repentance, but was opposed to placing these scattering amendments in the bill. In his opinion many were worse and bitterer traitors since than before or during the war. He coincided in the opinion of Mr. Hendricks in regard to Mr. Jones. He disavowed any political consideration in voting for the removal of political disabilities.

Mr. Hendricks said that he would withdraw the name rather than have the relief given grudgingly to a man of high character, who had always been loyal.

Messrs. Sherman and Morrill, of Vermont, also testified to the services of Mr. Jones in the House of Representatives, and Mr. Hendricks, at the instance of Mr. Conness, allowed the amendment to remain, and it was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Stewart, the name of Thomas J. Mackay, of South Carolina, was inserted.

Mr. Vickers offered the following as an additional section:

And be it further enacted, That all legal and political disabilities imposed by the United States upon all citizens of the Southern States, be, and the same are hereby removed; provided that said persons shall first take an oath before a magistrate of the county in which he may reside, that he will support the Constitution of the United States, and that this section shall not apply to any one who may be under indictment for violation of the laws of the United States.

This was rejected without a division.

Mr. Buckalew made a few remarks, declaring himself opposed to the exercise of power by Congress that belongs to the Executive in every nation, thus placing pardon in the hands of a political party, and claiming that such a system of legislation must necessarily be partial and unfair. He would vote for a general bill for the purpose it offered.

Mr. Howard denied that there was any partisanship in thus relieving the disabilities of such as had shown their willingness to acquiesce in reconstruction. It was strange that those on the other side always saw partisanship in the measures of the majority. Of course, during the impeachment, and since, their unanimity was owing to their conscientiousness; but the majority would not be swift to readmit the red-handed rebels, who had always been the friends of the present minority of this body, without some security for the future.

Mr. Buckalew called attention to the fact that this bill is for the relief of the red-handed rebels, the Senator always declaimed about with so much animation and precision of language, and he proceeded to say that he had merely opposed such legislation because of the principle involved of unfair discrimination.

Mr. Howard said the difference between them was, that he would admit those who had become repentant, the principle adopted by the Judiciary Committee, while the Senator from Pennsylvania, Mr. Buckalew, and the party to which he belongs, were willing to admit by one grand sweep every rebel in the United States.

Mr. Doolittle pronounced it unconstitutional, before the adoption of the fourteenth amendment, for Congress to impose political disabilities.

Mr. Trumbull said the bill was purposely framed to avoid the decision of that question, relieving them from disabilities merely, if any exists.

Mr. Doolittle continued. He asserted that the disfranchisement to the South was much larger than was claimed here; that there were 25,000 disfranchised in Alabama alone. The 200 named recommended for relief were recommended purely from political reasons, and among them were many who had been the most active rebels. He also favored a general bill.

Mr. Fowler likewise advocated a general bill. He thought the subject should be postponed until one can be introduced.

The bill was passed by a party vote of 35 to 6, except that Messrs. Fowler and Wade voted nay with the Democrats, and Messrs. Johnson and Patterson, of Tennessee, voted yea.

THE CHINESE EMBASSY RECEPTION.

At the instance of Mr. Johnson, he was excused from serving on the Committee to introduce the Chinese Embassy.

THE WASHINGTON AND NEW-YORK RAILROAD.

The Chair appointed as the Select Committee of seven, called for on Mr. Sherman's bill, Messrs. Sherman, Sumner, Chandler, Pomeroy, Stewart, Buckalew and Vickers.

The bill provides for the separate incorporation of the Washington and New-York Railroad, the Washington and Cleveland Railroad and Telegraph Company, the Washington and Cincinnati Railroad and Telegraph Companies, which are all made subject to the restriction that they shall not, without the consent of Congress, consolidate their stock and franchises with those of parallel or competing roads, or by means of consolidations or transfers of stock have the power to connect with and use as part of their lines any railroads now constructed and that their tariff of prices shall not exceed three cents per mile for ordinary first-class passengers, nor six cents per ton for ordinary first-class freights, with charges for other classes in proportion; however, the Cleveland line may connect at Pittsburg with some existing road to Cleveland, or be constructed the entire length at the pleasure of the Company. The schedule time to New-York on the air line is not to exceed seven hours for mails and passengers. The list of incorporators of the latter road is changed from that already published by the omission of a number of names and the substitution of those of Jay Cooke, George W. Riggs and others in their stead.

NATIONAL CURRENCY.

At a few minutes past 2 the pending bill in regard to national currency was again taken up.

The question was on the amendment of Mr. Davis, proposing to withdraw a *pro rata* amount from the States having an excess of banking capital, and distribute it among those requiring it, to place them on an equal footing with the former.

Mr. Van Winkle then took the floor. He was willing to accept the provision for the $2,000,000 increase in lieu of something better.

Mr. Davis followed in suppoot of his amendment. He pointed out the inequality of the present distribution, and said if his plan was not adopted another just mode of raising the $20,000,000 would be the reduction of the army and navy.

Mr. Conkling was in favor of the principle of the amendment, and suggested a modification specifying the amount of the withdrawal from the excess of the $20,000,000.

Mr. Davis accepted the suggestion, and the amendment was so modified.

Mr. Hendricks was also in favor of the principle of the amendment. In his opinion, however, it was merely a question of profit to those engaged in banking. In establishing a bank, a State could not keep money there if the laws of trade urged it elsewhere, any more than the establishment of a mint in a certain city prevented coin from flowing where the demand existed. He thought that the credit of the Government being the basis of the banks under the present system, it would be better to issue bills directly from the Treasury, and he was in favor of withdrawing gradually from the system, which he considered a stupendous folly. In a few years then the people would have a currency not taxed; then, with a reduction of the expenses of the army by fifty millions, which could be done as suggested by the Senator from Kentucky, (Mr. Davis,) and dispensing with the Freedmen's Bureau, the people could easily control the present financial difficulties. A reduction of the whisky tax, and some further modification of taxes would also prove very beneficial.

Mr. Wilson said that the Senator's remarks reminded him of the Colonel down East who was in favor of the Maine law, but against its execution. [Laughter.] He was opposed to inflation, and would vote for the amendment. He thought the greenback currency should be gradually withdrawn instead of increasing it, as the Senator's proposition would do. A vitiated currency was destructive to the interests of labor. What the country wants was more banking capital, not more circulation. He defended the present banking system, saying that if a bank failed to-morrow its bills would immediately go above par.

Mr. Sherman reminded the Senator that that was because they were immediately bought up by the Western men for banking purposes.

Mr. Wilson was aware of the fact.

Mr. Hendricks inquired how a National Bank bill was more secure than the Treasury note upon which it was based.

Mr. Wilson replied that his objection was to irredeemable paper currency, whether bank bill or Treasury note. He pronounced the whole system of paper currency as the interest of jobbers and speculators, and against the interests of the laboring men of the country, and said he was in favor of getting back to specie payments.

Mr. Henderson urged the impolicy of contraction, arguing that the demands of the business of the country rather called for expansion. He questioned the propriety of a speedy return to specie payment. The cry for it was a myth and a humbug. It would not last six months if it were resumed. He denied that the $20,000,000 increase was an inflation of the currency. In reply to a question by Mr. Morton, he said every attempt of Great Britain to fix a time for a return to specie payment after their continental war resulted in disaster. In his opinion, until mechanical and agricultural prosperity had built up foreign balances in our favor, it was idle to talk about a return to specie payment. He said New-England had blown up a bladder and thought itself rich, but they forgot that their property had not been destroyed by the war, as had been the case in the West. They had sold their products to the West to replace the ravages of the war, receiving Government bonds in return, which they now desired to appreciate, and they wanted to prevent other sections from getting any. An intimation had been made that the Supreme Court would declare their legal tender provision unconstitutional. They would then have arrived at specie payments. How would they be prepared for it? He believed that next session Congress would be forced to come up to his views, though this session they had feared to touch free banking, or the taxes, or anything else.

Shortly before 4 o'clock Mr. Cameron asked the Senator to yield to a motion to provide for a fixed hour of adjournment at 4 o'clock, saying he had no doubt the business would be thereby facilitated.

Mr. Henderson interrupted to say the Senator need not make a long speech on the subject, as he would not yield for any such purpose. His section was interested in this question, and he would probably speak until 5 o'clock.

Mr. Cameron made an observation, unheard by the reporter, but which caused general amusement around him.

Mr. Henderson paused a moment, then asked the cause of the merriment.

Mr. Cameron rose readily and said he had made the remark in reply to the Senator, "I hope to God he wont occupy much more time than he has done in the Senate." [Laughter.]

Mr. Henderson—This session?

Mr. Cameron—To-day.

Mr. Henderson said he had not occupied much time recently in speaking, and that the Senator from Pennsylvania, Mr. Cameron, had occupied more this session than he, and since a recent event he had heretofore not participated in debate at all. He spoke a few minutes longer in favor of the principle of free banking, and closed by expressing the opinion that to force a speedy resumption of specie payment, as seemed to be the prevailing policy, would surely result in disaster.

Mr. Corbett insisted and argued that the $20,000,000 increase was nothing else than a proposition for inflation.

Mr. Pomeroy made a few remarks in reply, when the Senate proceeded to vote on Mr. Davis' amendment, and it was agreed to, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Bayard, Buckalew, Cameron, Cole, Corbett, Conkling, Doolittle, Ferry, Harlan, Hendricks, Howe, McCreery, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Patterson of New-Hampshire, Patterson of Tennessee, Pomeroy, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Trumbull, Vickers, Willey, Wilson, Yates—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Anthony, Cattell, Chandler, Cragin, Fessenden, Henderson, Howard, Morgan, Morrill of Maine, Nye, Ross, Sherman, Sprague, Van Winkle, Wade, Williams—16.

Mr. Sherman rose and said the Senate having decided to prohibit any increase of bank circulation, except withdrawing it from three or four New-England States, he had carefully prepared an amendment, in lieu of that of the Senator's from Kentucky, (Mr. Davis,) which was not, in his opinion, properly framed, and which he hoped that the Senator would withdraw for such purpose. He read his substitute, and continued saying that while he was glad the Senate had decided to withdraw a small per centage of bank circulation from the East, he could assure them that if they should adjourn without giving an increase to the West and South, it would give rise to a wide spirit of dissatisfaction. If his amendment was adopted, those States having none now, would have a local circulation by slow and gradual process according to law. The Comptroller of the Currency was to distribute the circulation—one-half according to population, and one-half according to business requirements, and the result would be that New-York would be found to have no more than its proportion, and the only States affected would probably be Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and possibly, Maryland and Vermont. Certainly not more than six or seven States would be called upon to furnish a cent.

Mr. Buckalew reminded the Senator that some days since he had said that he would regard a certain vote to postpone, as a test vote on the proposition contained in the first section of the bill forbidding one National Bank to pay interest on the balances of any other.

Mr. Sherman explained that several Senators had thus voted merely to give time for examination.

Mr. Chandler moved to lay the bill on the table, in order, he said, to avoid three or four days' discussion. Rejected—21 to 22—as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Bayard, Buckalew, Cameron, Chandler, Conkling, Conness, Corbett, Doolittle, Ferry, Harlan, Hendricks, Howe, Morrill of Maine, Morton, Sprague, Stewart, Trumbull, Vickers, Williams, Yates—21.

NAYS—Messrs. Cattell, Cole, Cragin, Davis, Fessenden, Henderson, McCreery, Morgan, Morrill of Vermont, Nye, Patterson of New Hampshire, Patterson of Tennessee, Pomeroy, Ross, Sherman, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Van Winkle, Wade, Willey Wilson—22.

Mr. Chandler then moved to strike out the first section of the bill, and proceeded to argue the injustice to the country banks by forbidding them thus to employ their surplus capital to advantage, advancing substantially the same considerations urged on a previous occasion.

Another motion to adjourn was lost—15 to 20.

Mr. Cattell defended the section, insisting that it is illegitimate banking to pay interest on the balances of another bank; pointing out that the Bank of Commerce, of New-York, has refused to do such business, and that the best bankers are opposed to it. He quoted the opinion of the Comptroller of the Currency (whose recent report he highly eulogized) to the same effect.

At 5:30 o'clock Mr. Chandler again rose to reply, but a motion to adjourn prevailed, despite the protest of Mr. Sherman, and at 5:40 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Phelps presented resolutions of the Baltimore Board of Trade against the proposed reduction of duties on foreign coals, and a memorial of the representatives of twenty-four coal mines in Maryland, protesting against any reduction of the duty on bituminous coal imported from the Canadian Provinces. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Covode presented the remonstrance of sixteen collieries in Pennsylvania, against the renewal of that part of the Reciprocity treaty which would reduce the duty on bituminous for the benefit of Nova Scotian interests. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

Mr. Dawes called up the Senate amendment to the House bill, removing all legal and political disabilities from Roderick R. Butler, (member of Congress elect from Tennessee,) and permitting the ordinary oath to be administered to him instead of the test oath.

Mr. Price asked whether this was not the same thing that the House refused to do in the case of Senator Patterson, of Tennessee.

Mr. Dawes replied in the affirmative. It dispensed with the administering of the test oath to Mr. Butler, because, in point of fact, he could not take it—he having been a member of the rebel Legislature.

Mr. Mullins, of Tennessee, spoke against the joint resolution and Mr. Stokes in support of it.

Mr. Chanler expressed himself in favor of universal amnesty, but he did not favor these special bills. He wished Congress to throw the door open to Mr. Butler and the other colleagues of that gentleman in the Confederate Legislature.

Mr. Maynard said that in his vote on this question he would be governed by the consideration that had governed his vote in favor of dispensing with the test oath in the case of Senator Patterson.

The Senate amendment was concurred in by the necessary two-third vote—yeas 98, nays 27.

THE ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION BILL.

Mr. Bingham moved as a privileged motion that a message be sent to the Senate requesting the return of the joint resolution in reference to the twenty per cent. additional compensation to civil employes in Washington.

Mr. Washburne, of Indiana, moved to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Randall moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table.

The Speaker stated that the last motion could not be made, as the joint resolution was not before the House. The message asking the Senate to return it was privileged.

Mr. Randall—The motion to lay that on the table will reach the object.

Mr. Maynard asked whether, if the joint resolution were retained in the Senate, the vote passing it in the House could ever be reconsidered.

The Speaker replied that no action could be taken on the motion to reconsider while the joint resolution was not before the House.

Mr. Maynard inquired whether, while a motion to reconsider was pending, the joint resolution could ever become a law.

The Speaker said he would not decide that question, as he did not decide points of order in advance nor anticipate them.

Mr. Spalding—If the motion to lay on the table succeeds will it not dispose of the whole matter?

The Speaker—It will dispose of this matter undoubtedly. [Laughter.]

Mr. Bingham's motion was then agreed to.

Mr. Ward demanded the yeas and nays on the motion to lay on the table.

The vote was taken, and resulted—yeas, 52; nays, 75, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Adams, Anderson, Archer, Ashley, Axtell, Barnes, Boyer, Burr, Cake, Cary, Chanler, Cobb, Donnelly, Driggs, Eckley, Eldridge, Glossbrenner, Golladay, Gravelly, Hotchkiss, Johnson, Kitchen, Lincoln, Mallory, McCormick, McCullough, Moore, Morrell, Myers, Niblack, Nicholson, O'Neill, Paine, Phelps, Plants, Pomeroy, Pruyn, Randall, Robinson, Spalding, Starkweather, Stevens of Pennsylvania, Stokes, Stone, Taber, Trimble of Tennessee, Twichell, Van Horn of Missouri, Van Trump, Washburn of Wisconsin, Washburn of Indiana, Woodward—52.

NAYS—Messrs. Allison, Bailey, Baker, Beaman, Beatty, Beck, Benjamin, Benton, Bingham, Blaine, Boutwell, Broomall, Buckland, Butler, Churchill, Clarke of Ohio, Coburn, Cook, Covode, Cullom, Dawes, Delano, Dixon, Eggleston, Ela, Eliot, Farnsworth, Ferris, Fields, Halsey, Harding, Higby, Hill, Hubbard of West Virginia, Ingersoll, Jenckes, Judd, Julian, Kelly, Knott, Koontz, Laflin, Loan, Loughridge, Marvin, Maynard, McCarthy, McClurg, Mercur, Miller, Mullins, Newcomb, Peters, Pike, Pile, Polsley, Price, Raum, Sawyer, Scofield, Selye, Shanks, Stevens of New-Hampshire, Taylor, Trimble of Kentucky, Trowbridge, Upson, Van Aernam, Washburne of Illinois, Washburn of Massachusetts, Welker, Williams of Pennsylvania, Williams of Indiana, Wilson of Iowa, Wilson of Ohio—75.

PROPOSED REIMBURSEMENT.

Mr. Maynard asked leave to offer a resolution to pay Joseph Powell, who contested the seat of Roderick R. Butler, as Representative from the First Congressional District of Tennessee, $2,000 in full for his expenses, &c., in prosecuting the contest.

Mr. Eldridge expressed a desire to know how many votes Mr. Powell had got. He understood he had only got sixteen votes.

Mr. Spalding objected to the introduction of the resolution.

NEW-YORK POST OFFICE.

Mr Ferry, from the Post Office Committee, reported a bill in reference to the erection of the proposed Post Office in New-York, which, with the report, was ordered to be printed and recommitted.

RELIEF FOR INDIANS.

Mr. Clark, of Kansas, introduced a joint resolution for the relief of loyal Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians. Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MATTERS.

The House proceeded as the business of the morning hour to the consideration of reports from the Committee for the District of Columbia.

Mr. Ingersoll, Chairman of the Committee, reported a bill in relation to the Alexandria Canal Company, and the Aqueduct bridge across the Potomac River at Georgetown. After considerable discussion the bill was passed.

Mr. Ingersoll, from the same Committee, reported a bill supplemental to the act of Jan. 21, 1867, to incorporate the National Safe Deposit Company of Washington, allowing the Company to increase its capital to $500,000, and enlarging its powers to the business of a savings bank and of an insurance company for the fidelity of employes.

Mr. Pruyn moved to strike out that part which relates to insurance, which was agreed to.

After some discussion the morning hour expired, and the bill went over until the morning hour to-morrow.

REPAIRS TO PUBLIC WORKS.

The House, then, at 2:30, proceeded to the consideration of the bill reported by the Committee on Commerce, making appropriations for the repair, preservation and completion of certain public works.

Mr. Eliot made a five minute speech in defence of the general principles of the bill.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, moved to strike out the paragraph appropriating $40,000 for the improvement of Wisconsin River, and argued that that river could not be made navigable to steamships under a cost of $3,000,000; in fact, the project of making navigable had been practically abandoned several it years ago. He had been in favor of liberal appropriations for river and harbor improvements, when there was money in the Treasury, but times had changed, and he confessed that his views on the subject of making appropriations for mere local improvements had been much modified.

Mr. Allison replied to the remark of Mr. Washburne, and denied his statement that the Wisconsin River could not be made practically navigable by steamboats. He regarded it as the most important item in the bill, because it affected the great grain-growing region of the West, and also affected the cost of breadstuffs in New-England.

Mr. Washburn, of Wisconsin, advocated the appropriation, and stated the great importance of the work.

Mr. Woodward said that the trouble about improving the navigation of the Wisconsin River was that in Summer there was no water in it.

Mr. Washburn, of Wisconsin, contended that there was an abundance of water in it if it could only be controlled by engineering appliance.

Mr. Cobb advocated the appropriation, and replied to the remarks of Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, contending that the river could be made navigable all the year round with a moderate expenditure.

Mr. Scofield argued that a small river like the Wisconsin in a single State should be improved by local enterprise, just as the Monongahela River in Pennsylvania had been improved.

Mr. Hopkins argued in favor of the appropriation, and to show the importance of the proposed improvement in cheapening the transportation of agricultural products, he claimed that the river was capable of being made navigable at a cheaper expense than any other water communication there would ever be between the Mississippi River and the Lakes.

Mr. Farnsworth suggested that the Rock River, which follows between Wisconsin and Illinois, was a more feasible route for water communication between the Mississippi River and the Lakes.

Mr. Delano remarked that the bill appropriated over $6,000,000, and that amount was only an installment of the immense sums which the great schemes of internal improvement would render necessary hereafter. He thought this expensive policy should be left to a future occasion, when the country could be in a better condition to enter on it.

Mr. Eliot defended the special item under debate and the general principle of the bill. The abandonment of the system of internal improvements he regarded as the most disastrous policy that could be pursued. The object of this particular item was to open a water communication between Green Bay and the Mississippi River, by way of Fox River and the Wisconsin River.

Mr. Pile advocated the policy of general internal improvements. What the Mississippi Valley needed was cheap transportation, and for that the water routes would have to be relied upon. He thought the House should not hesitate at appropriating $40,000 to enable the experiment to be made by Gen. Warren as to whether or not the Wisconsin River could be made navigable.

Mr. Woodward declared himself opposed to all these appropriations for internal improvements, and argued that the improvements should be made by local enterprise or by State authority. The Wisconsin River should be improved in that way, as the Susquehanna River had been.

Mr. Banks argued that the proposition to improve the Wisconsin River was not an experiment. He had seen the experiment tried with success, and had seen, by means of wing dams, streams that had been embedded from five to eight feet in the sand floated out from that bed into the Mississippi River. He had no doubt that by the like means the Wisconsin River could be made navigable.

Mr. Spalding intimated that he would move to lay the bill on the table.

Mr. Farnsworth agreed that this was not the time, in the present condition of the country, to enter on these works of internal improvement.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, withdrew his motion, to strike out the item for the Wisconsin River, with the understanding that a vote might be had on each item in the bill.

The House proceeded to consider the other items in the bill.

On motion of Mr. Paine, the item for the improvement of Milwaukee Harbor, Wisconsin, was increased from $15,000 to $25,000; that for Racine Harbor, Wisconsin, from $10,000 to $20,000, and that for Kenosha Harbor, Wisconsin, from $10,000 to $20,000.

On motion of Mr. Eggleston, an item of $15,000 was inserted for the improvement of Sandusky River, Ohio.

Mr. Buckland moved to insert an item of $10,000 for the improvement of the harbor of Port Clinton, Ohio.

Mr. Eliot opposed the amendment, which was rejected.

Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, inquired why no appropriation had been reported for the harbor of Toledo, Ohio.

Mr. Eliot replied that last year's appropriation for that purpose had not yet been expended, and it was important that new surveys should be made, and a more perfect plan of improvement adopted.

Mr. Walker moved an appropriation of $20,000 for the harbor at the mouth of the Black River, Lake Erie.

Mr. Eliot opposed it and it was rejected.

Mr. Spalding moved an appropriation of $50,000 for increasing the capacity of the Ship Canal of Sault St. Marie. He did so, he said, in obedience to the instructions of his constituents.

After discussion by Messrs. Scofield, Pruyn Blair, of Michigan, and Driggs, and without disposing of the question, Mr. Delano moved to recommit the bill, with instructions to the Committee to report a substitute appropriating $500,000 for the improvement of the harbors on the northern lakes and for the St. Clair flats; $150,000 for the improvement of the coast harbors; $1,300,000 for the improvement of rivers, including Des Moines, Rock Island Rapids, and Hell Gate, in the East River New-York, the Wisconsin and the Patapsco Rivers; $3,000 to complete reports, maps and diagrams of bridges on the Mississippi River; and $1,000 for the purchase and repair of instruments. He spoke for five minutes in support of the motion.

Mr. Eliot opposed the motion.

Pending the question, the House at 4:45 o'clock adjourned.

THE CHINESE REBELLION.

Its Long Continuance—Occasional Outbreaks—Imperial Decree Announcing Defeat of Rebels and Honors to the Victors—Another Decree—Approach of Rebels to Pekin—Their Retreat—View of the Situation.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Pekin, Tuesday, Feb. 25, 1868.

The Embassy now sent to the Courts of the West will naturally draw attention to the internal condition of this country. Statesmen will desire to know how a movement without a precedent in the history of this Empire is to be understood—whether it is to be regarded as the effort of a decaying Government to strengthen itself by the good will of foreign Powers, or as a manifestation of a new life in this old body—an unmistakable proof that its policy is committed to the cause of progress. The prevalence of active rebellion in several provinces, and the occurrence occasionally of a volcanic eruption, even in the vicinity of the capital, may incline some to the former view.

The facts of the case, magnified by distance, present, I confess, a forbidding aspect, and are not much calculated to lead the foreign observer to indulge in pleasant auguries for the future of China. Still, with as full a view of the situation as it is possible to obtain from my present standpoint, my conviction is that China is getting the better of her intestine foes; that she neither needs nor desires foreign aid in dealing with them; and that, if she is able to keep the peace with foreign Powers, she may promise herself a career of prosperity.

The long continuance of rebellion cannot fail to be noticed as a discouraging feature in the state of the country. In a country of such vast extent, and among people so imperfectly combined under one sceptre, it is scarcely possible that entire peace should prevail at any time. In the Roman Empire the Temple of Janus was rarely shut. But for the last twenty years the disease in China has appeared to be of a malignant type. For more than half of that time it threatened the life of the patient; and though of late years he has seemed to convalesce, it must be acknowledged that he has now and then had relapses of a somewhat alarming character.

One of these paroxysms has just taken place. It has passed off without serious consequences, but it is worth recording as a symptom of the sanitary condition of this great State. But before describing the events of the last fortnight, allow me, by way of preparation, to give you from the Pekin *Gazette* the news of the month previous. Under date of Jan. 15 it contains a proclamation from the throne announcing the complete extinction of a formidable body of insurgents in the southeast, leaving the Mohammedans of the northwest still in the field, who did not, however, at that time awaken much solicitude.

"We received recently," says His Majesty, "a report from Changchewan, stating that our troops had gained a great victory over the Nienfei rebels, and captured their chief leaders, reducing the rebel body to the verge of extinction. At the time, we issued a decree announcing the intelligence alike to the Central Empire and to foreign lands. We have now received a further report from Te-Hung-Chang, to the effect that he had dispatched troops to pursue the flying rebels, who had taken alive a principal chief, and made a clean sweep of the rest of the horde. The red banner of the herald of victory arrived in the capital last evening, which is, indeed, a cause of the deepest congratulation. Two of the rebel chiefs, styled the Princes of Tu and Tai, had been ravaging the provinces, to the disgust alike of gods and men. But now, in less than ten days, they are captured and their followers slain. This was an obvious display of the vengeance of Heaven, and an omen of peace for the people of Kiangwan and Shantung. It is meet that we should shower down our favors to recompense the toil of the victors." Then follows a list of rewards and promotions, commencing with the General-in-Chief, Te-Hung-Chang, who receives for his descendants, in perpetuity, a Captaincy of Horse. The Governor of Shantung receives a hereditary title; and a host of subordinate officials, with new ranks and titles, bring up the rear of the triumphal procession.

In the *Gazette* of Feb. 4, scarcely a fortnight later, we find news of quite a different complexion; and some of the characters above referred to reappear in a new *rôle*.

"The Nienfei rebels," says the Emperor, "having made their way into the province in which the capital is situated, and Te-Hung-Chang and others not having been sufficiently prompt in coming to the rescue, we have already issued a decree handing them over to the Board of Punishments for a severe investigation of their conduct. Now we receive memorials informing us that the rebels have advanced northward as far as the Cities of Hungshui and Tingchau. On reading them we are filled with indignation. Kwanwan was appointed to the Viceroyalty of this province for the express purpose of exterminating these banditti, but he is unable to hold them in check, but allows them to come northward and rove about at pleasure. Tsotsungtang failed to crush them out, as he ought to have done, while they were yet within the bounds of Shensi, and is guilty of allowing them to invade the very neighborhood of the capital. Let both these officers be handed over to the Board for a rigorous investigation. As for Te-Hung-Chang, he is a Minister upon whom the Court placed its special reliance. When the feet of the rebels are overrunning this province, he ought to have brought forward his troops with all speed. This he has failed to do, and gives no explanation of the failure. Let his two-eyed peacock plume be plucked away, his yellow robe be stripped off, and the hereditary rank of Captain of the Imperial Horse Guards be revoked."

In this remarkable decree the vial of wrath falls like a water spout on the highest heads in the Empire: and well it might, for never since the Autumn of 1853 has an organized body of insurgents approached so near to the capital. Though spoken of as Nienfei, they are understood to consist of Mohammedans from the northwest; and it was the coalition of these parties, as well as the daring audacity of the movement, that made it appear formidable. Supposed to be hundreds of miles distant, and powerless except for plunder, they suddenly dash across two provinces, and appear in force only a day's march from the walls of Pekin. The panic was like that which the raids of Lee and Stuart excited in the cities of our Atlantic coast.

It was not, however, of long duration. The "grand army" rallied round the capital, and the rebels, destitute of firearms, discipline and courage—three things very essential to the prosecution of war—beat a hasty retreat. They had never, in fact, dreamed of assaulting the Imperial City; and in the whole of their long march they had, as a general thing, carefully avoided all the walled towns. Their object seems to have been twofold—to effect a diversion in favor of the Mohammedans in the northwest, who are hard pressed by the Imperial troops, and to recruit their forces in a fresh field. For forage and plunder this province did not offer a very inviting arena, as the failure of the crops last year left the people at the verge of starvation. But that very circumstance prepared the people to become a ready prey to any party who would procure them subsistence, by fair means or foul. The rebels, whom report has made about 20,000 strong, no doubt succeeded in considerably swelling their numbers in the course of this raid; but the accession of numbers has added little to their strength. By the celerity of their movements a small body of mounted robbers (these rebels are nothing else) may dash across the country and elude pursuit, while a promiscuous multitude, after pillaging a few towns, is sure to be cut to pieces.

In this raid "the rebel corps has come and gone like a comet," exciting the same unfounded fears, and proving itself equally destitute of any solid consistency. They seldom besiege a town, and still more rarely allow themselves to be engaged in a pitched battle. Their aim is not revolution, but plunder; and their mode of warfare is not unlike that of the Sioux and Cheyennes of our Western frontier. If the state of alarm in which they keep these provinces leads this Government to cultivate the arts of war, and especially if it compels the Mandarins to favor the introduction of railways and telegraphs, as the only effective means for repressing these wild and destructive raids, the evil which now appears to be unmitigated will not be altogether without a counterpoise. In the meantime the desolation which they spread through the country is frightful to think of, though in a military point of view they cannot be regarded as formidable. Thorough work seems to have been made with the corresponding body in the east; and these, who are already 200 miles from the capital, will probably soon disappear in the distant region from which they came.

CANADA.

Ecclesiastical Matters—The Fenian Excitement—Immigration for the Season—Extradition Case.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Toronto, Saturday, June 13, 1868.

The Anglican Church Synod met in this city on Wednesday, and closed its sittings last evening. The Bishop's charge made a feeling allusion to his predecessor, Bishop Strachan, who has paid the debt of nature since the meeting of the Synod last year. His Lordship also referred to the attempt to disestablish the Irish Church, and his reference to the subject gave rise to a motion, to which two amendments were offered, and the one agreeing to petition the Queen and both Houses of Parliament not to pass any act confiscating the property of the United Church of England and Ireland, situated in Ireland, was adopted after a lengthy discussion. The debate was somewhat warm, and some of the lay delegates, who were believed to be extreme churchmen, took grounds in favor of the abolition of Church and State in Ireland. The main argument, however, went to show that the course now pursued by Mr. Gladstone would tend to aid the Papacy, and prove the downfall of Protestantism in certain parts of Ireland. An attempt to vest the power now delegated to the Churchwardens, with reference to the control of the clergy, in the vestry, was defeated after a warm discussion. There is an evident tendency in favor of more democratic ideas than have hitherto prevailed in the Synod.

THE FENIAN EXCITEMENT.

In spite of all evidence to the contrary, the authorities persist in asserting that a Fenian raid is imminent, and with the object of proving their sincerity all the necessary arrangements for meeting an enemy have been made. The arrangements are different from those made in 1866, and the regular troops will bear the brunt, if any fighting has to be done. Lord Alexander Russell takes command of that portion of the troops and volunteers bordering on the Province of Quebec, and there will be two other commands in Ontario, Col. Jenyns, of the Hussars, having command of the central brigade, which will rendezvous at Hamilton, about 2,000 to be collected there as speedily as possible. There does not appear to be any prospect of a regular raid; yet, the arrangements to meet an invading force are such as must certainly eventuate in the complete discomfiture of the Fenians, should they be bold enough to attempt a landing on Canadian soil. It seems extraordinary that the Government should be misled so far as to incur an enormous expenditure in massing troops and volunteers, for it is only too apparent that the whole thing is a farce, as it is well known that the Fenians are not in a position to carry out their threat of marching through British territory. Possibly they may make predatory excursions in small numbers, and thus harass and annoy the inhabitants along the frontier, but nothing can be more clearly established than the fact that the United States Government is determined to prevent any considerable body of the invaders crossing the border even if they were prepared to do so. There is too good an understanding between the two Governments to admit of such a thing, and it were a mere waste of words to discuss the question whether the Fenians will invade Canada with success or not. Perhaps, however, it is just as well to be prepared for every emergency.

THE SEASON'S EMIGRATION.

Large numbers of European—principally from Great Britain—emigrants have already arrived here, and many more than usual have remained in the country. Two lots, one numbering 125 and the other 170, have been sent out by the East End London Emigration Society, and the whole, I believe, have found work. They were in a utterly destitute condition, and had to be cared for by the Government. A Miss Rife, who appears to take a deep interest in the welfare of her poor countrywomen, brought out one hundred girls, fifty of whom arrived here on Thursday, and they were soon taken up. The demand for servant girls is very great here, and it is impossible to supply it. Had five hundred girls come out they could all have been disposed of with the greatest ease. It does not appear that many newcomers are availing themselves of the advantages of the new land grant system of our Provincial Government, for the simple reason that the terms do not suit them. It is more than probable that the grants will be of the greatest benefit to the sons of farmers throughout the country as they are in a position to make the most out of them.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

The Queen's Printership, in both Ontario and Quebec, has been disposed of—the former to Messrs. Hunter, Rose & Co., the Parliamentary printers at Ottawa, who are erecting a new building for their premises in this city; and the latter to Messrs. Duvemay, of the Montreal *Minerve*. There was a good deal of competition from Ontario, the publishers of several leading journals being anxious to enjoy the patronage of the Government. The contractors have no connection with the newspaper Press.

AN EXTRADITION CASE.

G. H. Martin, supposed to have some connection with the robbery of the Merchants' Union Express Company's messenger on the Hudson River Railroad, a short time since, is held at Hamilton, to await the result of an application to our Government for his extradition. He offered $2,400 of the bonds for sale at an exchange office, and the bonds being challenged he succeeded in concealing them; but they were found by the Police. There can hardly be any doubt that he will be given up for trial. The final examination took place yesterday, and the Police Magistrate decided against the prisoner to-day. The case excites much interest, and some contend that the prisoner's connection with the robbery has not been proved, and think he should not be given up.

Board of Health.

This Board met yesterday afternoon at the conclusion of the session of the Board of Excise, under the direction of Commissioner Lincoln, President.

A communication from Mr. Robert Bonner was presented by his counsel, Mr. Bartlett, asking a stay of proceedings in the matter of an order served upon him by the Board, requiring certain lots in Sixth-avenue to be filled up. Mr. Bonner denied that the condition of the grounds was detrimental to public health, and desired a hearing in reference thereto.

The subject was referred to Mr. Seth C. Hawley, to take testimony on Friday next at 2 o'clock, and report the same to the Board on the following Tuesday.

Dr. Harris, Register of Vital Statistics, reported that in the week that ended on Saturday, the 13th inst., the first warm week of this unusually late Summer, there were 392 deaths in New-York, and 150 in Brooklyn. The number of children that died under five years of age was 179, (45.66 per cent. of total,) in the former, and 67 (44.67 per cent. of total) in the latter city. Half of the total increase of mortality was by the tuberculous and other cachexias called constitutional diseases. The atmosphere was excessively damp, being much of the time near saturation, and averaging at 82—total saturation regarded as 100. Rain fell on six days of the week, and amounted to 2.55 inches depth of water. Such excessive humidity and saturation may have an important influence upon the public health in midsummer and later unless cleanliness, drainage and ventilation become the watchwords of sanity security at every homestead. These two cities and the entire Metropolitan District seem to be unusually free from epidemic disease, and no infectious epidemic, except scarlatine, is at present prevailing in any city of the United States. And it would be a great public benefit to all the cities and towns of our country to have posted in every Sanitary Board-room, the vigorous and far-seeing remark of the great Dr. Benjamin Rush, in which he said he looked for the time "when our courts of law shall punish cities and villages for permitting the sources of pestilential fevers to exist within their jurisdiction." Reverently, and with a profound belief in God's law of health, may the Sanitary authorities of cities endeavor to meet this stern demand of public duty. The cholera which recently scourged the West Indian towns, and the yellow fever that is decimating the filthy cities of the Peruvian coast, and that last Autumn ravaged our Southern coast, have taught sanitary truths that ought never to be forgotten. Already the Medical Department of the United States Army has organized an excellent system of safeguards against each of these relentless destroyers along the line of exposed military posts, and it will be fortunate if all exposed cities and towns, from the Rio Grande to New-York will heed this timely example in regard to both internal and external sanitary measures for the protection of ports and towns.

The Board adjourned until Tuesday next at 2 o'clock.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

The Amity-place Fire.—Fire Marshal Brackett having concluded his investigation of the origin of the fire at Nos. 14 and 16 Amity-place, which occurred on the morning of the 4th inst., has presented his report to the Board of Police Commissioners according to the act establishing the office of Fire Marshal. The document sets forth that the building destroyed was 50 feet front, by 100 feet in depth, and six stories in height, was occupied by eleven different firms, and from the combustible nature of the contents, the wooden stairways and the numerous partitions, the edifice was a perfect "tinder box." It had been reported to the Board of Fire Commissioners as unsafe by the Inspector of Engine Co. No. 33, who recommended certain alterations to render the building safer in case of fire. From the testimony of the witnesses examined before the Fire Marshal, the fire evidently originated in the premises of Jacob Ruprech, manufacturer of piano keys, through the carelessness of some of the employes. The loss of the tenants and of the owner of the building was $70,588 50, on which there was about $31,500 insurance, $14,000 of which was in provincial companies. Besides this the workmen in the building sustained an aggregate loss of $3,000. Marshall Brackett adds that on examining the tenement houses Nos. 10 and 12 Amity-place, adjoining the building destroyed, he found that they were not supplied with proper fire escapes, and he therefore reported them to Superintendent Macgregor of the building.

Highway Robbery.—About 1 o'clock yesterday morning Christopher McSorley, an *attaché* of the Astor House, was on his way home to No. 217 East Twenty-fifth-street, and when near the corner of Third-avenue and Twenty-sixth-street he was set upon by two desperadoes, who knocked him down and robbed him of a watch and chain valued at $48, a bunch of keys and a penknife. The robbers immediately fled, but the cries of McSorley started Officers Jones and King, of the Eighteenth Precinct, at once in the pursuit, and at the corner of Lexington-avenue and Twenty-sixth-street, they captured one of the fugitives, who gave the name of Robert Jeffcott. The remaining man eluded pursuit for the moment, but the officers repairing to the Putnam County House, in the immediate vicinity, found one Charles Dunlop snugly ensconced in bed, but also found in the room all of McSorley's property. He was of course arrested, and, with Jeffcott, arraigned during the afternoon before Justice Ledwith at the Jefferson Market Police Court, and were committed without bail for trial at the General Sessions.

Arrivals in the City.—Mr. Blacque Bey, the Turkish Minister, is at the Everett House; Count de Currenne, and Viscount de Luarez, of the French Legation, and Commodore Steedman, of the United States Navy, are at the Brevoort House; Ex-Gov. J. H. Clifford, of Massachusetts, Bishop McIlvane, of Cincinnati, Gen. W. M. Wherry, of the United States Army, Gen. Samuel Anderson, of Portland, Hon. G. P. Edmunds, of Vermont, Hon. G. N. Saton, of Baltimore, and Hon. N. D. Rice, of Augusta, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel; D. C. Grove, Ex-Mayor of Utica, is at the St. James Hotel; Gov. W. B. Marshall, of Minnesota, Gov. Thomas C. Fletcher, of Missouri, Hon. Ira Harris, of Albany, Hon. John A. Collier, of Binghamton, and Gen. Walter Phillips, of Dacotah, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel; Rear Admiral J. L. Reese, of the United States Navy, is at the St. Denis Hotel.

Capture of an Alleged Murderer.—Superintendent Kennedy, of the Metropolitan Police, received a few days ago a letter from a Police Justice of Leavenworth, Kansas, requesting him to procure the arrest of Florindel Boyanrie, *alias* George Miller, a young German carpenter, (whose description was inclosed,) who is charged with having committed a murder in that city in February last. On Monday Bouyanrie was arrested by Detective Mooney, of the Twenty-second Precinct, and he is now locked up at Police Headquarters to await the arrival of an officer at present *en route* from Leavenworth with a requisition from Gov. Crawford, of Kansas, for the rendition of the prisoner.

Clothing Stolen.—Yesterday Daniel Smith, of No. 124 Delancey-street, appeared before Justice Mansfield at the Essex Market Police Court, and accused Edward Fisher and Nicholas Pera of purloining from his room several coats, a vest, a silver watch and a sum of money, all the property taken being valued at $73. As tending to attach the crime to the prisoners he said that they had been seen leaving the house with a large bundle about 1 o'clock Sunday morning, and that one of them was familiar with the house—neither of them had any business in it. The prisoners denied their guilt, but were held in $1,000 bail each to answer at the General Sessions. Pera gave the necessary bond, but his companion was committed in default.

Probable Homicide.—At 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning, an officer of the Twenty-second Precinct Police found Jacob Miller, a native of Germany, 40 years of age, lying insensible on the sidewalk in Fifty-second-street near Seventh-avenue. On examination it was found that the man had been badly beaten about the head and body by some unknown person, and was dangerously injured. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital, where his injuries were stated to be of a fatal nature. Capt. Ward, of the Twenty-second Precinct Police, is using every exertion to discover the persons by whom Miller was so brutally assaulted, but there is very little prospect of success.

Gaming on a Steamboat.—On Monday night last, Joseph Hempstead, a passenger on the steamboat *Connecticut*, from Troy to this City, was induced by Albert P. Ryder, a fellow-passenger, to join him in a game of "monte." Ryder dealt the cards, and Hempstead alleges that he soon found himself minus $50. On the arrival of the boat at the wharf in this City, Hempstead caused Ryder's arrest by Officer Lyng, of the Twenty-sixth Precinct. The prisoner was arraigned before Justice Shandley, at the Tombs, and committed for trial.

Sudden Death.—Coroner Schirmer held an inquest yesterday over the remains of Charles Brailer, otherwise known as John Zitka, a native of Germany, 48 years of age, who was found dead in the basement of his residence, No. 194 East Fourth-street. An autopsy of the remains, made by Dr. Howe, showed that death resulted from fatty degeneration of the heart, complicated with Bright's disease of the kidneys, and a verdict in accordance was rendered.

Dishonest Servant.—Sarah Brennan, a young girl 17 years of age, was arrested yesterday by Detective Harris, of the Eighteenth Precinct, charged with stealing a diamond cluster ring, worth $300, from the house of Charles N. Thomas, No. 131 East Sixteenth-street, where she was employed as a servant. The girl made a full confession of her guilt when arrested, and also when arraigned, and was committed for trial by Justice Ledwith, at the Jefferson Market Police Court.

Death from Appoplexy.—An inquest was held by Coroner Flynn, at the Morgue, yesterday, over the remains of Mr. C. H. Norcross, who was found, on Friday last, lying insensible in Broadway, near Amity-street, and whose death at Bellevue Hospital has already been noticed in the Times. Dr. Thos. C. Knox made a *post mortem* examination of the remains and found that death had resulted from appoplexy. A verdict in accordance was rendered.

Assault with an Axe.—During a quarrel, which occurred at 1 o'clock yesterday morning, at the tenement house No. 351 East Thirty-fourth-street, between Daniel Dunn and Jeremiah Curtin, the former seized an axe and struck Curtin several times on the head with it, inflicting severe injuries. Curtin was taken to Bellevue Hospital. Dunn was arrested, and Justice Connolly committed him to prison.

Fatal Accident.—Christian Banseigar, a German laborer, 30 years of age, employed at Rohe's pork-packing establishment, No. 264 West Thirty-third-street, fell through the hatchway from the fourth floor to the cellar yesterday morning, and was fatally injured. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where he died soon after admission. Coroner Schirmer was notified to hold an inquest.

Death from Scalds.—An inquest was held by Coroner Schirmer yesterday, at No. 585 Grand-street, over the remains of Johanna Fogerty, a child aged 17 months, whose death resulted from scalds accidentally received on Thursday last, by the upsetting of a cup of boiling coffee over her. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

A Mate Drowned.—Late on Monday night, Robert E. Wilie, mate of the brig *Melrose*, lying at Pier No. 7, East River, while intoxicated, endeavored to board his vessel, but fell overboard, and was drowned. A search was instituted for the remains, but they were not recovered.

Minor City Items.—At 11 o'clock yesterday morning, James Lopez, a laborer, while at work on a file driver at the foot of East Houston-street, fell and fractured one of his legs. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital....Isaac Ward, a sailor on board the brig *Huntress*, at Pier No. 40, East River, fell overboard while intoxicated and was rescued from drowning. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital....Wm. Devlin, aged 65, while intoxicated, fell overboard at the foot of East Fifty-fifth-street, but was rescued by the Police....Officer Mooney, of the Fifth Precinct, yesterday arrested James Scott, whom he found on a railroad car, having in his possession a tub of butter which had been stolen from the store of Walter Van Amburg, No. 643 Greenwich-street. Scott was committed for trial by Justice Shandley.

NEW-JERSEY.

Suicide of a Young Girl.—A young girl named Isabel DeCamp, residing at No. 365 Plane-st., committed suicide on Monday last, at Newark, by taking arsenic. Some few days previously she had purchased 17 cents worth of arsenic at Van Patten's drug store, No. 53 Market-street, and this she kept in her possession until Monday evening, when the whole of it was taken. She then went with a friend to an ice cream saloon in Market-street, and there partook of some cream which made her vomit. She, however, sufficiently recovered to return home, when she told her mother of what she had done. A doctor was immediately sent for, the usual antidotes were administered, but all of no avail. At first she desired to die, but afterward, when told that recovery was hopeless, she entreated her attendants to save her. She died shortly after. The deceased told a physician who attended her, that she took the arsenic to improve her complexion; but it is supposed she had committed suicide because her mother refused to permit her to encourage the addresses of a young man to whom she was strongly attached.

Serious Runaway Accident.—A vicious horse attached to a large butcher's wagon got frightened yesterday, and started down Centre-street, Newark. He ran over the canal bridge to Broad-street, and there collided with a heavy wagon, damaging it considerably, and a second time came into collision with a light phaeton, from which a lady had just alighted. To the phaeton was attached a horse, which also started off, throwing the boy who had been left in charge, and slightly injuring him. Subsequently the phaeton was smashed by coming in collision with a wagon. Both runaway horses were shortly after captured.

Fenian Pic-nic.—There was a large Fenian pic-nic at Roseville Park on Monday last, under the direction of the O'Neill Circle. The attendance was large. Speeches were delivered by Gen. John O'Neill, Fenian Senator Gibbons and Major McWilliams. Gen. Spear and State Centre Egan were also present. After the speeching the festivities of the programme were carried out with the utmost hilarity.

Woodside Sunday School.—The Sunday School sustained by the Presbyterian Church at Woodside completed its first year on Sunday last. The average attendance during the year was 58; and the regular membership has doubled since the beginning. The children commenced a fund last July for the erection of a bell, and have so far contributed $107 28.

Revenue Seizure.—A large quantity of manufactured tobacco was found yesterday, stored in barrels, at No. 60 Montgomery-street, in a room adjoining Mr. Naismith's barber shop. No person claims the property. It was discovered by Mr. George W. Holdane, of the Assessor's Office, Internal Revenue Department, and it will be forfeited for non-payment of revenue tax.

Consecration of a Church.—A beautiful little Gothic church, built by Mr. Gabriel Best, at Eatentown, Monmouth County, as a memorial of his only son, recently deceased, will be consecrated by Bishop Oderheimer on Friday next. A special meeting of the Northern Convocation will be held the same day.

Bursting of a Polishing Stone.—A polishing stone in the Washoe Tool Company's factory, Eighth-avenue, corner of Orange-street, Newark, burst yesterday. A portion of it broke a piece of timber, and forced it way through the roof of the building, and another dashed through the side of the building.

Newark Conference Camp Meeting.—This annual "Feast of Tabernacles" will be held this year at Morristown. The managers have determined to begin on Monday, Aug. 24. A large attendance and an interesting season are anticipated.

Fire in Orange.—A hat-shop, the property of Martin Cahill, at the rear of Dey-street, near New-Orange, was burned to the ground on Monday night. The loss is estimated at over $3,000.

The regular Commencement exercises at Rutgers take place to-morrow.

Briefs.—The third annual St. John's Festival of Teutonia Lodge, F. and A. M., of this City, will be held at Mt. Pleasant Park on Wednesday at 10 A. M. ....The Strawberry Festival at the Children's Home will commence to-day and be continued to Friday evening. The children will entertain the visitors with singing....Sub-stations are about to be established in each ward of Jersey City, in each of which a policeman will always be on duty, so that when an officer is wanted there shall be no need of visiting the Central Station to procure him.

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK CITY.

East Broadway, No. 279, 20x78.10	$12,000
Houston-st., No. 183	nom.
Pearl-st., s. s., 47 ft. e. Old Slip, 70.3½x23.0¾x96.9x22.6	40,000
Rivington-st., s. s., 25 ft. e. of Clinton-st., 25x65.5	12,500
Waverley-place, n. s., 112.8 ft. w. of Macdougal-st.	23,500
Willett-st., e. s., 125 ft. n. of Grand-st., 25x100	5,900
Willett-st., e. s., 60 ft. n. of Grand-st., 19x50	7,500
11th-st., n. s., 196.9 ft. w. of Broadway, 28.1x78x75x44.11x31.7x103.3x25	75,000
14th-st., s. e. cor. 7th-av., 30.10x100 14th-st. s. s., 30.10 ft. e. of 7th-av., 15.8x100	62,000
33d-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. 6th-av., 16.8x26.2¾x17x21.7	4,400
38th-st., No. 217, East, 22.6¾x38.9	9,000
39th-st., s. e. cor. 5th-av., 24.9x100 39th-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x49.5	125,000
41st-st., rear of No. 14, East, 20.10x2.7x20.10x3.2	200
48th-st. n. s., 300 ft. e. of 7th-av., 20x100	7,000
51st-st., n. s., 269 ft. e. of 1st-av., 50x100.5	25,000
51st-st., n. s., 425 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x100	3,000
53d-st., s. s., 165.7½ ft. w. of 8th-av., 15.7½x100.5	14,500
56th-st., n. s., 321 ft. e. of 2d-av., 46x141.6x20x143.4	3,000
59th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 11th-av., 50x100	4,000
63d-st., n. s., 250 ft. w. of 4th-av., 50x100.5	9,750
74th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 2d-av., 33.4x102.2	3,500
74th-st., 100 ft. w. of 2d-av., 33.4x102.2	3,500
112th-st., 150 ft. w. of 8th-av., 100.11x50x25.2¾x100x75.8¼x150	11,700
112th-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of 8th-av., 100.11x50x25.2¾x100x75.8¼x150	1,000
118th-st., s. s., 220 ft. w. of 8th-av., 20x100	1,000
123d-st., 325 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
123d-st., n. s., 350 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
123d-st., n. s., 315 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
123d-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
123d-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
123d-st., n. s., 275 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
123d-st., n. s., 300 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
123d-st., n. s., 250 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
123d-st., n. s., 275 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x201.8	nom.
124th-st., s. s., 400 ft. e. of 11th-av., 200x201.8 11th-av., w. s., 100.10 ft. s. of 123d-st., 110x74x100.10	nom.
128th-st., s. s., 290 ft. w. of 4th-av., 25x99.11	nom.
128th-st., s. s., 290 ft. w. of 4th-av., 25x99.11	15,800
1st-av., s. e. cor. 113th-st., 24.8x95	2,900
2d-av., n. e. cor. 83d-st., 275x102.2x50x102.2x50	5,000
3d-av., n. e. cor. 99th-st., 75.9x105	1,200
3d-av., e. s., 74.0¾ ft. s. of 32d-st., 18.4x85	22,000
4th-av., n. e. cor. 117th-st., ft., 50x90	3,250
4th-av., w. s., 50.5 ft. s. of 117th-st., 25x90	1,450
8th-av., w. s., 91.7 ft. n. of 25th-st., 17.6x90	21,000
10th-av., w. s., 46 ft. n. of 38th-st., 52.9x150	22,000
10th-av., w. s., 49.11 ft. n. of 131st-st., 125x100	5,500
11th-av., n. s., 121.9 ft. w. of Broadway, 16x26	15,000
Leases Recorded.	
Chatham-st., No. 167, 4 years, per year	$2,400
Greenwich-st., No. 333, 4 years, 1st year	3,600
Union-place, No. 6, 5 years, per year	6,000
Water-st., No. 508, 5 years, per year	500
Avenue A, No. 68, (store,) 3 years, per year	1,200
55th-st., No. 307, East, 5 years, per year	950
4th-av., No. 103, 5 years, per year	3,000

KINGS COUNTY TRANSFERS.

Brooklyn.

Bergen and Pearsall sts., s. e. corner, 50x100	$5,000
Bond and Wyckoff sts., s. e. corner, 20x100	1,500
Braxton-st. and Fuller-place, s. w. corner, 100x160	4,800
Broadway, n. s., 175 ft. e. of Shaffer-st., 25x100	600
Broadway, e. s., 46 ft. n. of Kossuth-st., 50.1x100	2,400
Grand-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of Union-av., 40x100	12,000
Herkimer-st. and Nostrand-av., s. e. cor., 100x136.6	9,500
Howard-place and Braxton-st., s. e. cor., 100x160	4,800
Margaretta-st. and Evergreen-av., s. e. corner, 80x95 Eldert-st. and Evergreen-av., n. w. corner, 100x140 Margaretta-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Evergreen-av., 40x200	1,500
President-st., n. s., 257 ft. e. of Henry-st., 40x100	3,650
Ryerson-st., w. s., 84.10 ft. s. of Flushing-av., 30x100	1,200
Sackett-st., n. s., 427.7 ft. e. of Schnectady-av., 22.4x127.9	500
Stockton-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Throop-av., 50x100	2,000
Union-st. and 6th-av., n. e. corner, 90x92.6	8,000
Washington-st., w. s., 75 ft. n. of G-st., 25x100	1,000
Willoughby-st., s. s., 57.6 ft. w. of Laurence-st., 20x90	9,000
William-st centre line and Broadway, n. e. cor., 46.6x123.11	700
Wyckoff-st., n. s., 110 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 20x100	6,650
Wyckoff-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Schenectady-av., 48x127.9	440
South 3d-st., s. s., 50 ft. e. of 10th-st., 20x25	2,500
8th-st. and Division-av., n. w. cor., 22.6x100	2,300
8th-st., n. s., 260.9 ft. w. of 5th-av., 14.3x100	200
19th-st., s. s., 372 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x100	900
17th-st., s. s., 197 ft. e. of 3d-av., 28x132.5x25x39.3x3x100.2	4,300
Atlantic-av., n. s., 166 ft. w. of Utica-av., 89.1x132	2,400
Bushwick-av. and Stewart-st., n. e. cor., irregular lot	600
Central-av. and Jay-st., n. w. cor., 90x100 Central-av. and Jacob-st., s. w. cor., 100x100	2,320
Greene-av. and Stuyvesant-st., s. e. cor., 25x200	3,300
Greene-av., n. s., 100 ft. n. of Bedford-av., 75x108.3	4,500
Ralph-av. and Quincy-st., n. w. cor., 125x325x100x225x25x100	13,500
Wythe-av., w. s., 127.6 s. of Rush-st., 21.9x90	6,425
Woodland-av., adjoining Gerritson and Meserole properties	8,200
3d-av., w. s., 25 ft. n. of 9th-st., 75x97	900
10th-av. and Braxton-st., 100x227.3x100x282.8	9,100
Lease Recorded.	
Carroll-st., n. s., beer saloon, between Powers and Nevins sts., 3 years, per year	$420
New-Lotts.	
Jefferson-st., e. s., 100 ft. n. of Baltic-av., 90x150, and s. of Liberty-av., 25x90	$3,000
Van Sicklen-av., w. s., 100 ft. s. of Liberty-av., 25x100	400

QUEENS COUNTY.

Newtown.	
Wyckoff-av., e. s., lots Nos. 14, 15, 16, 17, 110x107	$1,200
Washington-place, w. s., lot No. 562, 25x100	1,000
Far Rockaway.	
28¼ acres, adjoining Thomas Hewlett's	$5,000
Syosset.	
Highway from J. Jackson's to South Oyster Bay, 7 acres	$198
Hempstead.	
Property adjoining Benj Whitmore's, 4 acres, buildings, &c.	$350
Ravenswood.	
Lots Nos. 383, 387, southerly parts of, 20x200	$300

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Eastchester.	
East Mount Vernon, part of lots Nos. 6, 7	$1,325
Greenburg.	
1 acre, indefinite locality	$300
Mamaroneck.	
Westchester turnpike, cor. of Old Boston-road, plot of ground	$5,000
Mount Pleasant.	
Road to Unionville, e. s., ¾ acre, Walton Baker's	$3,000
Road to Unionville, e. s., 60 acres, Horace Haight	3,000
Road to Unionville, e. s., 21 acres, Stephen C. Hammond	6,000
Morrisania.	
Inwood lots, Nos. 48, 49, 50, 51, 102, 103, 104, 105	1,200
Inwood lots, Nos. 297 to 300 and 337 to 340, inclusive	3,080
Inwood lots, Nos. 19, 20, 21, 22	900
New-Castle.	
14 acres, Chas. C. Kipp's prop	1,400
Ossining.	
Sing Sing, Malcolm-st., e. s., lot No. 6, portion of Serena Muldoon's	500
Sing Sing, Malcolm-st., e. s., lot No. 6, portion of W. H. Muldoon's	500
Road running south from Mrs. McCord's, e. s., 15 acres, J. Willett's	7,340
White Plains.	
Norton-av., w. s., lots 17, 19, 21, J. A. Odell's est.	6,000
West Farms.	
East Tremont, lot No. 297, F. Grote's	400
Fordnam, lots Nos. 67 to 73, inclusive, F. Grote's	1,350

NEW-JERSEY.

Jersey City.	
Wayne-st., n. s., 200 ft., e. of Merseles-st., 25x75	$650
Hudson City.	
Chestnut-st. and Newark-road, corner of, 45x87	$9,000
Bergen.	
Tuers-st., s. s., 145.8 ft., e. of Bergenwood-road, 25x97.6	$1,300
Lexington-av., lots 58 and 60, block 2, 50x100	3,250
Union.	
Cantello-st., lots 54, 55, 56, 57, Durar-st., lots 50, 51, 52, 53; each 25x100	$4,000

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS FOR WEDNESDAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Ingalls, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
1042—Neptune S. S. Co. vs. Savage et al.
1165—Blumenthal et al. vs. Cohen.
762—Kirtland vs. Northrup et al.
49—Mayor, &c., vs. Meserole.
48—Mayor, &c., vs. Meserole.
370—Volkenny vs. Klaber.
686—Holdrege vs. Webb.
775—Nedham vs. Pearsall.
328—Howell et al. vs. Field et al.
360½—Carey vs. Schultz et al.

Nos.
738—Kain, &c., vs. 42d-st. and Grand-st. Ferry R. R. Co.
778—Bindge vs. Cohn.
814—Goldman vs. Baer.
817—Cochrane, President, vs. Ferris.
658—Roberson et al. vs. Tyler et al.
987—Norton vs. Egerton.
1083—Manning vs. Baker et al.
3890—Parmelee vs. Beebe et al.
3892—Parmelee vs. Beebe et al.
114—McCready et al. vs. Kimmey.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Daniels, J., in the General Term of the Supreme Court

Demurrer.

No.
89—Gilman vs. Healy.

Issues of Law and Fact.

Nos.
111—Sherman vs. Parish.
121—Parish vs. Sherman.
211—P. F. Im. Co. vs. Busher.
214—McBrair vs. McBreece.
50—Rogers vs. Johnson.
91—Mullen vs. Decker.
92—Newhall vs. Same.
95—Appleby vs. De Leye.
137—Fowler vs. Augerman.
153—M. N. B. of L. vs. Leland.

Nos.
162—Ambler vs. Staylor.
171—H. N. B. vs. Ray.
174—Lawson vs. Torry.
199—Kilpatrick vs. Faye.
203—E. R. N. B. vs. Jackson.
216—Seckendorf vs. N. Y. F. Coal Co.
217—Goldman vs. Meehrbuch.
219—Sampter vs. Buys.
220—Same vs. Nusbaum.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Ingraham, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Call of Calendar at 12 M.

Reserved Cases.

Nos.
16—Hancock vs. Grimes et al.
63—Alexander vs. Russell et al.
60—Osgood et al vs. Whitney.
93—Myers vs. Sherwin et al.
125—Schmitt vs. Hoffman.
129—Hedden vs. Johnson et al.
134—Foster vs. Foster.

Nos.
139—Draus et al vs. Whitney et al.
143—Graham vs. Selover.
150—Sazarac vs. Grove et al.
158—Hengstenberg vs. Thorne et al.
159—Kruse et al vs. Thorne et al.
160—Monkort vs. Thorne et al.

Call No. 172—Blackwell vs. Blackwell.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Barbour, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
3917—Knop vs. Levi.
4277—Snelling vs. Howard, &c.
4033—Marks vs. Brooklyn Arms Co.
4039—Lawrence vs. Dardonville, &c.
4049—Toulandon vs. Lachenmeyer.
3721—Steele vs. Fuller et al.
3995—Garreely vs. Baird et al.

Nos.
3395—Gregory et al. vs. McEvoy.
4053—Marvin et al. vs. Serrell.
4057—Simon vs. Kaliste.
4059—Van Deventer vs. Deutsch.
4061—Reade, &c., vs. Waterhouse, &c.
4063—Specht vs. Milleman.
4065—Valentine vs. Baily.
4067—Strang vs. the N. Y. Rubber Co.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Brady, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
1137—Hawsknecht vs. Earle et al.
1183—Burstenbinder vs. Affron.
1272—Ehatillon vs. Merritt et al.
830—Waring, &c., vs. U. S. Tel. Co.
1297—Yuhrst vs. Gumbrecht.
1299—Cuneo vs. Perano, &c.
935—Cohen vs. Hexter.

Nos.
831—Nussbaum vs. Stewart.
673—Leggett vs. Giles.
902—Wallington vs. Kinkland, &c.
1300—Carroll vs. Cook.
1301—Strauss, ass'n, vs. Corneley.
1310—Shea, by guardian, vs. Eighth-av. R. R. Co.
1311—Swayne vs. Leary.
1312—Vallee vs. Adrien.

Part II.—Held by Daly, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
1262—Hopkins vs. Harmony Ins. Co.
1267—Hopkins vs. Mercantile Insurance Co.
431—Kain vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
32—Soule vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
323—Hadden, &c., vs. Mayer, &c.
966—Campaigniac vs. Northrop.

No.
894—Conners vs. Rutgers Ins. Co.
251—Feistel vs. Dalgreen.
735—Bleck vs. Mathiss.
756—Collins vs. Richards.
1090—Bucking vs. Noe.
824—Brown vs. Elliott.
1858—Fannin vs. McMullen.
597—Phillips, &c., vs. Smith.
783—Parker vs. Washington Ice Co.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
——Waldron vs. Richings.
1451—Hooney vs. Garland.
——Waters vs. Perry.
——Waters vs. Murphy.
1641—Shufield vs. Conn. Clock Co.
1607—Smith vs. Keppler.
1490—Boies vs. Tilton.
1408—Danell vs. Doty.
1637—Donnelly vs. Castburn.
1647—Bacharack vs. Prayer.
1625—Siebert vs. Delmage.
1676—Pike vs. Atcott.
1471—Shotwell vs. Foster.
1589—McGrath vs. Muller.
1631—Rugelman vs. Corcoran.

Nos.
1624—Thorne vs. Ascher.
——Scrymser vs. Paulding.
1678—Milos vs. Church of St. Anthony.
1679—Peters vs. Hess.
1680—Pennsylvania C. Co. vs. Friederich.
1681—Seiss vs. Wolf.
1682—Shea vs. Third-av. R. R. Co.
1683—Baylis vs. Stovekin.
1684—Stengle vs. Schlenter.
1685—Conroy vs. Smith.
1686—Miller vs. Latson.
1687—Greenfield vs. Mason.
1688—Cox vs. Bozeman.
1689—Deutsch vs. Louder.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

THE LIEN LAWS—THEIR APPLICATION TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WORKS—TO WHAT EXTENT THEY ATTACH IN SUCH CASES—WAIVER.

The South Fork Company et al. appellants, vs. George Gordon.—Mr. Justice Swayne delivered the opinion of the Court: This is an appeal from the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of California. Gordon was the complainant, and the appellants were the defendants in that Court. The record is very voluminous, but the questions presented for our determination are few in number, and their proper solution is, we think, attended with no serious difficulty. We shall confine our opinion to the objections to the decree, taken in the argument for the appellants. According to the rule of this Court, the appellee can ask nothing here but what the decree gave him. It is the appellants who complain. The questions which we are to examine are such as they present for our consideration. The position of an appellee in this Court is simply defensive. It is only where both parties appeal that a case is open here for examination as it was in the Court below. The bill was filed to enforce a particular lien given by a statute of California. The jurisdiction of the Court rested upon this basis, and could extend no further. The case was referred to a master. He reported that the defendant was indebted to the complainant in the sum of $76,589 89, with interest from the 13th of June, 1853, for work done upon the canal of the defendant pursuant to the contract out of which this litigation has arisen; and in the further sum of $16,250 50, for what the master terms "preliminary work" without which, he states, the contract could not have been fulfilled. The latter work consisted of the building of saw-mills, railroads, other roads, an inclined plane, timber slides and other apparatus. The particulars are given in a schedule annexed to the report. He reported further that the defendant was entitled to credits amounting in the aggregate to $6,200. According to the rules of the Circuit Court, the parties were allowed a certain time within which to file exceptions, and, failing to do so, the amounts found by the master were to be taken as conclusive. No exceptions were filed by the appellants. The Court disallowed the amount found for the preliminary work, holding it not to be a lien. The amount of the credits was deducted from the amount found to be due for the work done upon the canal, and a decree was rendered for the balance with interest. The finding of the master is as conclusive here as it was in the court below. There has been no controversy upon that subject. It is not denied that the amount is correct—if the complainant had not forfeited his right to any compensation by the violations of the contract alleged to have been committed by Gordon and Kinyon. This part of the case has been argued very fully by the counsel on both sides. We have looked carefully into the evidence. The result is that we are entirely satisfied with the report, and in this respect, with the decree. We think the fault of the rupture lies wholly with the Company. Gordon and Kinyon adhered to the contract, and pursued the work longer than they were bound to do. When they retired they were fully justified, and had a clear equity to be paid a fair compensation for the work they had performed. The release given by Kinyon to the Company cannot avail them. It was a gross fraud. The evidence fixes upon it, and sets in the strongest light, this character. It would be a waste of time to discuss the subject. Our minds rest upon the conclusion we have aimed at, undisturbed by a doubt. Yet, the release is not without effect. It severed the connection of Kinyon with the contract, and extinguished any claim which he might otherwise have had to be heard in this litigation. He can have no interest in the result, whatever it may be. Complete justice can be done between the parties before us, and the whole case disposed of without his presence in the record. He is, therefore, not an indispensable party. The Company are estopped to deny this proposition. His relation to the case is not unlike that of an obligee in a title bond, to a suit upon it for specific performance by an assignee, to whom the obligee has parted with all his interest in the bond. In that class of cases it is held not to be indispensable that the assignor should be a party. The Court below held that Gordon had a lien upon the entire length of the canal or flume, extending from the grand reservoir, near Placerville, to the south fork of the American River, a distance of about twenty-five miles. When the contract with Gordon and Kinyon was entered into, the flume was completed from the reservoir to Long Canyon, a distance of 11¾ miles. Water flowing through it was used, by means of several outlets, for mining purposes. It was fed from sources other than the south fork. The contract with Gordon and Kinyon was for the extension of the canal, by the construction of sections "from sec. 17 to 25, inclusive." Their work commenced where the existing canal ended, and reached to the south fork of the American River. The object was to make use of that stream as an additional feeder, and thus to increase the supply of water in the canal. The two parts of the work—the one extending from the reservoir to the canyon, and the other thence to the south fork—were known respectively as the lower and the upper section. The two sections were constructed by different contractors, and, as already shown, at different times. The former was completed and in use before the latter was begun. In these respects they were distinct works. The points of identity are continuity and a common object, use and ownership. The Lien laws of California provide that all contractors, laborers and other persons "furnishing materials for, or employed in, the construction of any bridge, ditch, flume or aqueduct, shall have a lien upon the structure," which they may have constructed or repaired, or for which they may have furnished materials of any description, "to the extent of the labor done, and materials furnished, or both." It is further provided that the lien shall not bind the structure for a longer period than one year after the work is done or materials furnished, unless suit be brought to enforce the lien within that time. Several objections have been taken to the decree touching the lien. It is not denied that it became fixed by a regular compliance with the preliminary statutory conditions. But the appellants insist that it was extinguished by the release given to them by Kinyon. It would be a mockery of justice to allow an instrument so stained with turpitude to have such an effect. The subject has already been sufficiently considered. It is said the lien was waived by the dismissal of the prior suit. The dismissal of that suit can obviously have no effect upon the rights of the parties in this litigation. It is insisted that this suit was not brought in time to feed and preserve the lien. The evidence shows that the work was continued by the contractors down to the 13th day of June, 1853, inclusive. The bill was filed on the 12th of June, 1854. That was within the time prescribed by the statute. It is urged that the decree is erroneous in holding that the lien extended the entire length of the canal, instead of limiting it to the upper section where all the work was done. Is this objection well taken? Liens of this kind were unknown in the common law and equity jurisprudence both of England and of this country. They were clearly defined and regulated in the civil law. (Domat, sections 1,742, 1,744.) Where they exist in this country, they are the creatures of local legislation. They are governed in everything by the statutes under which they arise. These statutes vary widely in different States. Hence we have found no adjudication in any other State which throws any light upon the question before us, and there has been none in California. We are therefore compelled to meet the case as one of the first impression. We have already shown that the upper and lower sections were distinct works in several essential particulars, to which we need not again advert. The lower one having been finished and in use before the upper one was contracted for, if those having a lien upon the former, had insisted that it became extended over the latter, as soon as the latter was completed, no legal mind, we apprehend, would have doubted that the claims could not be sustained. If it could, Gordon's lien might have been rendered valueless. We think the converse of this proposition applies with equal force. If a lien upon the lower section could not have been extended over the upper one, upon what principle can it be maintained that Gordon's lien embraced the lower section? A lateral feeder constructed and intersecting the main line after it was completed, would certainly not be subject to a previous lien upon the main line, if such a lien existed. We can see no substantial difference between that case and the one before us. The upper section was only an additional feeder. That it was an elongation of the main line, and not a lateral work, does affect the principle involved. The controlling circumstances and the object in both cases would be the same. We think the language of the statute, rightly interpreted, is decisive. The lien is given to contractors and laborers upon the ditch or flume, "which they may have constructed or repaired," * * * "to the extent of the labor done and materials furnished." The work of Gordon was all done upon the upper section; he had nothing to do with the lower section. So far as he was concerned, and for all the purposes of this litigation, they were distinct and independent works. A different principle would produce confusion and lead to serious evils. We have no difficulty in coming to the conclusion that the decree in this particular is erroneous. It is, therefore, reversed, and the cause remanded to the Court below, with instructions to enter a decree in conformity with this opinion.

Mr. Justice Field.—I dissent from so much of the opinion and decision as limit the lien of the contractor to that portion of the canal which was constructed by him. I think the lien extends to the entire canal, as much so as a lien for work upon a wing of a house extends to the entire building.

Mr. Justice Miller.—I concur with Mr. Justice Field.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.

Before Judge Blatchford.

INTERNAL REVENUE CASE—THE KENTUCKY BOURBON COMPANY.

The United States vs. Clark H. Sanborn, Allen H. Mills, Daniel Messmore, Ethan C. Frost, Frederick J. Tinkham, Higland D. Chaffin and Charles A. Sanborn.—The defendants in this case are indicted on four different counts: 1st. Doing business as rectifiers without paying special tax, and failure to keep rectifiers' books. 2d. Using counterfeit and spurious plates on casks of distilled spirits. 3d and 4th. Conspiring to defraud the United States. The defendants Clark H. Sanborn, Messmore and Tinkham were called, and pleaded not guilty. The defendants Mills, Frost and Charles A. Sanborn were called, and, not appearing, the Court directed their bail forfeited. The defendant Chaffin has died since the indictment was found. In answer to a motion made by the defendants to postpone the trial the Court said that it was evident that the defendants were endeavoring to avoid a trial, and said it would grant one more adjournment, and announced that the case would be tried on Monday, 22d inst., and at that time no excuses would be accepted, and the case would surely be tried on that day.

District Attorney Courtney has recovered from his recent indisposition, and appeared on behalf of the United States in the above case.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—June 16.

Before Judge Cardozo.

A LARGE JUDGMENT—HOW IT WAS OBTAINED.

Wm. Moser vs. James A. Polhamus and Eugene J. Jackson.—This somewhat remarkable case came up before the Court to-day on a motion to obtain a perpetual injunction restraining the defendants from collecting a judgment of $125,652 57, on the ground that the same was obtained by fraud. It appears that, in the latter part of last year, Polhamus and Jackson, the defendants in this action, commenced a suit in the Superior Court against Wm. Moser and Wm. J. Ree to recover over $119,000, being money expended by the plaintiff, in the latter suit, for the purchase of six thousand six hundred shares of the capital stock of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company for the benefit of Moser and Ree. When the case came up before Judge McCunn, of the Superior Court, a motion was made for a reference. The defendants opposed it on the ground, among others, that it did not involve the examination of a long account. Judge McCunn, however, made an order that one Edward Fitch be appointed Referee, and on this such proceedings were afterward had that the large judgment above mentioned was obtained on his report.

The motion for the injunction was argued at some length to-day, and Judge Cardozo finally decided to send the matter to a Referee to have testimony taken as to whether there had been fraud in the obtaining of the judgment against Moser and Ree. The latter does not appear in the case.

For plaintiff Moser, Messrs. Stoughton and Godfrey; for defendants, Messrs. Porter and Sandford.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I.—June 16.

Before Judge Ingalls and a Jury.

VERDICT AGAINST A FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Goodenough Horse-Shoe Company vs. The Star Fire Insurance Company.—The complaint shows that the plaintiffs were insured for $5,000 in the defendants' Company; that plaintiffs were a manufacturing company, conducting their business in Washington-street, Jersey City; that on the 27th or 28th of June, 1865, while the $5,000 policy was in force, certain premises, immediately adjoining the plaintiffs' manufactory, took fire; the result was much damage to the machinery, tools, fixtures, &c. of the plaintiffs. The entire damage claimed was $75,000.

The defendants claimed that they had offered everything that was fair in pursuance of the terms of their policy. They alleged and endeavored to prove that they, in connection with other companies, (the Manhattan and the Grocers' Insurance Companies,) offered to replace the machinery and other property with like articles and of the same quality, but that they were prevented from doing so by the plaintiffs. The defendants also claimed that there was fraud in the statement as to the value of the machinery, &c., injured by the fire.

After some delay the jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiffs for $4,268 95, that being two-fifths of the estimated loss to the plaintiffs' premises, machinery, &c. The defendants have indicated their intention to take the case to a higher court.

For plaintiffs, Messrs. Edward H. Hawke and A. J. Vanderpoel; for the defendants, Messrs. S. F. Nash and Flanagan.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—June 16.

Before Judge Ingraham.

THE POLICE AND THE BROADWAY SALOONS—AN INJUNCTION AGAINST THE SUPERINTENDENT DENIED.

Augustus Hatch vs. Matthew T. Brennan, Thomas Acton et al., Police Commissioners, and John A. Kennedy, Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police.—The plaintiff Hatch keeps a saloon on Broadway known as "Palace Garden." Mr. David T. Mack is proprietor of a place of similar character on the same great thoroughfare, known as "Dew Drop In." Hatch and Mack commenced proceedings in the Supreme Court against Police Commissioners Acton and his associates, in which Superintendent Kennedy was joined as defendant, for the purpose of enjoining these officials and prohibiting them from posting policemen in front of their premises to warn strangers that it was dangerous to enter. It appears that about the 27th of April last the Superintendent, having had numerous complaints made to him that divers strangers visiting the City, and, of course, unacquainted with its ways of amusement, had been robbed and otherwise swindled in these places—issued an order to Capt. Garland, of the precinct in which these saloons are located, directing him (Garland) to station an officer at the door of each saloon complained of, for the purpose of warning the uninitiated. The officers having been stationed, the proprietors of "Dew Drop In" and "Palace Garden" commenced the suits, as above stated, to compel the Metropolitan Police to withdraw the watch in front of their places of business. The case was argued on the 11th inst., and to-day the following decision was rendered in the Hatch case:

Ingraham, J.—In this case the answer of Kennedy shows that the acts of the officers which were personal to persons visiting plaintiff's establishment, were not done by his direction. His answer fully denies such charges. As the affidavits on the part of the defence show the establishment of the plaintiff to be such as not to be entitled to commendation, I am not disposed to grant the injunction prayed for. The acts of the officers interfering with strangers, and the use of any force, is clearly without authority, but like any other trespass, must be remedied by action. The motion is denied.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—June 16.

Before Judge Barbour and a Jury.

A STOCK TRANSACTION.

Geo. Hodges vs. William Cooper.—This action is brought by a customer against a stock broker to recover $2,000, claiming that sales of his stocks were made without his consent and in violation of the Broker's agreement to carry the stock. The evidence of plaintiff showed that defendant agreed to carry the stock until plaintiff directed its sale; on the other hand, it appeared from defendant's evidence that he purchased and sold the stocks upon a discretionary order that the plaintiff was a friend, and deposited with him a much smaller margin than was customary in such cases, and the discretion to sell vested in him was his principal security. That defendant to accommodate the plaintiff, and at his repeated request, did carry the stocks in question until his entire margin was exhausted, and the plaintiff was in his debt about $31,200; that upon receiving an indorsed note for this indebtedness the defendant, without any margin, promised to carry 100 shares of stock he then held for plaintiff, and afterward purchased for plaintiff 100 shares more stock, to be sold at plaintiff's discretion, defendant having no marginal security for either 100 shares of stock. These stocks were sold, as plaintiff claims, illegally and without notice, before the expiration of thirty days from the time the note was given to settle up the balance then due; the plaintiff claiming that defendant agreed to carry these stocks thirty days. Defendant proved that 100 shares were sold at plaintiff's request, and the other 100 under a discretionary order. The Court charged the jury that upon the conflict of evidence upon the subject of the nature of the contract they must take into consideration its consistency with the nature of the case, and which of the theories was the most consistent with prudent and sensible business transactions.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part 1.—June 16.

Before Judge Brady and a Jury.

A CASE OF INTEREST TO BOTH LAWYERS AND MERCHANTS.

R. D. Lathrop et al., vs. Joseph R. Palmenburg.—The plaintiffs in this action, composing the firm of Lathrop, Luddington & Co., on the 27th of January, 1866, sent to the defendant's store, No. 423 Broadway, a package containing two pieces of silk, valued at $250, marked "Bates & Bell, Pittsburg, Penn., care of Jos. R. Palmenberg," and received defendant's receipt for the same. It appeared on the trial of the case that "Bates and Bell" were customers of both the plaintiffs and the defendant in this action, and that the person who purchased the silk of plaintiffs directed it to be sent to defendant, and forwarded to Pittsburg by him with other goods that they were about sending, as is frequently done among merchants. About a month after the package was sent to defendant, plaintiffs on sending their bill to "Bates & Bell," received for answer that they had never purchased or ordered to be purchased the silk mentioned in the bill, and had never received any such goods. Plaintiffs then applied to defendant to know what he had done with the package, when it transpired that on the same day the package was left at defendant's store, and that only an hour or two afterward a soldier called at the store with a paper purporting to come from "Bates & Bell," requesting that the package be sent to Walker-street. It was given to the soldier without further inquiry, and nothing more was thought about it. From these facts it became evident that the whole transaction was a game on the part of some confidence operator, and the next question was who should stand the loss—the plaintiffs who first sold the goods to an unknown man who represented himself as acting for Bates & Bell, or the defendant, who received the goods to forward to Pittsburgh as an accommodation to plaintiffs, and innocently suffered them to go out of his hands.

Judge Brady held that the conduct of the defendant in permitting the package to go out of his possession, without making any inquiry or taking any receipt which would show where it went to and who got it, evinced a gross carelessness which made him liable in law for the loss of the goods. The Judge so instructed the jury, who, under the direction of the Court, found a verdict for the plaintiffs for the value of the package with interest.

Defendant's Attorney took exception to the ruling of the Court, and the case will be carried before the General Term.

Jno. G. Patterson for plaintiffs; Stallknecht & Hall for defendant.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—June 16.

By Judge Ingraham.

MOTIONS GRANTED.

Pendleburg *vs.* Ely, Jr.; Devlin *vs.* Bristol; McQuade *vs.* Redmond et al.; Leszynsky *vs.* Wolff; Leverett *vs.* Elliott, &c.; Joseph Lord *vs.* Gorbutt; Collingworth *vs.* Sarner; Haughwout et al. *vs.* George Gay; Wheeler et al. *vs.* Teah; Kobbe et al. *vs.* Dardonville et al.; Wilmerding et al. *vs.* The Same; The Same *vs.* The Same; Fitch *vs.* Wheelan; Hewes et al. *vs.* Miller et al.; Steinway *vs.* Levy; Richmond *vs.* Bell et al.; McLean *vs.* Harwood; Richard *vs.* Shields; motion granted with costs. Benedict *vs.* Roberts; Felt *vs.* Felt; Straub *vs.* Stoepel et al.; Green *vs.* Green; Huston *vs.* Weber et al.; Brake *vs.* Harney, &c.; Carrington *vs.* McFarland; Shaw vs. Deutsch; Gross, &c., *vs.* Kissam; Ferron et al. *vs.* Hosford et al.; motion granted on entering into the same stipulation as the defendants. Johnson, Jr., *vs.* The Atlantic Mail Steamship Company; Cook et al. *vs.* Caulkins et al.; Hyams *vs.* Salkinger et al.; Garside *vs.* Caldwell et al.

MOTIONS DENIED.

Tucker *vs.* Cushing; Starin et al. *vs.* Newkirk; Trainel *vs.* Levy; Crowley et al. *vs.* Smith et al; Peck *vs.* The Metropolitan Steamship Company; Winter *vs.* Chittenden; motion denied with leave to renew on payment of $10 costs. Hatch *vs.* Brennan et al.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—June 16.

By Judge Garvin.

Black *vs.* Paine; motion denied with costs to abide event.

Persch *vs.* Bardash; motion granted.

Barnaby *vs.* O'Brien; order granted.

Snelling *vs.* Howard; order granted.

Proman *vs.* Reed; motion granted.

The Brooklyn Oil Refinery *vs.* Brown; order discharging attachment.

Stokes *vs.* Same; same decision.

Van Deventer *vs.* Deutch; motion granted and case referred.

Konetzry *vs.* Myer; case referred.

Milnor *vs.* Howell; order granted.

By Judge McCunn.

In the matter of the application of Wm. H. Bull for an order discharging a certain mortgage of record; order signed and filed in Clerk's office.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—June 16.

By Judge Barrett.

Carter *vs.* Mott; stay of proceedings vacated. (See mem.)

Winpfheimer *vs.* Stoltz; motion to vacate order of arrest granted without costs, and upon defendant stipulating not to sue. (See mem.)

Magnus *vs.* Lloyd; motion to dismiss appeal granted with $10 costs.

Pettengill *vs.* Weston; motion granted upon payment of one term fee and $10 costs of opposing this motion, and cause to be peremptorily tried on the 26th inst.

Hornthal *vs.* Hamilton; motion granted for first short calendar day after vacation.

Leavitt *vs.* Camman; motion denied. (See mem.)

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

At yesterday's session the Court disposed of 24 cases of petit larceny, 16 of assault and battery, 1 of cruelty to animals, 1 of carrying burglars' tools, and 1 of keeping disorderly house. In more cases than is usual the complainants failed to establish the guilt of the accused, and acquittals resulted. The principal case of this character was that of an alleged

VERY PETTY OFFENCE.

Frank Litika, a dealer in ladies' wear, accused Max Schloss of stealing a half dozen of cuffs valued at 90 cents. It appeared in the testimony for the prosecution that the alleged thief was a customer of Litika and picked up the cuffs openly before the *attachés* of the establishment, and placed them with other goods that he had purchased, and that two days subsequently he called on Littka, and bought another lot of goods. This being the testimony of the complainant, the prisoner proved by several reputable wholesale merchants that he is a man of good character and excellent business standing. Thereupon an acquittal and honorable discharge naturally followed.

A COMPLAINANT COMES TO GRIEF.

Albert Wittinsky being placed at the bar, John Friese mounted the witness-stand, and drawing a manuscript of formidable proportions from his pocket, began to read: "Complaint of the compositor in Mr. Throw's printing, John Friese, against the shoemaker Wittinsky. I live at No. 127 Bleecker-street." Justice Kelly interrupted to know what the prisoner had done. The witness, bestowing a frown upon the Court, resumed his manuscript, which set out the occupations of himself and wife and the residence and malevolence of the shoemaker, Wittinsky. Again the Justice interrupted, but the witness had prepared a full and complete history of the whole affair and was not to be baulked in his intention to read it. Justice Kelly again broke in upon the prolix narrative: "Tell me what this man did to you or I will discharge him." The answer came prompt and pointed: "He hits me on der head mit a hammer," and before the disgusted complainant could rearrange and resume his manuscript he was hustled off the stand. Other witnesses were called; the charge of assault and battery melted away into impalpability; the prisoner was discharged and the bewildered printer groped out of the courtroom, deeming the ways of justice strange and past finding out.

BROKEN CHINA.

Jose Delea and Jose Samming, two children of the Sun, who have wandered from the Flowery Kingdom to pick up a scanty subsistence in the gutters of Washinton Market by the sale of uncouth images, quarreled in consequence of business rivalry, and Delea undertook to settle the matter with a knife. A half dozen of domesticated Chinamen came as witnesses, and severally stating "Me speakee Engliss," proceeded to enlighten the Court. It was a failure. Not a word they uttered was intelligible, and the Justice drifted helplessly about in the mass of broken China. Fortunately, an outside barbarian had winessed the difficulty, and with his aid Justice Kelly arrived at the conclusion that Delea must pacify the outraged law by the payment of $20. The cadaverous Celestial did not comprehend the sentence, but it was a matter of little consequence. It was evident the sum was to him as the wealth of Astor, and he was sent down to prison for a few days' reflection.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—June 16, 1868.

$51,000	U. S. 6s. '81, C..	117¼	1,000	Chic. &N.W.S.F. Bs.	99
119,000	U. S. 5-20s, C, '62.	113½	5,000	Chi., R. I. & P. 7s	99½
10,000	U. S. 5-20s, C., '64	111¼	1,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 2d.	100⅜
89,000	do.........b3	111½	1,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 3d	91
25,000	do.........b3	111	3,000	T., Peoria & W. 1st East Div.	85
1,000	do.........s3	111	6,000	Tol. Pe. & W. 1st	82¼
101,000	U. S. 5-20s, C., '65	111¼		West. Div.	79
25,000	do.........b3	111¼	20	B. & B. Assoc'tion.	108
170,000	U. S. 5-20s. C. '67	114¼	300	West. U. Tel	37⅝
275,000	do	114⅛	100	Quick. Min	26
24,000	U. S. 5s. 10-40s., C	106⅛	100	do.......bet. call	25¾
60,000	U. S. 5-20s, C., '65, New	114⅛	100	do.......2d call	26
1,000	do........c	114¼	100	Mariposa Prf	7
25,000	do	114	100	do	6⅞
9,000	Treas. N. 7 3-10, 2d Ser	110	100	do	7
590	do......Small	110	50	Pacific Mail	98
1,000	Tenn. St. 6s..x-c	74½	26	do	97¾
20,000	do......2d call	75	300	Adams Ex	56⅛
1,000	Tenn. St. 6s. new.	73½	50	do	56⅛
6,000	do	73⅝	100	Wells-Fargo Ex	26¼
46,000	do	74	200	do	26⅝
10,000	do	74⅛	2	Am. Ex. Co	53
10,000	do......2d call	74⅛	150	N. Y. Cen	134⅛
20,000	do	74⅛	100	do	134⅜
4,000	do	74⅜	200	Mer. U. Ex	28⅛
5,000	Ga. St. 6s	85	300	Erie R	69⅝
5,000	Vir. St. 6's..x-c	56½	100	Erie R. P	76
10,000	do......2d call	56½	100	Reading R.......b30	98½
18,000	Vir. 6s, New	55½	2100	do	98
88,000	N. C. St. 6s....x c	70	100	do.......2d call	98⅛
5,000	do......2d call.	72¼	100	Mich. S. & N. I	89⅝
5,000	do	70¼	5	do	90
15,000	do	70⅝	100	do.......2d call	89⅛
5,000	do	71	200	Clev. & Pitts	88⅛
18,000	N. Car. State 6s. new	69½	600	C. & N. W. R	70½
8,000	do	68¾	100	Chi. & N. W. Pf	83⅛
10,000	do......s30	68½	1000	do	83½
3,000	do......2d call	69	7	do	84⅜
17,000	do	69⅛	1000	do.......bet. call	83⅛
10,000	Missouri 6s	93½		do.......2d call	83⅛
2,000	do	93⅝	200	Clev. & Tol	107
500	Ill. Cen. Bs	117	100	do	106⅞
2,500	do	118	100	Chic. & R.I	104⅝
4,000	C. & N. W. Con'd Con. Bds	85	200	do	104⅜
4,000	Chic. &N.W. 1st.	85	25	do	105
1,000	Del. L. & W. 2d.	97½	200	Mil. & St.P. Pf	78⅛
4,000	To. & W. 2d	82½	100	Tol. W. & W	48½
2,000	do	82¼	100	P., F. W. & C	111⅜
			300	do	111⅛
			60	Mar. & C. 1st Pr	28⅛
			150	O. & M. R. Pf	79½
			25	New-Jersey C R	123½

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	U. S. 6s '68, R..s3	139	5,000	Tenn St 6s,.x-c.	75
10,000	U. S. 6s. 81,C	117⅛	15,000	N. C. St. 6s. new	70
500	do	117⅛	10,000	do	69⅜
85,000	do	117¼	30,000	do	69⅞
2,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C., '62	113⅛	1,000	Missouri 6s	93⅜
65,000	do	113	20,000	do	93⅝
50,000	do	112⅞	2,000	Erie 4th M	92¼
39,500	U. S. 6s 5-20s, C., '64	110⅞	10,000	P. F. W. & C..3d	94
20,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C., '65	111⅛	7	Fourth National	109⅛
60,000	do	111	100	Pacific Mail	97¼
156,000	U. S. 5-20s. C.,'65 New	113⅞	100	Quicksilver	26⅜
130,000	U. S. 5s 10-40s C	106⅜	100	Wells-Fargo Ex	26⅛
165,000	U. S. 5-20s, C., '67	114	10	do	26⅜
20,000	do	113⅞	400	do	27
79,000	do	114	100	Hud. R. R	141
80,000	do......b3	114	500	M. S. & N. I	89⅝
10,000	Tr. Not., 7 3-10s, 3d series......C	110	50	Ill. Cen. R	155
75,000	U. S. 6s, Pac. R. Issue	102⅜	300	Cleve. & Pitts	88⅛
28,000	Tenn. 6s, new	74⅜	200	do	88⅜
10,000	do	74⅝	400	Chi. & N. W. R	70⅝
10,000	N. Car 6s......x c	71	200	do	70¼
10,000	do	71⅛	100	do......s60	69⅜
			300	Chi. & N. W. Pf	83¼
			100	do	83⅜
			100	Clev. & Tol	106⅛
			400	do	106¼
			800	Chic. & R.I.R	104⅞
			300	do	105
			300	Ohio & Miss. R	29⅛
			100	do......2d call	29⅜

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

100	Wells-Fargo Ex	26⅝	400	Clev. & Pitts	88⅛
100	do	26⅞	200	do	88⅜
30	Mer. U. Ex	28⅛	200	do......c	88⅜
10	do	28⅛	1300	Chi. R. I. & P	104⅞
100	Pacific Mail	98¼	200	do......b30	104⅝
100	do	98⅛	200	do......o	104⅞
100	do	98	200	do	104⅞
100	do	97⅞	1000	do......b3	104⅝
100	W. U. Tel	37⅝	200	Clev. & Tol	107
100	Erie R	69⅜	100	Chi. & N. W	71
100	Reading R	98⅛	300	do	70⅞
400	do	98	600	do	70⅝
100	do......b10	98⅛	100	do......s10	70⅝
30	B. & B. Assoc'tion.	108⅛	800	Chic. & N.W.Pf	83⅛
100	P.,Ft.W.& C	111⅞	600	do......b3	83⅜
200	Ohio & Miss. R	29⅛	400	do......c	83⅛
100	do	29⅛	100	do......s10	83⅛
100	M. S. & N. I	90			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

200	Wells-Fargo Ex	27	100	M. S. & N. I	89⅝
100	do......b30	27	200	Clev. & Pitts	88⅛
300	Canton Co	49⅜	500	do	88⅜
300	Pacific Mail	97⅜	200	do	88⅜
100	do	97⅞	500	do......b3	88⅜
200	West. U. Tel	38	200	Cl. & Tol	106⅛
600	do	37⅜	1500	Chi. R. I. & P....b3	104⅜
200	do......c	37⅞	200	Chi. & N. W	70⅝
400	N. Y. Cent	134⅛	200	Chi. & N. W. Pf	83⅛
500	Erie R	69⅛	600	do	83⅛
300	Reading R	98⅛	100	do......b30	83⅛
30	B. & B. Ass'n	107	200	do	83⅛
200	P., F. W. & C	111⅝	200	do......s15	83
200	O. & Miss. R	29⅛	100	Boston W. P	21⅝
300	do	29⅛	500	Mar. Pref	7

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

200	Wells-Fargo Ex	27	30	B. & B. Assoc'tion.	107
100	do......s30	27	200	Cleve. & Pitts	88⅛
200	do	27⅛	500	do	88⅜
100	Pac. Mail	98⅛	100	do	88⅛
100	N. Y. Cen. R	134⅛	400	Clev. & Tol	106
600	Erie R	69⅛	2300	Chi. R. I. & P	104⅞
400	Reading R	98⅛	100	do	105⅛
300	Ohio & M. R	29⅛	600	do	105⅛
300	do	29⅛	200	do......b3	105⅛
800	M. S. & N. I	89⅜	300	Ch. & N. W. R	70⅜
10	do	89⅛	600	Ch. & N. W. R.Pf	83⅛
200	do......b3	90	200	do	83⅜

TUESDAY, June 16—P. M.

The sales of Gold ran up to-day to 140⅝@½@⅝@¾@⅞ ₰ cent. The quotation at 4 P. M. this Afternoon stood 140⅞@141 ₰ cent. The combination in the *Bull* interest, to advance the market, has assumed more decided proportions within a day or two, than for some weeks past, and availing of the cheap and easy Money market and the comparative scarcity of Gold outside the Treasury Office, the parties to the movement were quite successful to-day in pushing up the price and in establishing a bonus of about one-sixteenth of one per cent. for the use of the Cash Gold. The advance in price creates surprise with very many parties interested in the Foreign Exchanges and in the July Interest on the Public Funds. The latter it was supposed would bring the price of Gold down, especially as the Interest disbursements this July are connected with the further payment of Gold from the Treasury of $8,300,000 on the Principal of the 6 ₰ cent. Loan of 1848, due after 30th inst. The export demand is also less than last week and the week before, and the Foreign Exchanges no higher. The Hamburg steamer carried out to-day $650,000. We hear of no considerable engagements for the Cunarder on Wednesday. The only rational explanation for the higher price of Gold that we are able to arrive at, is found in the sudden revival of a very active speculation in the Gold Room, after a prolonged period of dulness, backed by large means and abundant facilities for putting up the sales and compelling the bearish interest in the market to pay dearly for use of Gold for cash delivery. The Treasury Office will probably anticipate, by a few days, the July Interest where the coupons have been scheduled or the receipts signed for the registered dividends, but this contingency has already, no doubt, been taken into account by the buyers of Gold for higher prices. Whether they will be able to lock up all that comes out of the Treasury before and after the first of July is the question now on trial in the Gold Room.

The Public Funds show increasing firmness and renewed activity. There was an additional advance of ¼ ₰ cent. made on the 5-20s of 1865-67, July and January interest early in the forenoon, but this was not maintained to the close of business. The other descriptions were all in demand, at corresponding prices, and after the late Board the whole market left off steady, with the prospect of the renewal of an active movement to-morrow. It will be noticed from the official list of sales that the business at the Stock Exchange was large, and we learn that the same activity prevailed at the counters of the great dealers on Wall-street.

The sales of the Border State Bonds at the Evening Boards were very heavy in amount, and marked by a further rise of 1@1½ ₰ cent. in Tennessees, 1¼@1½ in North Carolinas, and ½ ₰ cent. in Virginias. The new Tennessees were done as high as 74¾ ₰ cent. Missouris were in demand at 93⅞ ₰ cent., on the calculation that the Bonds will sell nearly up to this price after the 1st of July 3 ₰ cent. coupon is paid. The State has sold its interest in the Pacific Railroad of Missouri, to the Company now in the ownership of the Road, for $5,000,000, payable in the Bonds of the State at par, part of which sum must be delivered in the ensuing Autumn. The Railway Mortgages hold firm, and the Bonds that pay their next interest in July or August, like the Rock Islands, North Wests, St. Pauls and Michigan Southerns are all on the rise.

The Railway Share Market is not as active in proportion as the Public Funds and the State Bonds, and there is some disposition to bear prices whenever the slightest weakness or absence of demand is noticed in New-York Central or the Western Roads. But the advantage gained in this way is seldom over ¼@½ ₰ cent. on the day's transactions. Among the Miscellaneous Stocks Pacific Mail was steady at about 97¾@97⅞ for the cash Stock.

At 5 o'clock, on the close of the Long Room of the Exchange, the following quotations were made as compared with Monday night. Rock Island was strongest among the Railway Stocks, selling largely at 105@105⅛ ₰ cent., and next to this Reading. Toledo weak; New-York Central, the Northwests, Pittsburg and Michigan Southern steady. Gold strong. The Public Funds firm:

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
U. S. 10-40s	106⅜	106⅜	Virginia 6s	56¼	56¼
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	112⅝	113	Missouri	93⅜	93⅞
U. S. Con. 5-20s	114	114	Northwest	70⅛	70⅛
N. Y. Central	134⅛	134⅛	N. West Pref	83⅜	83⅜
Erie	69⅜	69⅛	Rock Island	104⅛	105⅛
Hudson	141	141	Fort Wayne	111⅜	111⅜
Reading	97⅞	98⅛	W. U. Telegraph	37⅝	37⅝
Mich. Southern	89⅛	89⅛	St. Paul Pref	77¼	77
Ohio and Miss	29⅜	29⅜	St. Paul Com	65	65
Pittsburgh	88⅛	88⅛	Pacific Mail	98	97⅜
Toledo	107	106⅛	American Gold	140⅛	141
Tenn. 6s new	73⅛	74⅛	Bills on London	110⅛	110⅛

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States at the close of the day:

6 ₰ cent. reg. '81	117	5-20 coup., 1867	114
500 & 1,000. 1881	117⅛	10-40 reg	106
5-20 reg., 1862	108	10-40 500 & 1,000	106⅛
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	113	7 3-10 2d series	109⅛
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	110⅞	7 3-10 3d series	109⅛
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	111	*U. S. 6s. Cur. Int	102⅝
5-20 cou., 1865, new is	113⅝		

*Issued to Pacific roads.

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Reg B'y L	107⅝	Illinois coupon 6s. 1877	100⅝
N. Y. coup. B'y Loan	111	Illinois coupon 6s. 1879	100⅜
N. Y. 7 ₰ c. Canal, 1870	101	Illinois war loan	100⅜
N. Y. 6 ₰ c. Canal, 1872	101⅛	Michigan 6 ₰ c., 1873	97
N. Y. 6 ₰ c. Canal, 1874	101⅛	Michigan 6 ₰ c., 1878	96
N. Y. 6 ₰ c. Canal, 1875	101⅛	Michigan 6 ₰ c., 1883	95⅛
N. Y. 6 ₰ c. Canal, 1877	101⅛	Tennessee 6 ₰ c., ex c	75
N. Y. 6 ₰ c. Canal, 1878	101⅛	Tennessee 6 ₰ c. n. bds	74⅛
N. Y. 5 ₰ c. Canal, 1874	97	Virginia 6s., ex c	56⅛
N. Y. 5 ₰ c. Canal, 1875	95	Virginia 6s, new bds	55
Ohio 6 ₰ c., 1870	99	Georgia 6s	83
Ohio 6 ₰ c., 1875	100	Georgia 7s. new bonds	96⅛
Illinois C. bonds 1860	101⅝	N. C. 6s. ex coupons	71⅛
Illinois reg. 1860	100⅝	N. C. 6s. new bonds	69⅝
Ill. 6s. cou. '79 aft. 1860	101⅛	Missouri 6s	93⅝
Ill. 6s. cou. '79 aft. 1862	101⅛	Mo. 6s. H. & St. Jo. is	93⅛
Illinois c. 6s, '79 aft. 1865	100⅝	Louisiana 6s	58
Illinois c. 6s '79 aft. 1870	100⅝	Connecticut 6s	100

And the following for the City Bank Stocks. The Eighth National Bank has declared a half-yearly Dividend of *five per cent.*, payable July 1.

New-York	140	Bank of the Republic	119
Manhattan	140	Bank of N. America	112
Merchants'	122	Irving	108½
Mechanics'	130½	Metropolitan	138
Union	120	East River	102
America	145	Market	115
City	200	Shoe and Leather	120
Phenix	108	Corn Exchange	130
North River	113	Continental	103
Tradesmen's	142	St. Nicholas	109
Fulton	158	Commonwealth	114
National	112	Park	153
Merchants' Exch'ge	116	Manuf's & Merch'ts	104½
Leather Manuf's	175	Central National	109
Seventh Ward	112½	Fourth National	109
Commerce	129½	Ninth National	110½
Ocean	109	Tenth National	106½
American Exchange	120½		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es	90	Tol. & W. 2d Mort	82½
N. Y. Cen. 6s. Sub'n	90	Gt. Western 1st M. '68	102½
Erie 1st M.. Ex	102	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	77⅝
Erie 7s. 3d ind.. 1883	97	Ills. & So. Iowa 1st M	78
Erie 7s. 4th ind.. 1880	92	Gal. & Chi. Ex	100
Erie 7s. 5th ind.. 1888	92	Gal. & Chic. 2d M	95
Buff.. N.Y.& Erie.1st '77	94	Chi. & R. I. 1st M	102½
Hud. R.7s.1st M. '69-70	102½	Chi. & R. I. Pac. 1s	98⅛
Hud. R. 7s. 3d M., '75	99⅛	Morris & Essex 1st M	99
Harlem 1st M	100	Morris & Essex 2d M	89⅛
Mich. C. 8 ₰ c. '69-'72	111	Clev. & Tol. S. F	100
Mich. Cen. n. 1st M. 8s, '82	113	N. Jersey Cen. 1st M	100
Chi. B. & Q. 8 ₰ c. 1st M	113⅛	Pitts. Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M	106
Mich. So. 7 ₰ c. 2d M	95	Pitts. Ft. W. & Ch. 3d M	93
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ₰ c.	100⅛	Cleve. & P. 3d M	93
Pac. R. 7s. guar. by Mo	97⅛	Cleve. & P. 4th M	85
Ill. Cen. 7 ₰ c. 1870	118	Cleve. & P. Con. S. F	92½
Alton & T. H. 1st M	96⅛	Chi. & Alton S. F. 1st M	103⅛
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf	85	Atlantic & G. W. 1st M	74
Alton & T. H. 2d M. Inc	79⅛	Ohio & Miss. 1st M	97
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	98	Ohio & Miss. Con	89⅝
Chic. & N. W. int. Bds	95	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M	94
Con. 7 ₰ cent. conv	94⅛	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M	89
Con. 7 ₰ cent. ex bds	90	Mar. & Cin. 1st M	93
Con. 7 ₰ cent. 1st M	94⅛	Chic. & Mil. 1st M	93
Han. & St. Jo. L. G	109	Joliet & Chi. 1st M	103
Lack. & West'n. bds	97⅛	Chi. & G. East'n 1st M	82
Del. L. & W. 1st M	98	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	97
Del. L. & W. 2d M	97½		

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $1,106,535 65; payments, $559,823 20; balance, $94,579,203 97. The receipts include for Customs, $431,000; for Gold Notes, $78,000.

We are requested by the Agents of the Bank of British North America here to state that a Company called the Cumberland Coal Company, of Nova Scotia, has issued certain bonds, with coupons attached, payable at the Agency of the Bank of British North America, New-York, and that this Company had no authority from them to make their bonds and coupons payable at the Bank's Agency.

The Bank of British North America, in London, has declared a half-yearly Dividend of 3 ₰ cent., and an extra Dividend of 1½ ₰ cent.

The Iron Mountain Road earned in May:

From Freight	$38,830
Passengers	18,170
Total	$57,000

The week's exports from this port of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods have been to the currency value of $2,359,561.

At a meeting of the Directors of the New-Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company, A. L. Dennis was unanimously reelected President, and Hon. Hamilton Fish Vice-President.

The Metropolitan Savings Bank announces the usual Dividend on Deposits.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

ELIZABETH CITY, NEW-JERSEY, 7 PER cent. Bonds; $50,000 Funded Debt Bonds; $25,000 Market-house Bonds; principal and interest payable May and November, at Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., New-York. Total funded debt, $150,000. The above desirable securities for sale by
A. G. CRANE & CO., No. 21 Wall-st.,
Dealers in Bonds, Gold, and Government Securities.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE MARIPOSA bond and stockholders will be held at the Government Room of the New-York Stock Exchange TO-DAY, (Wednesday,) at 3½ P. M., to receive the report of the Committee appointed at the last meeting.

GENERAL MARKETS

New-York, Tuesday, June 16, 1868.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls	47	Barley, bushels	....
Flour, bbls	4,156	Malt, bushels	....
Flour, bags	....	Peas, bushels	....
Cornmeal, bbls	....	Pork, bbls	....
Cornmeal, bags	....	Cut Meats, pkgs	237
Wheat, bushels	22,125	Lard, pkgs	69
Corn, bushels	79,970	Beef, tcs. and bbls	....
Rye, bushels	....	Whisky, bbls	17
Oats, bushels	28,415	Petroleum, bbls	3,793

ASHES—Continue quiet and heavy at $8 25@$8 37 for Pots, and $10 25@$10 37 for Pearls, ₰ 100 lbs.

BRICKS—Continue in request and steady, including common Hard at $8 50@$12; Croton at $18 @$22, and Philadelphia Front at $45@$50 ₰ thousand.

BEESWAX—Has been in moderate demand at about previous rates; Yellow, 51c.@53c. ₰ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—The inquiry has been restricted, yet prices have varied little since our last. We quote: Men's Thick and Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 50; Boys', $1 75@$3; Youths', $1 37@$2 25; Men's Calf Pegged, $3 25@$5; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $3@$3 75; Youths', $2@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 95c.@$1 35; Boys' Kip and Split Brogans, 85c.@$1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $2@$2 62; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $2@$2 75; Boys', $1 35@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals, $1@$1 50; Women's Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 15@$2 10; Ladies' Sewed Goat, Kid and Calf Boots, $1 75@$2 50; Ladies' Sewed Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged Buff, Goat and Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 60@$2 25; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 60c.@$1; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 75@$3; Ladies' Eastern-made, $1 05@$3; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1 10; Fancy Children's S. H. and Heel Shoes, 40c.@$1, ₰ pair.

CANDLES—Continue quiet at former rates, including Adamantine at 21c.@23c. for light weights, Plain Sperm at 45c.@46c., and Patent do., 55c.@58c. ₰ lb.

CEMENT—Has been in fair demand at uniform prices. Rosendale at $1 75 ₰ bbl.

COAL—Has been quoted nominally firm, but there has been very little movement in any description.

COFFEE—Has been quiet at former quotations: Java at 22½c.@24c.; Maracaibo. 15½c.@18c.; Laguayra, 15½c.@16½c.; Rio, 8½c.@13c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17½c.@19½c.; Jamaica, 15c.@15½c.; Domingo, 14½c.@15c., all in gold, ₰ lb.

COTTON—The demand has been a little more animated, to-day, chiefly on account of spinners, and there has been rather more firmness in the market, but prices are yet irregular. Sales have been reported of 1,850 bales, including 1,620 bales to spinners and 238 bales to speculators. Messrs. Cornwall & Zerega are quoting as follows, in their letters for to-morrow's steamer, the

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary, ₰ lb	25	25⅛	25½@25¾
Good Ordinary	26	26⅛	26⅜@26¾
Low Middling	27⅛	27⅜	28 @28⅛
Middling	28⅜	29	29⅛@29½
Good Middling	30	30⅛	30⅛@31

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Sales.
Receipts at this port thus far this week	1,114
Receipts last week	3,625
Receipts preceding week	4,804
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1868	352,883
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	579,405
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1868	679,672
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	273,927
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,438
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports week ending to-day	509
Exports since Jan. 1, 1868	212,501
Exports since Sept. 1	365,125
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1868	438,119
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,590
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1867	381,090
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,300
Estimated stock on hand here	65,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,000
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	2,145,000
Receipts same time 1866-7	1,787,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,331,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	1,642,000
Exports same time 1866-7	1,393,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	135,000
Estimated stock same time in 1867	260,000

DRY GOODS—There has been comparatively little animation in this line. Cottons have been unsettled in price, buyers generally having any existing advantage. Woolens have been rather steadier, but slow of sale as a rule. Foreign goods have been quiet and irregular.

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—Have been inactive at about former prices.

FEATHERS—Have been salable and firm, including Live Geese at 85c.@95c. good to very choice, ₰ lb.

FIRE-CRACKERS—Have been in fair demand within a range of from $3 12½@$3 25 for Canton ₰ box.

FISH—A rather livelier business has been transacted in this line, but at irregular prices, including Dry Cod at $5 75@$6 87½ ₰ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $21 75@$23 25; No. 2 do., $17 75@$20 50; No. 3 do., $10 50@$12 50 ₰ bbl. Pickled Herring, $6@$9 50 ₰ bbl. Smoked Herring, 30c.@45c. for Scale, and 22½c.@25c. for No. 1 ₰ box.

FRUIT—Foreign varieties continue in very limited request, including Layer Raisins at $3 95@$4 ₰ box, Currants at 11c.@11½c., Almonds at 13c.@36c., and Figs at 11c.@22c. ₰ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been rather more sought after, and prices of desirable lots have been quoted steadier, though not notably higher. Sales have been reported since our last of 8,750 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 20@$7 85; very inferior to fair ordinary extra State at $8 15@$8 75; fair ordinary to very choice genuine Spring Wheat extra State at $8 75@$10, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $9 15@$9 85 ₰ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$7 20@$7 85
Extra State	8 15@10 00
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c	8 10@13 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	9 15@ 9 85
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	9 90@13 50
Extra Genesee	10 00@13 50
Common to choice extra Missouri	11 00@16 50

Southern Flour is in more demand and somewhat firmer. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,250 bbls., at $9 50@$10 90 for very poor to fair, and $10 90@$16 50 for fair to very superior extra, ₰ bbl. California Flour has attracted more attention; sales have been reported of 1,075 sacks at $10 40@$13 for extras, ₰ 196 lbs. Rye Flour is in request at $8 50@$10 50 for inferior to choice, ₰ bbl.; sales 300 bbls. Corn Meal has been quite active at $5 80@$5 90 for Jersey, $5 60@$6 for Western, $6 for Marsh's Caloric, $5 50 for City, $6 25@$6 35 for Brandywine, ₰ bbl.; sales 3,250 bbls.

GLUE—Has been in some request, at 18c.@18½c. for English, ₰ lb.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Continue dull and nominal at 18c.@18½c., and 22c.@22½c. respectively.

GUANO—Peruvian continues in moderate demand at $86@$87 ₰ ton.

GRAIN—Wheat has been more inquired for, partly by speculative buyers, at an advance on Spring of 2c.@3c. ₰ bushel. Sales have been reported since our last of 34,500 bushels, including White Michigan at $2 80; No. 1 Spring at $2 22½; Canada Club, in bond, at $2 22½; No. 2 Spring at $2 11@$2 13, subsequently held lighter; and White California at $2 70 ₰ bushel. Corn has been fairly active, and opening more firmly, but closing in favor of purchasers. Sales have been reported since our last of 94,000 bushels at $1 07@$1 08½, for New Mixed Western, in store and afloat, closing at $1 08 for the best; $1 15 for Old do. in store; $1 11½@$1 13½ for White and Yellow Western ₰ bushel. Rye is very quiet at from $1 90@$2 for Southern, Jersey, Canada and State ₰ bushel; sales 2,100 bushels, within the range. Nothing new in Barley or Malt. Oats have been in moderate demand and quoted a fraction cheaper. Sales have been reported of 37,500 bushels Western at 84½c.@84¾c., afloat, ₰ bushel. The Albany *Argus* of this morning gives the following list of grain boats as having passed Fultonville during the forty-eight hours ending 10 A. M., June 15, 1868: H. K. White, Buffalo, wheat and corn; A. A. Mekell, Buffalo, oats; Frank Fortier, Oswego, corn; D. C. Fox, Buffalo, barley, malt, &c.; Merchant, Buffalo, corn; Cono, Oswego, flour; W. D. Stewart, Buffalo, corn; Cauga, Buffalo, corn; Kate Rappleys, Buffalo, corn; Champion, Buffalo, oats, &c.; W. Tagert, Buffalo, oats, &c.; P. S. Woodin, Buffalo, corn; Milton E. Mirrick, Buffalo, corn; J. M. Sisson, Buffalo, wheat; E. T. Price, Oswego, oats, &c.; E. J. Hawley, Buffalo, oats, &c.; Geo. Traver, Buffalo, oats; C. C. Bradley, Buffalo, wheat; James Noxon, Buffalo, corn; H. F. Cady, Buffalo, corn; T. W. Griffin, Buffalo, corn; Etta, Buffalo, corn; P. P. St. John, Buffalo, corn; Carrie McK. Herrick, Buffalo, oats; Samuel Miller, Oswego, oats; Autocrat Buffalo, wheat; Emily B., Buffalo, corn; L. L. Frink, Lockport, corn; Wenona, Buffalo, corn; Geo. W. Hall, Lockport, corn; J. C. King, Buffalo, corn; Emma Petrie, Buffalo, corn; Nelson S. Markle, Buffalo, corn; A. T. Goldsmith, Palmyra, corn and wool; Addison Patrick, Oswego, oats; J. J. Rowland, Buffalo, corn; Augusta, Buffalo, oats; Alpha, Buffalo, oats; Coquette, Oswego, corn. The business in Wheat in Milwaukee, week ending with June 13, Messrs. George I. Jones & Co. notice thus: "Our Wheat market this week has been in a very dull condition. The supply has been larger than many expected, and the stock in store is as large as last week. The weather has been fine, and this has probably increased the farmers' deliveries. With dull markets at the lower lake ports and on the seaboard, and with a margin against us, there has scarcely been any demand for shipment. The cargoes that have left here this week have been on shipper's account. The great bulk of the stock is in the hands of the same parties who were the largest holders last week. They are holding with great confidence, under the impression that the property is worth more than its present value, and that Eastern buyers will be induced to send their orders here at full figures before the month is out. They are not disposed to resist the declining tendency, but are willing to let the market go as low as it will. The line of short contracts is much reduced, and if a rally occurs it will probably not be the result of cornering operations, but the natural effect of supply and demand. Opinions as to future prices vary considerably, but at present no one seems to expect a much further fall, and there is no disposition to sell heavily for future delivery. A report from Liverpool, however, of an unfavorable character would probably change this feeling. The condition of the growing crop is all that could be desired, and the general idea seems to be that the harvest will be larger than any previous year, the fine weather early in the Spring having enabled the farmers to get a greatly increased breadth sown. The receipts for the week have averaged about 32,000 bushels per day, against about 19,000 bushels per day same week last year. The inspection reports show that 56 ₰ cent. of the arrivals have graded as No. 1, 85 ₰ cent. as No. 2, 6 ₰ cent. as No. 3, and 3 ₰ cent. as rejected. The stock in store is estimated at 602,000 bushels, against 312,000 at same time last year, and about 600,000 bushels in 1866. The shipments this week sum up 188,600 bushels, as follows: 131,362 bushels to Oswego, 41,800 to Buffalo, 5,000 to Ogdensburg, 9,013 to Saginaw, and 1,425 bushels by railroad. Receipts for the week, 193,119 bushels, against 116,220 bushels same time last year. For the cost of No. 1 Wheat laid down at Buffalo, Oswego and New-York, at to-day's rates, we beg to refer you to the following table:

	Buffalo.	Oswego.	New-York via Buff.	New-York via Os.
Cost in store here	$1 95	$1 96	$1 96	$1 96
Storage payable shipper	2	2	2	2
Lake Freight	6½	9½	6½	9½
Lake Insurance	1¼	1⅞	1¼	1⅞
Discount on Exchange	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
Buffalo Charges			2½	
Canal Freight			14	
Oswego Charges				1½
Canal Freight				9½
Estimated cost laid down, exclusive of interest and commission	$2 5½	$2 10	$2 21½	$2 20
The cost of No. 2 would be	$1 93½	$1 98	$2 09½	$2 08

HAY—North River Bale continues in moderate request at 80c., for shipping, and $1 10@$1 45 for poor to very choice, for local use, ₰ 100 lbs. Straw has been in demand at 85c.@$1 for short and long ₰ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been very sparingly sought after, including American at 10c.@40c. for new; older growths, 5c.@20c., and Foreign at 20c.@35c. ₰ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, common to fair, 10c.@15c.; good to prime, 20c.@25c.; choice to fancy, 30c.@35c. Eastern, prime to choice, 25c.@30c. Wisconsins, common to fancy, 20c.@40c. Michigans, common to fair, 10c.@15c. Yearlings of all grades, 10c.@20c.; old Olds, 5c.@15c. Foreign—Canadians, 10c.@35c.; Bavarians, 25c.@35c.; Belgians, 20c.@25c. ₰ lb.

HEMP—Has been neglected, and nominal in price, including American at $170@$180 for undressed, and $270@$290 for dressed, ₰ ton; Jute at 5c.@6½c., gold, ₰ lb.; Manilla, 10½c., gold, ₰ lb.

HIDES—Have been in fair demand, and firm.

LATHS—Have been scarce, and quiet, at $3 60@$3 65 for Eastern, ₰ 1,000.

LEATHER—Sole has been in quick demand at full and rising prices, including Oak Slaughter and Salted good Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Middle, 38c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Heavy, 40c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped, good, 41c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, good 41c.@45c.: Oak Slaughter, Bellies, Cropped, good, 23c.@25c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good, Light, 27½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 28c.@29c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 27½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 26½c.@27½c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 26½c.@27½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 26½c.@27½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 26½c.@27½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Heavy, 24c.@25½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, damaged, all weights, 23c.@25½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, poor, all weights, 20c.@22c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@41c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, light, 41c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough heavy, 41c.@45c., cash, ₰ lb.

LIME—Rockland continues in good request at $1 35 for Common and $2 25 for Lump ₰ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been in moderate supply and demand, including Eastern Spruce at $20 50@$23 ₰ 1,000 feet.

METALS—The demand has been generally moderate. We quote: Ingot Copper at 22½c.@23½c. ₰ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron $37@$38; No. 2 do., $35@$36; Scotch Pig, $38@$41 50; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $85@$90 ₰ ton; Pig Lead, $6 37@$6 87½, in gold, ₰ 100 lbs.; Foreign Spelter, 6½c.@6¾c., in gold, ₰ lb.; Straits Tin, 24c.@24½c., in gold, ₰ lb.; Banca Tin, 27½c.@27½c., in gold, ₰ lb.; Zinc, 12c.@13c. ₰ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been dull and heavy, including PortoRico at 55c.@73c.; Cuba at 35c.@57½c.; English Island at 58c.@59c. ₰ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in more request since our last, including spirits Turpentine at 45c.@47c. ₰ gallon; Crude at $4 25@$4 50; Resin at $3 10@$11 50 ₰ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3 25@$4 50; Pitch at $3 50 ₰ bbl.

OILS—Have been in less demand, including Crude Whale at 80c.; Bleached Whale at 87½c.@90c.; Crude Sperm at $2@$2 05; Unbleached Whale at $2 15@$2 20; Lard Oil at $1 25@$1 50; Red Oil at 80c.@$1; Linseed Oil at $1 12@$1 14; Olive, $2 40 ₰ gallon.

New-Bedford Market—*Week Ending June 15.*—The market has ruled rather quiet since our last, the only transactions being 400 bbls. Sperm, for manufacture, on private terms; and a resale of 70 bbls. of selected Northern Whale, at 82½c., and 150 do. brown Northern do. at 80c., also for manufacture.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Barrels Sperm.	Barrels Whale.	Pounds Bone.
From Jan. 1 to June 15, '68	15,412	51,928	716,506
Same time last year	14,811	61,818	689,700
Exports for the week ending June 15, 1868	176	......	1,007
Previously	7,185	6,688	263,112
From Jan. 1 to date	7,361	6,688	264,119
Same time last year	11,636	9,994	274,400

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—Has been in good demand and quite buoyant at 16c.@16½c. for Crude in bulk; 20c.@21½c. for do. in bbls.; 31c.@34c. for Refined, in bond, and 36c.@37c. for Refined, free, ₰ gallon.

PRINTING CLOTHS—Sales in Providence last week, 39,000 pieces, including, according to the *Journal*, 10,000 pieces, 64x64, 8⅜c., 30 days, extras; 10,000 pieces, 64x64, 8⅜c., 30 days, extras; 8,000 pieces, 64x64, 8½c., cash, 10 days, standards; 4,000 pieces, 64x64, 8⅜c., cash, 10 days; 6,000 pieces, 64x64, 8¼c., 30 days.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in rather better demand at firmer prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,375 bbls., in lots, at $28 25@$28 37, closing at $28 37, regular, for New Western Mess; $27 50@$27 75 for old Mess; $24 25@$24 75 for Prime Mess; $27@$27 25 for Thin Mess, and $22 75@$23 25 for Prime and Extra Prime, ₰ bbl. Sales were also reported of 750 bbls. New Mess, July delivery, sellers' options, at $28 35@$28 50 ₰ bbl. Cut Meats continue in fair demand and firm. Sales equal to 180 pkgs. at 16c.@17½c. for Hams, and 12½c.@13c. for Shoulders, also 19½c.@20½c. for bagged Hams, ₰ lb. Bacon has been inactive and nominal. Lard has been in more demand and firmer. Sales have been reported since our last of 950 tcs. and bbls. at 16½c.@18½c. for poor to very choice, chiefly at 17½c.@17½c. for prime steam, ₰ lb.; also 250 tcs., for forward delivery, including July, buyer's option, at 17½c. ₰ lb. Beef continues dull at $15@$20 50 for Plain Mess; $20 50@$24 75 for Extra do., and $9@$15 for interior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales have been reported of 165 bbls. Tierce Beef is inactive, including Prime Mess at $28@$32, and India Mess at $32@$35 ₰ tierce. Beef Hams continues inactive at $26@$34, as extremes, ₰ bbl. Butter has been salable and firm. Cheese rules quiet. We quote:

NEW CROP BUTTER.		
Fresh pails, State and Jersey, ₰ lb	30	@35
Pennsylvania, ₰ lb., fresh pails	30	@35
State, firkins, ₰ lb	34	@36
State, half-firkin, tubs, ₰ lb	31	@35
Welsh tubs, ₰ lb	30	@33
Western Reserve, tubs, ₰ lb	29	@31
Illinois and Wisconsin, tubs, ₰ lb	25	@30
Western Reserve, firkins, ₰ lb	30	@32
Illinois and Wisconsin, firkins, ₰ lb	28	@30
OLD CROP CHEESE.		
Factory and Farm, first quality, ₰ lb	15	@16
Factory and Farm, second quality, ₰ lb	10	@14
Pineapple, ₰ lb	12	@15
NEW CROP CHEESE.		
Factory Dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ₰ lb	14	@14½
Factory Dairies, fair quality, ₰ lb	10	@12½
Farm Dairies, fancy and extra quality, ₰ lb	13	@14
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ₰ lb	8	@11
Orange County, Skimmed Cheese	6	@ 9

RICE—Continues dull and heavy, including Carolina at $10 50@$11 25 and Rangoon at $9 50@$10 ₰ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been in less demand and heavy, including Cadiz at 37c.; Turk's Island at 45c., by the cargo, ₰ bushel: Liverpool ground at $1 60@$1 65; do. fine at $2 50@$2 85, and Prussian at $3 25 ₰ sack.

SEEDS—All kinds have been in limited request, and more or less nominal in price, including Clover at from 9½c.@10½c. ₰ lb.; rough Flax at $2 60@$2 75; Calcutta Linseed at $2 22½@$2 30, in Boston and New-York, gold; Timothy at $2 45@$2 60 ₰ bushel.

SKINS—Continue in request, including Honduras Deer at 42½c.; San Juan, 40c.@42c.; Bolivar, 29c.@30c.; Sisal, 45c.; Vera Cruz, 40c.; Chagres, 45c.; Puerto Cabello, 35c.@37c.; Para, 40c.@44c., gold, ₰ lb. Tampico Goat at 50c.@52½c.; Matamoras, 50c.; Buenos Ayres, 28c.@32c.; Payta, 30c.@32c., gold, ₰ lb.; Curacoa, 35c.@42½c., currency; Cape, 42½c.@47½c., currency, and Madras, 40c.@45c. each.

SOAP—Has been quiet, but steady, including Castile at 16½c.@17c.; Colgate's Pale, 9½c.; Family, 10c., and No. 1 at 7c. ₰ lb.

SPICES—Have been inactive, including Mace at 92½c.@95c.; No. 1 Nutmegs at 87½c.@89c.; Cassia at 52c.; Cloves at 26½c.@27c.; Pepper at 23½c.@24½c.; Pimento at 19½c.@20c.; Ginger at 10½c.@12c., in gold, ₰ lb.

SUGARS—Have been more sought after at, however, rather easier prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,180 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@13½c. ₰ lb.; and 110 boxes Havana at 11½c.@12½c. ₰ lb. Refined Sugars have been in moderate demand at from 14c.@16½c. ₰ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales 55,000 lbs. Tallow at 12c.@12½c.; 31,000 lbs. Stearine at 17c.@18½c., and 25,000 lbs. Grease at 9c.@11½c. ₰ lb.

TEAS—Have been in moderate request at uniform prices, including Gunpowder and Imperial at from $1@$1 85; Hyson at from 90c.@$1 50; Young Hyson at 77½c.@$1 65; Uncolored Japan at from 87½c.@$1 25; Oolong at from 68c.@$1 60; Souchong and Congou at from 67½c.@$1 25 ₰ lb.

TOBACCO—Has been quite firm and in fair demand, including Kentucky Lugs, at 8½c.@10½c.; Common Leaf, 9½c.@13½c.; Medium Leaf, 10½c.@14½c.; Good Leaf, 13½c.@16½c.; Fine Leaf, 15c.@18c.; Selections, 17c.@20c. ₰ lb. We quote *Seed Leaf* thus: Connecticut and Massachusetts fillers, 6c.@7c.; average lots, 18c.@30c.; fine wrappers, 35c.@55c. New-York State fillers, 5c.@5½c.; average lots, 8c.@14c.; wrappers, 12c.@35c. Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers, 5c.@5½c.; average lots, 9c.@16c.; wrappers, 15c.@40c. *Havana*—Common, 80c.@85c.; Good, 95c.@$1; Fine, $1 05@$1 10. *Yara*—I. cut, 82c.@85c.; II. cut, $1 07½@$1 12; average lots, 92½c.@95c. ₰ lb. *Manufactured Tobacco* thus—Black Work, Common and Medium, 17½c.@22c.; Good and Fine, 23c.@30c. Bright Work, Common and Medium, 25c.@45c.; Good and Fine, 50c.@85c., in bond, ₰ lb. The business in Crude of the past few days has been mainly in low grades of Kentucky Tobacco. Sales since our last, 127 hhds. Kentucky at 9c.@18c., and 75 bales Havana on private terms.

WOOL—Low grades have been in fair request and comparatively firm in price, especially Texas, California and Foreign, in which the bulk of the business has been transacted. Other kinds have attracted little attention, at irregular prices.

Prices Current for Domestic Wool in New-York.

	Cents per lb.
New-York, Michigan and Indiana.	
Extra and above	46@50
¾ and ⅞ blood do	45@48
Common and ¼ do	42@44
Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia.	
Choice Saxony fleece	60@67
Extra to XX do	49@55
¾ and ⅞ blood do	47@50
Common and ¼ do	43@48
Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa.	
Extra and above	44@47
¾ and ⅞ blood fleece	40@44
Common and ¼ fleece	39@42
Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama.	
Washed fleeces	43@50
Unwashed fleeces	30@35
Unwashed fleece, burry	20@25
Texas.	
Washed fleece	35@45
Unwashed fleece, medium to fine	25@33
Common fleece	20@23
Common fleece, burry	18@23
California.	
Spring Clip, A P	32@35
Spring Clip, A 1	29@33
Spring Clip, A 2	28@30
Spring Clip, B	26@30
Spring Clip, S	18@25
Fall Clip and Lambs, A P	27@30
Fall Clip and Lambs, A 1	24@28
Fall Clip and Lambs, A 2	22@25
Fall Clip and Lambs, B	22@25
Fall Clip and Lambs, S	21@25
Burry Lots 2c.@10c. ₰ lb. less.	
Pulled, ext a	30@40
Pulled, super	30@38
Pulled, low	24@30
Pulled Wool.	
Extra	40@50
Super	42@48
No. 1	33@38
No. 2	14@20
Lambs	35@43
Western limed, pulled	35@40
Southern limed, pulled	30@35
Tub washed	45@54

FREIGHTS.—The market has been quoted a trifle firmer, but not active. For Liverpool, the reported engagements include 22,500 bushels Wheat and Corn, by steamer, at 4d.@4¼d. ₰ bushel. For Glasgow, a boat load of Peas on private terms. For London, another load of Peas at 4½d. ₰ bushel.

DRY GOODS.

POPULAR GOODS
AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

ROMAN SCARFS,
TIES AND SASHES.
UNIQUE SCARF RINGS
AND SLEEVE BUTTONS.
BALBRIGGAN AND BALMORAL
HOSIERY.
SILK AND LISLE THREAD GLOVES.
With an elegant and extensive variety of
FASHIONABLE
FURNISHING
GOODS,
Will be found at
UNION ADAMS,
NO. 637 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK.

AT JACKSON'S,
MOURNING GOODS FROM AUCTION.
FINE TAMISE CLOTH, $7 50 PER DRESS, WORTH $12.
FINE HENRIETTA CLOTH, $7 50, WORTH $12.
FINE CREPE CLOTH, $6 PER DRESS, WORTH $9.
FINE SCOTCH GINGHAMS, $3 PER DRESS, WORTH $5.
ENGLISH AND FRENCH MOHAIR AND POPLIN ALPACAS, 62½c., 75c. and 87½c. PER YARD, MUCH BELOW REAL VALUE.
TAMARTINES, 37½c. PER YARD, WORTH 62½c.
RICH BLACK SILKS, IN ALL THE MOST POPULAR MAKES, ¾ WIDE, AT $2, $2 25, $2 50, $2 75 AND $3; REAL BARGAINS.
CANVAS AND IRON GRENADINES, FROM ¾ TO 2 YARDS WIDE.
ALSO, TRAVELING DRESS GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY, CONSISTING OF GRAY SILK SERGES, PONGEES, WASH POPLINS, GRANITE POPLINS, MOZAMBIQUES, POPLIN DE PARIS, &c., &c.
N. B.—A LARGE AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF ELEGANT MOURNING BONNETS.
JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No. 551 BROADWAY.

ONE DOLLAR.
Ladies can find a large lot of
COLORED GAITERS
at $1 per pair at CANTRELL'S,
No. 813 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts.

MARSEILLES TRIMMINGS.
Silk Trimmings, Fringes, Buttons, Binding, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, French Corsets and Skirts, small wares and fancy goods; a great variety at lowest prices, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st.

ANY LADY SENDING HER ADDRESS to VAIL'S, No. 141 Fulton-st., by a gentleman who purchases $7 worth of furnishings, shirts excepted, will receive a beautiful lace scarf, any color, gratis. CHEAPEST GENTS' FURNISHING STORE IN AMERICA.

MILLINERY.

CHILDREN'S HATS AND LADIES' BONNETS at half-price this week; be sure and call; Dress Bonnets at half-price; Sun hats 4s. to $1 each.
L. BINNS, Millinery,
No. 577 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

DIVIDENDS.

Office Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula R. R. Co.,
(Lessee of the Cleveland and Toledo R. R.,)
Cleveland, Ohio, June 9, 1868.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of three and one-half per cent., (3½,) free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders of this Company, and to the stockholders of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company, on the 1st day of July next; to the stockholders registered in New-York, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York, and to the stockholders registered in Cleveland at the office of the Treasurer, in Cleveland, Ohio. The transfer books of the Company will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, the 20th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 2d of July, 1868.
GEO. B. ELY, Treasurer.

Office of Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company, No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, May 15, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared the following dividends, payable at this office on and after the 29th day of June, to the stockholders, as shown by the books of the Company on the 17th day of June next.
Ten per cent. on the preferred stock, payable in preferred stock at par.
Ten per cent. on the common stock, payable in common stock at par.
The transfer books, now closed, will be opened on MONDAY, the 8th, and closed on WEDNESDAY, the 17th, and reopened on MONDAY, the 29th of June next.
By order of the Board of Directors.
A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

Office of the Cleveland and Toledo R. R. Co.,
Cleveland, O., June 15, 1868.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½) per cent., free from United States Government tax, will be paid to the stockholders of this Company, or to their legal representatives, on the 1st day of July next, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in the City of New-York.
The transfer books (now closed) will be opened on Thursday, the 18th of June, inst., and closed at 2 o'clock P. M. Saturday, the 20th of June, inst., and reopened on Thursday, the 2d of July, proximo.
WM. F. STAUNTON, Secretary.

New-York and Harlem Railroad Company,
Treasurer's Office,
Corner 4th-av. and 26th-st.,
New-York, June 10, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared a dividend of four per cent. on the preferred and common stock, free of Government tax, payable on the 1st day of July next, at this office.
The transfer books will be closed at 2 P. M., June 20, 1868, and opened at 10 A. M. on the 6th day of July, 1868.
C. VANDERBILT, Jr., Treasurer.

Eighth National Bank, New-York, June 16, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS bank have declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., free of tax, out of the profits of the past six months, payable on and after the 1st day of July next.
The transfer books will be closed from the 25th instant till the 1st proximo.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company,
Corner 4th-av. and 27th-st.,
Treasurer's Office, June 15, 1868.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., free of Government tax, has been declared upon the capital stock of this Company, payable on the first day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 22d day of June to the 7th day of July, inclusive.
J. T. SHELTON, Treasurer.

Ninth National Bank, New-York, June 12, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this bank have declared a dividend of Five Per Cent., free of all taxes, payable on the 1st day of July next. The transfer books will close on 20th inst., and reopen on the 1st prox.
JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HANSEL'S DOUBLE-ACTION BURGLAR-Proof Window-lock and Sash-holder can be put on old houses as well as new; has no spring; is a self-locker; prevents the sash from rattling, and is the cheapest good lock in use; retail price, per dozen, $4 80. A liberal discount allowed to builders and the trade.
State and County rights for sale.
J. T. & J. B. SMITH, Sole Agents,
No. 54 Pine-st.

SURGICAL HOSPITAL FOR THE EXclusively operative treatment of hernia, hemorrhoids, fistula, stricture, varicocele, cataract, and deformities of the face and eyes, under the exclusive control of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D. During the past twenty years more than 5,000 cases have been treated, most of them successfully. It is the invariable rule to pronounce a case curable or otherwise at the first examination. The best accommodations are provided. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at Dr. D.'s residence, No. 42 5th-av.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION at reasonable prices, at the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., New-York, Harpers' Building.
JOHN R. HOPPEL.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—THE SERVICES OF A FIRST-class man as Secretary in an incorporated Company with large business; salary $2,500. To such as can furnish unexceptional references and who would take a proportionate share of the stock; very liberal terms will be made. Address Box No. 4,751 Post Office New-York.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE, ENERGETIC MAN, OF good address, to canvass for books and make himself generally useful in a bookstore; the best of reference required; salary moderate. Address BOOKSELLER, Box No. 149 Times Office.

GIRLS WITH GOOD RECOMMENDATIONS wanted immediately at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.; excellent situations now ready for all kinds of experienced servants, also for girls lately landed.

WANTED—IN A DRY-GOODS COMMISSION house, a young man, not less than 18 years of age, who resides with his parents in the City. Address, with reference in handwriting of applicant, Box 1,860.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged Protestant woman, a situation as good plain seamstress and to assist with chamberwork, or would wait on growing children; City reference. Call for two days, from 10 to 12 o'clock, at No. 30 West 25th-st., where the lady can be seen, where she has lived nine years; none need apply but first-class.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED WIDOW OF refinement, a situation to assist in housekeeping, attend an invalid or assist in the care of children; understands all kinds of sewing; can cut and fit children's dresses; will be willing to make herself useful; either City or country; good references given. Address Mrs. A. J. M., New-York or Brooklyn Post Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as seamstress in a private family; understands all kinds of family sewing, dressmaking, fine shirts, Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine. Call for two days, Monday and Wednesday, at her present employer's, No. 20 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS' SITuation by a competent person; understands all kinds of family sewing, and is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's and Grover & Baker's machines; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 107 West 29th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant married woman, without children, a gentleman's house to take charge of for the Summer; has unexceptionable references from last employer. Call or address HOUSEKEEPER, No. 235 East 46th-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT and experienced good cook and baker; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference for honesty, sobriety and capability. Can be seen at No. 404 32d-st., second house west of 9th-av.; wages no object in a respectable family.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook; is a good baker; understands soups, fish, meats, game and pastry; no objection to go in the country. Can be seen at her present employers, No. 120 East 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant young girl as first-class waitress, or would do chamberwork and waiting in a small family. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 12 West 28th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as nurse and seamstress; is capable of taking care of a baby from its birth; no objections to the country; best City references. Call for two days at No. 446 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as cook, washer and ironer; is a good cook and baker; or will do general housework in a small family, in City or country; best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a small private family to cook and to assist at the washing; can give the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 161 West 48th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED PROTESTant widow lady, a situation as lady's nurse, to attend an invalid or to take charge of an infant from its birth; good reference. Call for two days at No. 325 East 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG American girl, a situation as child's nurse and to do plain sewing or light chamberwork; no objection to the country. Call at or address M. L., No. 161 West 20th-st., near 7th-av., top floor, front room, for two days.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN, WORK by the day; she is a first-class cook, and can wash, cook and house clean; the best of reference can be given. Call at No. 412 1st-av., between 24th and 25th sts., in the butcher store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as nurse: can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth; is a good sewer; has three years' good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 39 West 20th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT and experienced good cook and baker, and is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; wages no object in a respectable family. Can be seen at No. 404 32d-st., second house west of 9th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO GENERAL housework in a private family: is an excellent washer and ironer, and a good plain cook; is willing and obliging. Call at No. 203 Mott-st., near Bleecker, in the bakery, from 8 till 12.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has nearly three years' City reference from her last place; no objection to go in the country. Call at No. 402 East 53d-st., near 1st-av. Ring the top bell.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as child's nurse and plain sewer, or would take care of growing children and do chamberwork; can give the best of City references. Call at No. 77 West 28th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WOMAN OF middle age (a Scotch Protestant) as child's nurse; would go to the country, or would travel with a family going to Europe; best of City reference. Call at No. 207 East 20th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH woman, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; understands all kinds of work; no objection to the country; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 347 East 17th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, situations; one, an excellent cook, baker of bread, biscuit; will assist in the washing; can flute; the other will do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing; best of City reference. Call at No. 204 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman, a situation as first-class cook; understands French and English cooking, baking and pastry and all kinds of desserts; the best City reference given. Call at No. 142 West 35th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as waitress; thoroughly understands her business; best City reference. Call or address S. S. ARMSTRONG, No. 211 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A SITuation in a private family; understands all kinds of family cooking; no objection to the country; Newport preferred; has the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 126 West 24th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as good cook and baker; will do part of the washing if required; has no objection to City or country; has the best of reference. Call at or address No. 333 East 25th-st., between 1st and 2d-avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; understands all kinds of soups, fish, meats, game, &c.; good bread and pastry baker; would go a short distance in the country; good reference. No. 339 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands her business thoroughly; bread and pastry; best City reference; no objection to go in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 331 East 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs (store).

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO go out by the day or week to sew; can cut and fit children's clothes and trim ladies' dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; has good City reference. Call at No. 596 8th-av., third floor, between 41st and 42d sts.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY MAN AND WIFE; man to drive and take charge of horses; also understands the care and management of a garden and milk cows; wife as cook; is a good butter maker. Address M. M., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT girl, to go with a family to Europe as lady's maid or children's maid; has been accustomed to traveling; best of City reference. Call for one week at No. 110 2d-av., near 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; good at pastry and butter making; no objections to the country. Call for two days at No. 276 1st-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and plain sewing, in a small private family; City references. Call at No. 93 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as first-class seamstress and dressmaker, by the day, week or month; the country preferred; for the Summer. Call at No. 456 2d-av., third-story.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family as good cook, washer and ironer; best City reference. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 55 West 42d-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman to do chamberwork and waiting, or assist with the washing. Can be seen for two days at No. 239 Lexington-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as first-class cook; no objection to assist at washing and ironing; has good City reference. Apply at No. 321 East 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS waitress, or as chambermaid; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 134 West 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ACTIVE young girl as waitress; has no objection to first-class boarding house. Call at her present place, No. 14 Lexington-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation as laundress; can do fine washing and fluting in all its branches. Can be seen for two days at No. 204 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., from 10 till 3.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as first-class laundress; the best of City reference. Apply at No. 213 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., front room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as laundress; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 17 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman as cook, or assist with washing; no objections to the country; two years' reference. No. 144 West 30th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG GIRL a situation as waitress and chambermaid, or to take care of children in a private family. Can be seen until suited at her present employers, 34 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT good cook; understands all kinds of meats and pastry; city or country; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman to take charge of a baby; understands embroidery; no objections to go in the country; City references. Can be seen at No. 22 Laight-st., near Canal.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FAMILY leaving for Europe for a competent Protestant girl as seamstress and chambermaid, or lady's seamstress. Inquire, for two days, at No. 26 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as cook; understands all kinds of fish, soup, poultry and game, cake, pie, bread and biscuit; first-class references. Can be seen at 338 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced and thoroughly competent invalid nurse; can give the most satisfactory medical reference. Apply at No. 124 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman, a situation as seamstress or chambermaid; good City reference. Apply at No. 239 East 20th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS IN A first-class family; Newport preferred; the best of City reference. No. 47 East 9th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITuation; is a good cook, washer and ironer; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 49 East 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS a situation; can be seen at her last employer's, No. 150 Madison-av.

A YOUNG LADY OF EDUCATION AND refinement desires a position as companion to a lady; is pleasing in manners and willing to make herself useful; no objection to travel; references unexceptionable. Address S. B., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

MRS. LOWE'S INSTITUTE FOR GERman servants, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Bowery.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, a situation as seamstress; would assist in chamberwork or mind one child; has the very best of references as to character and capability. Can be seen until suited at No. 145 West 24th-st., top floor, between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant woman in a private family as seamstress; understands dressmaking and operating on Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 32 East 10th-st. Country preferred.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG SCOTCH WOMAN a situation as infant's nurse; can take full charge of it, night and day; can bring it up on the bottle; is also a good seamstress; no objections to the country; best of reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, who thoroughly understands English, French and American cooking, pastries, breakfast breads, and desserts of all kinds; best of City reference. Call at No. 291 1st-av., in the shoe store, between 16th and 17th sts.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR EXPERIENCED coachmen, gardeners, grooms, farm hands, waiters, useful men, porters, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, laundresses, seamstresses, ladies' maids, nurses, houseworkers, &c. Apply at Employment House, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR A LARGE NUMber of recommended servants, suitable for best private families, hotels, boarding houses, and excellent cooks, chamber girls, &c., for City or country, at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av., 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, or would do general housework in a small private family; best City reference from her last employer. No. 325 East 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A LADY WOULD LIKE TO GET A place for a good honest girl as nurse, or chambermaid and waitress; is a good washer and ironer. Can be seen for two days at present employer's, No. 317 West 33d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A COOK'S SITUATION BY A REspectable English Protestant woman, about 30; she is a very good cook; assist in the washing; or first-class laundress; French fluting, polish, &c.; City or country; reference given. Call at No. 329 4th-av., 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as waitress or chambermaid, and assist with the washing and ironing; no objections to assist with any other work; the best City reference; country calls preferred. Call at 146 West 18th-st.-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT girl to do chamberwork and fine washing, or chamberwork and sewing; best of reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 25 West 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and sewing, in a small private family. Call at No. 93 West 28th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A COOK, WASHER AND ironer, a situation; can take the place of chambermaid and laundress, waitress, or housework. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT nurse; is a good seamstress; would go in the country; has good reference. Apply at No. 218 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as seamstress in a private family; understands dressmaking and all kinds of family sewing; country preferred. Can be seen at No. 125 West 38th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl as chambermaid, washer and ironer; no objection to the country; good reference. Call for two days at No. 144 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GIRL to do general housework. Apply at No. 343 West 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A DRESSMAKER GOING OUT by the day, a few engagements, either in the City or country. Address Miss A., Station G, New-York.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS CHAMBERmaid a situation either as chambermaid or laundress. Apply at her last employer's, 150 Madison-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. No. 183 2d-st., first floor, between Avenues A and B.

MALES.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A single young man, in City or country; thoroughly understands the care and treatment of horses, harness and carriages; is willing to assist in a garden and make himself useful; is honest, sober, industrious, faithful; careful City driver; the best of City references. Address C. A., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A Welchman, married, no incumbrance, who thoroughly understands his business in its various departments; the wife is German, and can do plain sewing and operate on sewing machines; the best of City reference. Address CADWALLADER, Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN INTELLIGENT AMERICAN, of genteel appearance and address (speaks French,) a situation in a private family to make himself generally useful; a superior penman; would like office duty in a hotel or elsewhere; no objection to country. Address immediately, NEWMAN, Box No. 143 *Times* Office.

WANTED—GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A first-class gardener, Scotch, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, besides the laying out of new places. Parties in want of a first-rate man, address O. R., at Alfred Bridgeman's seed store, No. 876 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; one who thoroughly understands his business, and can furnish the best City reference from his last employer. Call or address to D. CAMPBELL'S harness-shop, No. 50 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a middle-aged single man, who is up to his profession; a first-class situation on a gentleman's place; can give good references. Address F., care of J. M. Thorburn & Co., No. 15 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business, in City or country; can milk, or would take care of road horses; has first-class reference. Address T. T., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN who understands his business, as coachman in City or country; first-class reference from his last employer. Address J. McG., Coleman's harness store, No. 1,252 Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable man with twelve years' first-class City reference; is civil, obliging and strictly temperate. Address F. I. H. F., care of Hunt, McDonnell & Co., No. 261 Pearl-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman and groom in City or country; will be found willing and obliging; has first-class City reference from his last employer. Address J. A. M., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN in the country to care horses and work in the garden; will be found willing and obliging; will make himself generally useful. Address B. B., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a respectable young man; understands the business well; would take care of a small garden; is temperate and obliging, and is highly recommended. Address J. B., Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT married coachman and gardener who understands the care of horses, cattle, poultry, &c., and can milk; is a good driver; good reference. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single, reliable man; is a first-rate fruit, flower and vegetable gardener; understands the care of horse and cow; good City reference. Address GARDENER, Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—GARDENER AND FARMER SITuation by a Welshman, (married;) no incumbrance; the wife is a first-class dairymaid; none but first class will be noticed; best of City reference. Address ANTON, Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE PROTestant man as coachman, or to take care of a gentleman's road horses, or to travel with a gentleman; has fifteen years' City reference from his last places. Call or address T. M., No. 64 East 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single man; thoroughly understands his business; City or country; will be found willing and obliging; good City reference from last employer. Address, two days, P. M., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MAN OF RESPECTABILITY and many years' experience, charge of an invalid gentleman, City or traveling; reference good. Address, for two weeks, KENT, No. 49 West 20th-st., City.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; thoroughly understands his business; lived over nine years in his last place. Can be seen until engaged at No. 948 Broadway, saddlery.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN, a situation as nurse; is capable of taking charge of a baby from birth; is a neat, plain sewer. To be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 32 5th-av.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, OF LIGHT weight, a situation as groom or coachman and groom; reference first-class. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 194 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a single Englishman, who fully understands his business; country place preferred. Address O. B., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

TO FARMERS AND BEE-KEEPERS.—The undersigned wishes a situation as above; is conversant with the culture of the Italian Bee, fruit trees, vegetables, &c.; can come well recommended. Call on or address J. J. McCORMICK, No. 302 East 12th-st., New-York City.

PERSONS WANTING A COMPETENT hand to post books, adjust accounts, or do writing of any kind, will address G. F., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

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First-class Furniture in Parlor, Library and Chamber suites of newest styles.
Our entire stock warranted.
BOHNENKAMP & SOSSAU,
(formerly with Campbell & Hoyer,)
Manufacturers,
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MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE,
Established 1850.
Warehouses Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-st., corner of Crosby. Manufactory, No. 379 West 12th-st., extending through to No. 120 Jane-st.
Buyers of furniture are invited to examine the largest stock of fashionable furniture to be found in the City, consisting of
CHAMBER, PARLOR, LIBRARY AND DINING ROOM SUITES OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, AND WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.
Particular attention given to the furnishing of CHURCHES, COUNTRY RESIDENCES, HOTELS, &c.

AT ERNEST ROTH'S FURNITURE Manufactory, No. 58 Bleecker-st., near Broadway—Magnificent parlor suites, covered with any color in French satin brocatel, for $175, $200, $225 and $250; covered with hair-cloth or reps, $75, $85, $100, $125 and $150. Also, a great variety of parlor, bedroom, library and dining-room furniture, mattresses, &c., cheap.

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MACHINERY.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A STEAM HOISTING engine; has been used on Pier No. 6 North River. Apply to HENRY SIMPSON, No. 81 West-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
LOTTERY OF LIFE. Characters by Messrs. John Brougham, Charles Fisher, Edw. Lamb, T. J. Rind, B. T. Ringgold, Miss Effie Germon, Miss Fanny Morant, Miss M. Barrett, Miss F. Carman and others.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy, Mr. C. K. Fox, Mlle. Laurent, Mrs. C. Edmonds, Miss E. Harrison, Mr. F. Sinclair and others.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THE WHITE FAWN.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Montague-st.
LOVE'S SACRIFICE. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, J. W. Albaugh, Geo. Clarke, J. H. Stoddart, Miss Rose Eytinge, Miss Mary Wells, Miss Anna Ward, and others.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
A FLASH OF LIGHTNING. Characters by Messrs. J. K. Mortimer, M. Rankin, J. C. Williamson, G. F. Browne, H. Ryner, H. Murdoch, Miss Blanche Grey, Mrs. G. H. Gilbert, Miss Amelia Harris and others.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THE GRAND DUCHESS. Leading characters by the Misses Worrell.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
THE SONS OF LIBERTY and THE HEART OF THE GREAT CITY. Characters by Mr. G. C. Boniface, Miss Nelly Germon, Mr. R. Johnstone, Mr. Whaley, and others.

NEW STADT THEATRE,
Nos 45 and 47 Bowery.
PAUL JONES, THE GAME COCK OF THE WILDERNESS, &c. Leading characters by Mr. E. Eddy.

BRYANTS' MINSTREL HALL,
14th-st. near 3d-av.
VOCALISTS AND HUMORISTS, DANCES, &c.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
HUMORISTS AND VOCALISTS, BURLESQUES, &c.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.
7th-av., near 58th-st.
POPULAR GARDEN CONCERTS. By a grand Orchestra, under the direction of Theo. Thomas.

PHRENOLOGICAL CLASS ROOM.
No. 389 Broadway.
FREE SCIENTIFIC LECTURES.

FIFTH-AVENUE ART GALLERY.
5th-av., corner 14th-st.
EXHIBITION OF CELEBRATED PAINTINGS.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION of PICTURES and SCULPTURES.

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No. 845 Broadway.
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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly Times must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

Count Von Bismarck has taken a leave of absence to visit his estates and will be absent several months. Herr Von Thile, under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, will act as head of the bureau during the absence of its chief.

At a mass meeting of Ritualists in London, on Monday evening, the present Irish Church establishment was defended by prominent divines.

Mr. Gathorne Hardy threatens to commence proceedings against George Francis Train for an objectionable speech which that gentleman recently made at Manchester.

The University of Cambridge yesterday conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws upon Henry W. Longfellow. The Vice-Chancellor, in conferring the degree, made an address in Latin, in which he referred with marked satisfaction to the appointment of the Hon. Reverdy Johnson to represent the United States in England.

The steamship *Allemannia*, from Hamburg June 3, and Southampton June 5, and the *Ville de Paris*, from Havre June 4, and Brest June 6, arrived in this port yesterday.

CONGRESS.

Mr. Sherman introduced in the Senate yesterday a bill to promote commerce among the several States. He said it proposed the construction of several Railroads running from Washington in various directions, and moved that it be referred to a select Committee to report at the next session of Congress, and such disposition was accordingly made of the bill. The bill to relieve certain citizens of North Carolina from political disabilities was called up, and considerable debate arose upon a proposition to insert the names of several more citizens. An amendment proposing universal amnesty was rejected without a division, and the bill finally passed, yeas 35, nays 6. The bill relative to a national currency was next discussed, the question being the amendment of Mr. Davis, proposing to withdraw a *pro rata* amount from the States having an excess of banking capital, and distribute it among those requiring it, to place them on an equal footing with the former. The discussion of the bill was continued until the hour of adjournment without any action having been taken upon it.

Several petitions were presented in the House relative to taxation. The Senate amendment to the House bill proposing to remove all legal and political disabilities from Roderick R. Butler, member of Congress elect from Tennessee, and to admit him to his seat on taking the ordinary oath, (dispensing with the test oath,) was debated at considerable length and finally agreed to. Mr. Bingham offered a privileged motion requesting the Senate to return the House joint resolution which proposed to give 20 per cent. additional compensation to certain civil employes of the Government, which was adopted. Mr. Ferry, from the Post Office Committee, presented a bill and a report relative to the erection of a Post Office at New-York, which were ordered printed. The report recommends the building of the Post Office on the site selected—City Hall-square—the adoption of the plans presented, and appropriating the required amount. The bill making appropriations for the repair, preservation and completion of certain public works was taken up. The item proposing to open communication between Green Bay and the Mississippi River, through Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, met with much opposition, and was defended by the members from the Northwest. Pending the debate the House adjourned.

GENERAL.

A school-house in Monroe, Conn., was struck by lightning yesterday morning, and three children, 6, 10 and 13 years of age, were instantly killed.

Gov. English, of Connecticut, yesterday signed the bill providing for an inebriate asylum to be located at Wilton, in that State.

A Montreal dispatch reports that many car loads of arms, understood to belong to the Fenians, have been unloaded at Potsdam.

Gen. Adelbert Ames has been appointed Governor of Mississippi, *vice* Humphreys, removed, and Capt. Jerome Myers has relieved Attorney-General Hooker of the duties of that office.

Secretary Seward will return to Washington from Auburn, to-day or to-morrow.

Charles Mason, who was convicted at Lockport, Niagara County, of the murder of his wife, has been sentenced to be hung on the 6th of August. He made a speech of an hour and a half to the Court, protesting his innocence.

The Chicago *Illustrated News* has been suspended after eight weeks' trial. The circulation had reached fifteen thousand, and the proprietor had exhausted his capital.

The license of Nicholas Heisler, as first-class engineer on the steamer *Tacony*, was revoked at St. Louis on Saturday, for violating the United States law by forcing boilers beyond the limited pressure.

The New-Orleans Board of Health report the city perfectly healthy, there not being a single case of yellow fever or cholera. The report is dated the 10th inst.

Hon. James Guthrie has resigned the Presidency of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, a position which he has held for a number of years. The charter requires that the President of the Company shall sign all its bonds, and this, from the state of his health, Mr. Guthrie is unable to do.

It is thought that the fire in Sibley's twine factory at Mansfield, Mass., on Friday, caught from the explosion of a torpedo in a bale of cotton. The cotton was being run through the picker when an explosion took place, shattering the machinery and setting the room on fire. The man attending the picker was severely burned, beside being severely injured. He managed to escape, however, from the burning building. In a few minutes the whole building was in flames, and several persons employed in the factory were injured by jumping from the windows.

The main building, drying house and mixing room of the Lyndeboro Glass Company, with all the material therein, were destroyed by fire on Monday morning. Loss not ascertained; insured for $5,000.

Hon. Wm. Hancock died at his residence in Dudley, Mass., on the 14th inst., aged 76 years. Col. Hancock was a lineal descendant of John Hancock of Revolutionary memory. He was State Senator for several years, and was largely interested and occupied with town affairs during his active life.

The Democrats are organizing Jackson Associations in all the New-England States.

The United States Consul at Matanzas reports that cases of cholera had occurred in that town since the 26th of May, but the shipping has remained healthy.

The first stone in the foundations of the new Illinois State House, at Springfield, was laid on Thursday afternoon last.

John Claude Russlee, a Frenchman, 52 years of age, drank two quarts of cold lager in Buffalo, on Saturday morning, and died in a short time afterward.

A bill was introduced in the New-Hampshire Legislature on Monday, which provides that all foreign insurance companies shall pay annually into the State Treasury a tax equivalent to one per cent. on their gross receipts for policies insured to New-Hampshire parties.

Franklin Haven, Jr., entered upon the duties of his office as United States Assistant Treasurer, in Boston, on Monday.

All the distilleries in the Eighth Congressional District were yesterday closed by order of the Internal Revenue Department at Washington.

The Supreme Court yesterday denied the motion for an injunction in the case of Hatch *vs.* The Police Commissioners, &c. Mr. Hatch is the proprietor of a saloon on Broadway, and a few days ago Superintendent Kennedy directed that patrolmen be stationed in front of plaintiff's premises to warn strangers. Mr. Hatch thereupon instituted proceedings to restrain the Police authorities from keeping officers around his door for that purpose. Judge Ingraham, in his decision, says: "As the affidavits on the part of the defence show the establishment of the plaintiff to be such as not to be entitled to commendation, I am not disposed to grant the injunction prayed for. The motion, therefore, is denied."

At the Jerome Park Races yesterday there were four races. The first was won by Mr. Jerome's b. f. *Rapture*, the second by T. S. Watson's b. f. *Bonnie Braes*, the third was won easily by T. W. Weldon's ch. g. *Aldebaran*, and the fourth by L. G. Morris' gr. h. *Stonewall Jackson*, who had a walk over, having no opponent.

The Board of Health met yesterday afternoon. Mr. Robert Bonner presented a petition for a stay of proceedings in the matter of an order from the Board relative to filling up a number of wet lots in Sixth-avenue, belonging to him. The matter was referred to Mr. Seth C. Hawley to take testimony. Dr. Harris' weekly letter reported 392 deaths in New-York and 150 in Brooklyn, during the past week.

At the meeting of the Board of Excise yesterday, thirty-one cases of alleged violation of the Excise law were presented for trial. Of these, five were adjourned and sixteen were revoked.

Yesterday Commissioner Osborne directed that Collector Bailey, who was recently charged with perjury by a tool of the whisky ring named Davis, should be honorably discharged. The Commissioner, moreover, deemed the evidence so strong that Davis himself had committed perjury in order to get the complaint before the public, that on the conclusion of the hearing he ordered him to be taken into custody by the United States Marshal, to be held until a warrant could be made out for his arrest. He will be held for trial on a charge of perjury.

Purser Frederick W. Ely, of the steamship *Herman Livingston*, will accept our thanks for Savannah papers.

Cotton and Flour were rather more freely purchased yesterday at somewhat firmer prices. Spring Wheat advanced 2c.@3c. a bushel, on a more active demand, chiefly speculative. Oats were a trifle lower, and quiet. Corn sold to a fair extent, but closed heavily. There was more call for the leading articles in the Provision line. Pork and Lard were quoted a shade higher. Groceries were inactive. The freight market was firmer, on a moderate business.

Peace Between Congress and the President.

It is of infinitely less importance to the country now than it has been at any time during the last three years, that there should be peace and harmony between Congress and the President.

Still it is extremely desirable for the public interests that there should be as little wrangling as possible, and that the true parties should coöperate as far as they conveniently can, in such practical legislation as is yet necessary, and in such measures as are required for the complete restoration of the Union. There will be a considerable amount of important business between this time and the close of President Johnson's term which will be greatly facilitated if the Legislative and Executive branches instead of thwarting each other, in every matter great and small, should agree to place the interests of the country before those of party, and should sink personal animosities for the public good.

We should think that the prompt and willing confirmation by the Senate of the nomination of Reverdy Johnson, might indicate to the President the possibility of his adopting a course that would secure him a large support without necessitating any very great sacrifices. In this instance the nominee was a Democrat, a Border State man, and an opponent of impeachment; and yet the Senate could not have treated the nomination in a more complimentary manner if he had been a leader in the Republican party, and if the President had been the object of their particular admiration. Had the President persisted in nominating for the position men like McClellan, the wrangle over the appointment might have gone on till the close of the session, and our Government would have remained unrepresented in London at an important period. So also in the previous instance of the nomination for the War Department. The President was prudent enough to send in the name of Gen. Schofield, and it was at once accepted by the Senate. Had he sent in the names of some of the obnoxious men who were pressed on him by those who claim to be his especial "friends," the imbroglio as to the War Department might have continued to the present day.

In other matters, the President seems inclined to make the war with Congress less persistent and bitter than it has been. He has not yet vetoed the Arkansas Reconstruction bill, which was sent to him on Monday of last week, and as his time for vetoing it will expire to-morrow, we may hope he has no intention of doing so. If he does not veto this, there will be no reason for his vetoing the other Reconstruction bill sent him last week, which covers six other Southern States. He knows his veto will be useless; he knows it can have no other effect than to keep up the irritation which has already wrought incalculable damage, and he must know it will be injurious to the interests of the Southern States.

It only needs that the President should exercise some discretion and judgment till the end of his term, to enable him to leave his office with a great deal more respect and credit than he will do if the wrangle and jangle is kept up with Congress till its close. And we have no doubt that Congress will be a great deal more reasonable in its dealings with him, if he show himself possessed of a reasonable spirit of compromise. If he cannot now do the country much good, he can even yet save it from a great deal of harm.

The Tax Bill Killed—Preparing for the Campaign.

The Tax bill has been, in effect, thrown overboard. The work of revising and reforming the internal revenue system, to which the Ways and Means Committee contributed five months' patient labor, has been summarily suspended. And the House proposes to content itself with a measure restricted to distilled spirits and tobacco, which the Committee has been instructed to prepare.

The opposition to the general bill has been conducted most dishonestly. It was by no means perfect. Its details were needlessly elaborate, and its reproduction of the present income tax, with all its defects, was a decided mistake. But it was, at any rate, a genuine attempt to reform a system which is notoriously bad. It laid hold of many of the evils from which the Treasury suffers, and provided remedies which, though incomplete, would have brought about many and material improvements. Members, therefore, did not venture to oppose it bodily. None was bold enough to uphold the present system or to deny the necessity of amendment. They carried on the fight with false colors, and from masked batteries. They pretended to be anxious for reform, and deplored the exigencies which made its attainment impossible. They wanted a good bill, and were grieved that they could not find time to pass one. For a time they shrank from the responsibility of declining to make the attempt, and actually voted down projects for postponement. On Monday they grew bolder, and—still dodging the responsibility of a directly hostile vote—contrived to smother the bill under a resolution directing the preparation of one of quite a different character. In this way, Republicans and Democrats, united, succeeded in preventing the thorough reform which both profess to desire.

The separate bill on which the Committee is now engaged will probably be useful as far as it goes. It may confound the whisky ring by reducing the tax, and may furnish more efficient machinery for collecting the tax both on spirits and tobacco. It is fair to assume that to this extent the Committee will do good service. But it will be fragmentary, incomplete and therefore unsatisfactory service, after all. There can be nothing thorough and systematic in a change restricted to a couple of articles, leaving the general inefficiency of the revenue system untouched. Besides, the plea which prevailed against the general bill may in turn triumph over the special one. The Committee must consume some days in maturing the proposed bill, the consideration of which will require several days more. In truth, as Mr. Schenck pointed out, the time that will be necessarily consumed in framing and debating a new measure would have sufficed for the complete examination of the other one, which by Monday's vote was quietly shelved. It is not easy to escape the conclusion that the coalesced Republicans and Democrats, seventy-four in all, who voted for putting off thorough reform, were influenced quite as much by want of will as want of time.

Mr. Butler, as usual, confessed what others conceal. "We are here," he exclaimed, "when we ought to be in the midst of a campaign"—and so forth. That is the view, exactly. The seventy-four patriots who voted against reforming taxation and rectifying the rottenness of the revenue system, entertain a different idea of duty from that which elsewhere prevails. They have no relish for that version of legislative duty which implies hard, persistent, judicious work in providing for the wants of the Government and the country. According to Mr. Butler's theory, members of Congress go to Washington to play politics—to roar about impeachment, rave about corruption, rant about the President, and enact the demagogue generally. Anything in the shape of practical legislation and real reform is to him a nuisance.

Not in this manner is the Republican interest in the campaign to be promoted. Mr. Butler may imagine that "to save the country to the men who have fought for it for the last eight years," it is only necessary to mount the stump and pour forth partizan slang with all the heat and bitterness of war-time. He is evidently persuaded that he, and such as he, may carry the country by the sheer force of shouting and impudence. We hope the delusion is not prevalent, for it tends unmistakably to defeat and disgrace. The tactics of Mr. Butler served well some time ago. But the Republican Party must make up its mind to an entirely different mode of carrying on the present canvass. The time is past when gong-beating, and much shouting, and fierce gesticulation will enable the party to achieve great victories. It is on its trial in Congress now. Its pretensions will be measured by its policy, and its policy by its fruits; and these will be fewer and more worthless than they ought to be, unless both House and Senate mend their ways during the next month. The Senate is trying to tax labor by inflating the currency. And the House, while unable to spare time for the revision of the tax system, has leisure enough to squander two millions among the clerks of the departments. This is how Congress prepares for the campaign.

The Havre Maritime Fair.

The Havre Fair, though opening, like its great Paris prototype, bunglingly and chaotically promises, when order shall be brought out of its confusion, to become successful, if not brilliant. Local in its conduct and limited in its interest, the exhibition claims, nevertheless, an international character, inasmuch as the marine products and the inventions of the whole globe are there to a considerable extent displayed in comparison.

So far, indeed, as concerns the specific aim of the Fair, it is rather national than international—a point urged with force in our Senate, when Mr. Sumner proposed to aid American exhibitors in transporting and showing their goods. France, so long outstripped by England and the United States in commerce, and especially in her mercantile marine, has, of late, under the adroit guidance and fostering of the Emperor Napoleon, astonishingly leaped ahead. Her colonies are as carefully nurtured and cared for as potted plants; her dock-yards hum with busy work; her commercial trans-oceanic lines, once as few as the fingers on the hand, now ramify and stretch around the globe; the world's carrying trade, in which she was once a despised pretender, if pretender at all, she now appreciably shares; her passenger and freight steamers have driven some American lines from the seas, and presume to compete with those of Great Britain.

To help on the progress thus begun, and to bring the neglected commercial marine of the French people up to an equality with that of her two great maritime rivals, this fair at Havre is probably designed. The heads of bureaus in navigation, public works and commerce were directed to give it their aid and the *éclat* of their names. In fact, a considerable part of the inauguration speech of M. Nicolle, the originator of the idea, is occupied with rendering thanks to illustrious official patrons. The rest of it turns on the entrance of France as a contestant into the arena of maritime commerce. "National industry in France," he says, "is now centering its hopes and its preoccupations toward those points where it sees hopes of foreign markets. Feeling, as it were, in presence of an insufficient interior market, and with the ground slipping from beneath its feet, this industry, disquieted by its power of production, turns its regards toward the sea, which opens to it the great commercial routes of the universe." Such, then, is the key to this exhibition. "Such," says M. Nicolle, with remarkable frankness, "Such was the motive and such the anxiety which suggested the Havre Exhibition."

Nevertheless, the benefits of this exhibition cannot be simply national. Granted that it is "about to reveal in a serious manner the industrial and maritime situation of France," it will also dissolve to some extent the relative maritime situations of all nations. The five groups of navigation, agriculture, fishing, goods, and complemental classes, with their subdivisions into forty and more classes, embrace the whole range of commerce and the marine. The department of naval construction will receive marked attention; so will that of fisheries; so especially will that of inventions for saving life in wrecks. There will be much to learn regarding the equipment of vessels and the marine products of all nations. In short, we shall be very much disappointed if the Havre Exhibition, while but a faint echo, in some respects, of that of Paris, do not prove itself eminently useful and worthy of close study by all maritime nations.

Southern Idea of Democratic Duty.

The proposition to limit the Democratic declaration on the subject of suffrage to an affirmation of the exclusive authority of the States is not favorably received at the South. The journals opposed to the Congressional policy contend that such a declaration will be sorry consolation to communities in which negro enfranchisement has been established by Federal authority. They realize the hopelessness of any attempt to undo the work of Congress which the Southern whites may make. They see that the blacks are not likely to surrender the power with which they have been invested, and that any local movement to disfranchise them by force would assume the character of rebellion, and provoke the prompt interference of the National Government. Hence it is insisted that the duty of the Democratic Party is to charge itself with the responsibility of demolishing the whole structure reared by Congress in the Southern States—undoing all that has been done, reëstablishing white supremacy, and putting things generally into the position they occupied before the war. The case is plainly stated by more than one Georgia journal, and we catch glimpses of it in other quarters. The opinion is entertained that the Northern Democrats, so soon as they obtain control of the Government, should and will rush to the rescue of their Southern friends; and the New-York Convention is relied upon to proclaim this purpose as an integral part of the policy to be fought for in the Presidential campaign.

How this policy comports with the doctrine of State rights, and how the Democrats who recommend it propose to reconcile it with their protest against alleged Congressional usurpations, we are left to guess. The oracles that promulgate it are ominously silent, both as to the logic of the policy, and the means to be employed in its execution. They appear not to have discovered that the right of Congress to enfranchise is at least as good as the asserted right to disfranchise; and they carefully conceal from view the certainty that the course they advocate would lead to another uprising of national loyalty, and a more complete squelching of whatever rebel elements remain in operation.

We do not attribute to the great body of the Southern whites the most remote sympathy with the passion and folly which these utterances indicate. We know that the insanity of any overt act against the new order of things, or any scheme looking to the intervention of a Democratic Government, is too widely conceded to leave room for serious fear. The course of the Southern extremists is, however, worth noticing in connection with the conflict now going on in the ranks of the Democracy. It shows that the men who seek to silence the moderate section of the party, and to conduct the canvass under the old Copperhead flag, are the advocates of a policy which points directly to strife and difficulty.

MINOR TOPICS.

The two branches of the defensive forces of Canada—regulars and volunteers—have been actively preparing themselves for the emergencies threatened by the Fenian reports circulated during the past few weeks. The *Globe* reports that arrangements for invasion are so perfect that in less than twelve hours an army of more formidable numbers than that mustered in June, 1866, could be brought together, with full equipments in camp material, tents, clothing, and everything necessary to the soldier. All the regulars and volunteers in the Province are brigaded, and everything is in readiness for the Fenian advances. But where are the Fenians?

A Democratic paper thinks that "on the subject of the public debt the Democratic Convention may safely repeat the declaration of the Chicago Convention, which means nothing." We fear it means a good deal too much for Pendleton and the Repudiators. We, at all events, shall be perfectly satisfied with that particular plank of the Democratic platform, if they adopt this suggestion.

Our Pekin correspondent furnishes further news of rebel irruptions and movements in the Chinese Empire. These movements are much less formidable now than they were some years since, though the insurgents have lately approached nearer the capital than they have been since 1853. But neither the Imperial dynasty nor the established order of things is in any danger. It will be observed that the Chinese Government deals very promptly with incompetent Generals, however high their rank. Tseng-Hung-Chang having failed to bring forward his troops with all speed, the Emperor has issued a decree: "Let his two-eyed peacock plume be plucked away, his yellow robe be stripped off, and the hereditary rank of Captain of the Imperial Horse Guards be revoked." The wretch is then handed over to the Board of Punishments, to be rigorously dealt with.

The President, it seems, has declared that he does not intend to nominate any successor of Rollins, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, until he can find an *efficient and honest* man who will receive assurances in advance of his confirmation by the Senate. The quick and pleasing confirmation by the Senate of the President's nomination of Reverdy Johnson, last week, ought to encourage him in making other good appointments.

The *National Intelligencer* argues in favor of raising the salaries of Government clerks, saying that they "are continually levied upon to pay the expenses of Radical campaigns, and are called upon to sustain the very men who are denying to them the actual necessaries of life." This is rather curious ground for a Democratic paper.

Everybody hasn't an umbrella, and many who have umbrellas leave them at home on these June mornings when there is a fair promise of sunshine and none of shower. Now, on behalf of all such, we make appeal to the storekeepers of the narrow down-town streets especially. We do not ask them to furnish new umbrellas for these people; we only ask those of them who hang out awnings, to keep the sun from their shop windows, either to stretch them out far enough to shelter the entire footpath, or to haul them up when the rain begins to fall. When a Summer shower comes down upon these awnings of limited stretch, the result is that pedestrians, who must move on, are the recipients of an elongated shower-bath as they paddle in a sea of drip below. If it were not for risk of life and limb the sidewalks on such occasions would be deserted for the streets. As it is, the uncovered plod along and suffer for lack of a little thoughtfulness on the part of the shopkeepers.

Massachusetts appears to have a more wanton, arrogant and greedy lobby connected with its Legislature than any other State of the Union. The Springfield *Republican* gives a history of its operations during the late session, from which it appears that the buying and selling of votes and members was carried on in a style that would shock even Albany and Harrisburg. We are told that "every public or private interest that seeks protection or enlargement at the General Court has had to pay tribute, willingly or unwillingly to the lobby." All those in the State who aspired to political preferment, whether as Governors, Councilors, Senators, or even Representatives to Congress, have had to conciliate the lobby, or sacrifice their chances. The State-house has been placed almost entirely under its custody. Every legislative scheme is met with the loud and insolent challenge of the lobby, and is required to give its name and explain its case; to tell what money it has got, and what it expects to get. The lobby itself is in the permanent charge of three or four men of the most insignificant abilities and contemptible character; and if half that the *Republican* tells of it be true, we of New-York may at least be thankful that we are no worse than other men are, even though we are not Pharisees.

Mr. Butler, (according to the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*,) has been showing around a private note from Assistant Secretary Cooper to President Johnson, speaking of Henderson as "safe," which is understood to have *been stolen for Butler from Johnson's desk.* The correspondent, who evidently has a rather curious idea of honor and morals, adds: "If this furnished any conclusive evidence, men would overlook the way in which it was obtained; as it is, they are beginning to question whether the results secured are sufficient warrant for the means employed." We must confess our inability to see any justification whatever for such dishonorable conduct; and we can see no evidence of bribery or corruption in Mr. Cooper informing the President that Senator Henderson was "safe."

The confession of O'Farrell, executed in Australia for his desperate attempt on the life of the Duke of Edinburgh, seems to set that action in a new light. He declares that he did not act on the suggestion of any society of Fenians, either in the Colony or elsewhere. He acted from his own feeling of what he conceived to be the wrongs of Ireland. He also declared he was sorry for his conduct. It is not improbable that his violent purpose to kill the Prince grew out of that excited and brooding savagery that more or less accompanies indulgence in strong drink, and that, at times, works with the effect of sudden delirium. His steadiness of demeanor in his last hours leads to the belief that his statement was a correct one.

Dr. Frank Hamilton publishes in the *Medical Gazette* a strong protest against debarring from all public office such medical practitioners as served as surgeons, or in any other professional capacity, in the Confederate army. He calls on Congress to modify the iron-clad oath of July, 1862, so far as it applies to them. During the war surgeons were considered literally as non-combatants, and it was established by cartel that when acting under the authority of the rebel Government, and holding commissions, they were not to be recognized as combatants, or in any sense as offenders, any more than private citizens acting in the same capacity. If captured, they were not to be held as prisoners, but, without waiting for exchange, they were to be returned as speedily as possible. Under these and other circumstances, it is unjust to punish or disqualify them now. Dr. Hamilton says that a large number of our most distinguished and valuable medical brethren at the South are still waiting for their pardons for having served under the Confederate Government as physicians and surgeons; and some have suffered confiscation of their property, for no other offence than this, so far as we can ascertain. It must be understood, however, that a "pardon" does not relieve the offender from the requirements of the "test oath." We are sure Congress might very well modify the act in its application to these gentlemen.

New-York should have its free baths, as well as Boston, in which city there are now fourteen of them, beneficially and cheaply maintained. In the last warm season, over 700,000 men and boys—the boys the great majority by far—used them; and over 100,000 women and girls—the latter, like the boys, being the greater numbers. Our Legislature has passed a bill for ten free baths, to be placed on both our rivers, and some further action should be taken in the matter. The municipality of New-York may remember, or should remember that the sister capital, Constantinople, has three hundred baths for the people—either free, or so low in their charges, as to be within reach of almost everybody. Since Mr. Beecher declares he does not care much about names, forms or dogmas, our City Fathers may blamelessly take a leaf out of the Koran, in this connection. We should not be "worse than Turks" in the matter of cleanliness.

Mr. John Plummer's life of James Gale, published in England, is a very interesting biography of a blind man. Gale, in former ages, would have been a bard or musician; in our time he was remarkable for a scientific genius of invention, and the character of his discoveries is curious enough. He invented an ammunition slide and rudder ball cartridge which secures a wonderful rapidity in rifle discharges; he invented what he called a "fog-shell," which, when it burst on an enemy's deck could envelop the ship in a vapor or smoke, through which nothing could be seen; he also invented a balloon by which a shell, thrown from a height, could make a large and sweeping clearance of men and things wherever it may alight. His meditations also ran on gunpowder, and he discovered a way to render it non-explosive—a sort of set-off against the lethal nature of the other inventions. The belligerent bump must be large on the human head, when a man in his condition could give his mind so ardently to the deadly projectiles, the battle fog and the terrible theme of gunpowder.

THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

The Great Eruption—The Earth-Eruption in Kau—The Earth Quivering "Like the Lid of a Boiling Pot"—The Tidal Wave—Three Weeks of Earthquakes—Great Loss of Life.

From an Occasional Correspondent.

Hilo, Hawaii, Saturday, April 18, 1868.

On the 27th ult. a series of earthquakes commenced in the districts of Hilo, Kau and Kona. They became more frequent and startling from day to day, until the succession became so rapid that the island quivered, like the lid of a boiling pot, nearly all the time between the heavier shocks. The trembling was much like that of a ship when struck by a great wave, or upon the discharge of a heavy battery.

On the 28th, Mauna Loa, our great volcanic mountain, was seen to be on fire. Old Mokuaweoweo, the summit-crater, breathed out fire and smoke from her deep throat. Soon the Southern slope of the mountain was rent open, and from four different points fiery streams issued and ran off in divergent lines, obliterating hills and filling up valleys in their course.

The largest of these streams ran in a southerly direction, toward the Kona district, about fifteen miles. Then, suddenly, all the mountain-valves closed. The fire, the smoke, the stream, disappeared together. All sub-aerial action seemed to have ceased. All eyes were looking to the hills, and every one was inquiring, "Where is the volcano?"

The great lateral crater of Mauna Loa was meanwhile in unusually furious action. Kilauea is never entirely quiescent; but now it boiled and roared, throwing down avalanches of rocks from its mighty perpendicular walls. This crater is nine miles in circumference, and for many years past has been about 1,000 feet deep; but now, drained by the vast outpouring of melted minerals from below, the plateau of indurated lavas which forms the bottom of this immense crater has sunk hundreds of feet, and the entire depth is much greater than before. This crater, which is constantly active, should not be confounded with the terminal or summit crater upon the same mountain. It is from the latter that our great eruptions commonly make their first appearance, pouring forth a beacon-light of fiery lava at a height of 14,000 feet above the sea. But the lateral crater seldom fails to be effected by the mighty forces which raise the molten lava to this elevation.

It soon became evident, in this case, that the great molten ocean, which had commenced its overflow from the summit of the volcanic mountain, was now about to force an outlet at some less elevated point. Instead of pouring from the mouth of Mokuaweoweo the flood of fusion was pressing, melting and rending its way along subterranean channels with a power that the very foundations of our island could not withstand.

With the disappearance of the fire from the terminal crater the first terrible shock of earthquake occurred. It prostrated a large church and several dwelling houses in Kahuku, near the southern extremity of the island, and filled all the inhabitants of that region with consternation.

From this time until the 2d inst. no fire was visible except in Kilauea. There the action was intense. Large portions of the floor of the crater were broken up by floods of fusion and explosions of steam. The outer walls of the crater were shattered and rent, and earthquakes followed each other in rapid succession, the earth quivering almost incessantly by day and night. At Hilo the ground throbbed and trembled with motions that daily grew more positive and intense. The movement was sometimes lateral, sometimes vertical, sometimes undulating or rotary, yet nothing seriously alarming occurred until Thursday, the 2d of April.

On this day, at 4 P. M., an event occurred which defies description. Such a shock has no record in the memory, the history, or the traditions of these Islands. It lasted from two to three minutes, and was terrific. Houses jarred, cracked, swayed, slid, rose and sunk upon their foundations. Many buildings in Kau, including nearly all the churches, and some in Hilo, fell. Many others which stood are so racked and broken as to be nearly useless. Most of the stone buildings, including the Hilo Jail, were destroyed. Trees swayed and fell; thousands of yards of stone fences went down; great boulders were rolled and tossed about like footballs. Land-slides were numerous, and precipices fell thundering into the sea. The earth rent in a thousand places; fissures opened from one inch to six, eight and ten feet in breadth. The streets and fields of Hilo cracked, and seams opened all around us, where we had supposed that volcanic forces had long ago left their final traces. Riders and horsemen were thrown to the ground, and multitudes of men were prostrated by the shock. In Kau the convulsions of the earth were so tremendous that men had to steady themselves by holding on to shrubs and rocks, in order to avoid being bruised against the ground. Our streams ran mud. Our houses were strewn with debris from garret to cellar. Bureaus, tables, cabinets, bookcases, wardrobes, glass and earthenware,—all moveable things in short,—were thrown pell-mell. My largest bookcase, which stood nearly east and west, was prostrated toward the north; while my cabinet of shells, which stood at right angles to the former direction, remained standing; seeming to prove that the most violent lateral oscillations, at least, were in the direction of the magnetic needle. Dr. Wetmore's drug-store was thrown into utter disorder; the whole house fumed with the mixture of incompatible acids, the floor was covered with the wreck of glass bottles and retorts, and it is a marvel that explosion and fire did not occur. The confused noises, the dust, the awful throes of the earth, the falling of rocks into the sea, the consternation of men and animals, made a scene which baffles description,—a scene of terror such as our islands have never witnessed before. The crust of the earth rose and sank like the sea in a storm. It seemed as if the rocky ribs of the mountains and the granite walls and pillars of the world were breaking. At this moment the ground was suddenly rent open in Kau, between the lands of Messrs. Reed and Richardson and Judge F. S. Lyman. As quickly as the discharge of a battery or the explosion of a shell, a vast eruption of mud, rocks and earth (not heated) took place, disgorging a mass three miles long and half as wide, which instantaneously buried a village with its 31 native inhabitants, and 500 or 600 head of cattle. The discharge was so sudden that there was no escape for those within its range. At the same time the sea rose and fell rapidly all around the shores of the island, a coast circumference of 200 miles. In Hilo Bay it came up to Front-street, a height of six or eight feet above high water mark. In the district of Puna it rose from ten to fifteen feet, sweeping away a number of houses, and drowning one person. But in Kau the tidal wave came in twenty or twenty-five feet high, destroying all the villages and churches of the lower shores, and drowning scores of people. Men, women and children, with all their earthly substance, were swept away in an instant. Nearly 100 people, in all, were killed, and seventy or eighty escaped wounded from the scene of the catastrophe.

Some of the survivors of that afflicted district escaped by sea to the Island of Oahu. Others are still holding on to the trembling earth where their desolated homes remain. But most of the inhabitants fled to the districts of Hilo and Puna, a two days' journey. Hundreds are houseless wanderers, bereft of all worldly possessions. Scores of them are in our village. Not only their houses, but also, in many cases, their plantations and lands are swallowed up. Their accounts are affecting. This man says: "My house is fallen, and my wife and two children are dead, 'and I am left alone to tell thee.'" They come to Hilo like Job's messengers of grief, one treading upon the heel of another. The next messenger says: "I was eating with my family in my house on the shore, when suddenly a great wave struck the building, and, of six, 'I am left alone to tell thee.'" Another comes to me saying: "My husband and children were fishing on the sea-shore, and a great wave took them out to sea, 'and I am left alone to tell thee.'" Another hurries in and says, "I was in the field catching my horse, when lo! the earth rent and disgorged vast masses of mud, swallowing up my house and my lands and my family of thirteen, 'and I alone am escaped to tell thee.'" And I might go on and repeat indefinitely these tales of woe—of parents made childless, children made orphans, husbands and wives sundered or buried together with children, friends, houses and all their possessions in a moment of time. But I forbear. God's dealings with Kau are indeed terrible, yet it cannot be because they are "sinners above all men."

These terrible phenomena occurred mainly upon the 2d of April. On the 7th Mauna Loa was again rent open, this time near its southern base, and a flood of incandescent lava burst out. The great stream of mixed fusion is now pouring into the sea near the southern cape of Hawaii, and the heaving earth is relieved. Since this outburst of the pent-up fires we have felt relief from apprehension. The earthquakes, indeed, continue, but with diminished force and at wider intervals. We trust the great danger is over. Families who camped out at night are returning to their houses, and a thousand hands are busy at repairs.

As earthquakes have never before proved destructive at these islands, we hope that the late phenomena will not be soon repeated. Still we find ourselves holding our treasures more loosely than heretofore, not knowing how long they may be ours.

The natives were less alarmed than the foreign residents. The terror of children, particularly, was pitiable. Few slept in Hilo during the night of the great earthquakes. The whole town was out of doors. Men walked under the tamarind and guava trees, or sat in the low and light thatched huts of the natives, watching the glow of the distant eruption. For several nights we did not occupy our own house but took refuge under a thatched roof. Our people were for several days in such an excited state that they started at the rustling of a leaf. For a time after returning to our home we slept near an open door, in order to be able to leave on a moment's warning, if necessary.

We trust that we have now seen the end of the most gigantic, if not the most destructive, eruption on record.

T. C.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatrical.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Some additional scenes were introduced in the pantomime at this theatre on Monday evening. One or two are exceedingly clever, and all are amusing. A practical joke in the shape of a model steamboat, which is constructed by the clown from an old watch-box, an urn of steaming coffee, a pair of boot-legs, and the wheels of a spinning-jenny excited roars of laughter. The ultimate blowing up of this odd concern forms quite a ludicrous climax to one of the best scenes of the renewed "Humpty Dumpty." A lively ballet representing the interior of a dancing school, in which Mlle. Sangoli personates one of the pupils, and Mr. Fox, a modest neophyte, is also exceedingly entertaining. With the new scenes the pantomime stands a fair chance of repeating its already long run.

VARIOUS DRAMATIC ITEMS.

Mr. Harrison's dramatic entertainment, advertised to take place at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, will come off to-night. "Love's Sacrifice" will be acted by one of the best combinations of talent yet introduced to a Brooklyn public on any single occasion. Mr. J. W. Wallack will appear as *Mathew Elmore*, Miss Rose Eytinge as *Margaret*, Mr. Stoddart as *Jean Russ*, Mr. G. H. Clarke as *St. Lo* and Mr. Harkins, Miss Mary Wells and half a dozen other excellent artists will give effect to the other parts.

The semi-private performance which Mme. Ristori is to give for the benefit of a distinguished Italian lady, will be given on next Wednesday night at the French Theatre. The entertainment will comprise a comedy, in four acts, called "I Pazzi Per Progetto," and a one-act piece called "Le Jaloux Heureux," in which Mme. Ristori, Cesare Ristori, (her brother,) Bianca and Giorgio Ristori, (her children,) and Sig. Bozzo and Signora Casati will appear.

A Compliment to the New-York Bar.—Hon. Charles P. Kirkland, of this City, Judge Doe, of the Supreme Court of New-Hampshire, and Chief Justice Bradley, of Rhode Island, have been selected by the Faculty of Harvard Law School, Cambridge, as the Committee to award the prizes to the graduating class at the annual commencement. The choice of Mr. Kirkland is a compliment not only to a jurist of acknowledged ability, but to the Bar of New-York.

FOREIGN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE VILLE DE PARIS AND ALLEMANNIA.

The steamship *Ville de Paris*, of the Compagnie Générale Translantique, which left Havre June 5 and Brest June 6, arrived at this port yesterday with two days' later news than was at hand by the *City of Antwerp*. Capt. SURMONT has our thanks for late Paris papers.

The steamship *Allemannia*, from Hamburg, June 3 and Southampton June 5, arrived last evening.

The London *Star* says:

"Mr. BRIGHT spoke on Wednesday, (June 4,) at Liverpool to a crowded meeting in the Amphitheatre, convened by the Welsh National Reform Association. Some interruptions of the proceedings had been feared, for the Orangemen had been at work forging tickets of admission. The forgery was, however, discovered, and the meeting was not interrupted.

Mr. BRIGHT's speech dealt almost exclusively with the Irish Church question. It was listened to with profound attention, and there can be no doubt that its effect on the country will be very great."

The London *Times* says of the new turret-ship *Monarch:*

"The Admiralty have at last produced their conception of a turret-ship, and a finer target than the *Monarch*—the first turret-ship constructed in the Queen's dockyards—for an enemy's artillery, was surely never designed. Rising out of the water with a freeboard of fourteen feet, she extends her long side, unbroken by a single porthole, for more than a hundred yards, two-thirds part of which are unarmored, except at the water-line, and the rest is protected by seven-inch armor, which the guns of the Russian, Prussian, French and American navies would all be able to shatter. She combines the greatest defensive weakness with the smallest offensive power. She is 5,000 tons, and only carries 7 guns. At sea her unarmored hull will generally be exposed, and she will rarely be able to fire her guns with any accurate aim. She will cost not less than £400,000, and in all the most essential portions of Admiral GOLDSBOROUGH's definition, it may be safely predicted that the *Monarch* will fail."

The *Times* Dublin correspondent, says: "The liberation of Mr. SULLIVAN is generally regarded with satisfaction, and has elicited from a portion of the Press a strong expression of approval."

The *Evening Post* expresses surprise that Mr. PIGOTT has not been released as well as Mr. SULLIVAN. It is probable that he will be liberated in a day or two.

A telegram from Sir ROBERT NAPIER of May 10, says: The son of THEODORE is a child; his life would not be safe in Abyssinia. I regret to say that the widowed Queen of THEODORE died on May 15, in my camp. The surgeon who attended her reports her death to have resulted from disease of the lungs of long standing. The remains were buried in the church of Chelicat. An escort of our troops accompanied the funeral procession beyond our pickets. All our troops will have embarked by June 1. A flood has occurred in the Sooroo Defile; 600 natives were drowned. Health of the troops is excellent. Col. MILLWARD has left for England. He carries the crown, robe and State seal of THEODORE for the Queen, as a tribute of respectful duty and affectionate loyalty from Her Majesty's army in Abyssinia."

A dispatch from Lerwick of June 3, says: "The *Lessing*, of Bremen, with 445 emigrants for New-York, was wrecked at Fairisle on May 23. Crew and passengers saved. Vessel and cargo lost."

The Paris *Patrie* says that the Emperor is slightly indisposed. The *Moniteur du Soir*, however, announces that a Cabinet council was held on the same day under the Emperor's presidency. The Minister of Foreign Affairs has received the following telegram from the French Consul at Tunis, dated May 30: "The Khasnadar waited upon me this morning, bringing the Bey's ratification of the Convention. I have rehoisted the French flag, and resumed relations with the Tunisian Government."

The Pontifical corvette, the *Immaculate Conception*, had arrived at Toulon to receive two small steam gunboats ordered in that port by the Holy See.

The *Italian Correspondence* contradicts the statement of the *Avenir National* to the effect that France had undertaken with Italy not to increase the French garrison in the Roman State. The only engagements existing between the two Governments are specified in the diplomatic acts already known.

The Vienna *New Free Press* prints the text of a bill about to be laid before the Reichsrath and the Hungarian Diet, raising the effective of the army to 800,000 men, and that of the landwehr to 200,000 for the next ten years.

The official journal of Weimar has just published the bill relative to primary instruction. This measure, voted by the Diet of the Grand Duchy in its last session, is chiefly intended to improve the position of the schoolmasters by increasing their salaries with the duration of their services.

The postal treaty between the North German Confederation and the Netherlands had not yet been signed, on account of the changes in the Dutch Cabinet.

The King of Prussia will leave Berlin on the 25th of June, on his Summer journey to German watering places.

The *New Free Press* of Vienna publishes the scheme for the reorganization of the army, which has been definitively agreed upon by the Government, and will shortly be laid before the Reichsrath and the Hungarian Diet. The most important new item has reference to the future strength of the army, which the Government proposes to fix for the ensuing ten years at 800,000 soldiers, and the entire Landwehr to number 200,000 men. The Landwehr is to be placed under the control of the Minister for the Defence of the Country, but the Commander-in-Chief of the Army will command the Landwehr.

The Federal (of Switzerland) Council have officially denied the report that many Poles had lately proceeded from Berne to Galicia furnished with Austrian passports.

THE NEW POST OFFICE.

Official Report of the Congressional Committee—Interesting and Valuable Statistics—The Plan of the New-York Committee Approved of.

The Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, to whom was referred the subject of a new Post Office and United States Courts building in the City of New-York, under letter of the Secretary of the Interior and Postmaster-General, and memorial of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New-York, report:

That so far as the necessity for a new Post Office building in the City of New-York, adequate to the demands of the present and prospective business of this continental distribution office, your Committee have determined that—in great measure determined from the fact of the purchase by the Government of a new site for such building under a resolution of Congress approved May 16, 1866. The Commission authorized by that resolution, after diligent search and negotiation, were successful in obtaining suitable, ample and eligible ground, covering an area of 65,259 square feet, equal to about 26 City lots 25 by 100 feet at the lower, southerly end of City Hall Park, formed by the uniting thoroughfares of Broadway and Park-row, and terminating along said streets at points upon each, 390 feet from the curved line which bounds their junction, a specific diagram of which accompanies this report, and for the nominal sum of $500,000, which has been paid for by the Government, and title to the grounds vested in the United States for the purposes stated. Pending consideration by the Committee, objections to the eligibility of the purchase site were presented from various quarters, and while your Committee have taken it for granted that the question of site was foreclosed by the formal action referred to by the Government, they cheerfully listened to the various objections offered by different parties who appeared before them for that purpose, when sitting in said City, and found that all such objections were substantially met by the admissions of each that no other suitable location within the range of reasonable valuation, with clear title, could be obtained under ten years. For no other purpose than for a Post Office and Federal Courts could the consent of the City have been secured to the sale of this property, and when it is considered that the lowest estimate placed upon its present valuation by the most reliable real estate judges of the City is not less than $2,500,000, its purchase for the sum of $500,000 may be deemed an exceedingly fortunate negotiation for the Government.

By virtue of a Commission appointed under a resolution of Congress approved Jan. 22, 1867, plans and specifications were submitted for a suitable building for the place and purposes of a United States Post Office and Courts. In pursuance of this duty said Commission formally adopted rules and regulations, specific requisites for the building, including a generous scale of premiums for the four most meritorious plans, all of which, after receiving the approval of the Secretary of the Interior and the Postmaster-General, were, under circular form, published and circulated with invitation for general competition in the submission of plans for the selection and adoption of the Commission. Fifty-two plans were thus received, thirty-seven of which were at once rejected, the remaining fifteen thereafter reduced to five, each of which covered respective features deemed desirable in the plan finally to be adopted. These five, submitted by the several architects, RENWICK & SANDS, N. LE BRUN, SCHUTZE & SCHOEN, RICHARD U. HUNT, and JOHN CORREJO, were subsequently combined in one, with the essential merits of each, and finally adopted as the plan of the Commission, and fully approved by the Secretary of the Interior and the Postmaster-General. This chosen plan, together with minute specifications and estimates, including perspective designs of the proposed completed structure from various points of view, are also herewith submitted.

Under a resolution of the House of Representatives of March 15, directing the Secretary of the Treasury "to have detailed estimates of the cost of the proposed Post Office and Court-house building in the City of New-York, according to the plans presented by the Commission, to procure said plans and to report at the earliest moment, with any recommendations in regard to the material and mode of construction he may deem proper," a communication from A. B. MULLETT, Government Supervising Architect, was submitted by the Secretary to the House, March 30, and printed. (The reply of the five architects is here inserted in Mr. FERRY's report.)

The questions of necessity and site for the contemplated having been determined by the action of the Government, there remains but the concluding one to consider, as to the immediate necessity for its erection.

The New-York Post Office is the great distributing office for this continent. Adequate space and facilities for the rapid and proper handling of the vast amount of mail matter passing through this office, with suitable accommodations for its executive departments, become not only a question of local convenience, but assumes national importance, as the postal interests of the whole country in great measure depend upon the accuracy and celerity with which this great distributing reservoir performs its functions.

The present building used for Post Office purposes was originally erected and used for a church. It bears upon its front entablature the date of 1729; and it may safely be said that it is the oldest structure of any considerable size now standing in the City. It was first occupied for Post Office purposes May 1, 1845, at an annual rent of $6,000; then purchased Oct. 29, 1860, at a cost of $200,000 to the Government and $50,000 to contributing citizens. Additions were made to the building under contract Jan. 2, 1862, costing $7,587. From that time to the present the average expense of ordinary repairs absolutely necessary to render the building serviceable has been $3,500 annually. Within the past two months, an enlargement of room demanded by the increase of business has been made by means of a Mansard roof, and additional floor partly around the building at an outlay of about $12,000. The peculiar structure of the building and its dilapidated condition are such that an annual expenditure of $8,000 for gas consumed during daylight is made necessary, and the cost of heating more than double the amount it should be, all of which would be avoided by a properly constructed building.

The multiplication of business has been so rapid that the force of employes requisite for the same has been increased during the last ten years from 298 to 565, until the average space each occupies is thirty superficial feet, and in one department but ten feet. Let this be contrasted with the average room allotted in the following offices to wit:

	Feet.
Boston—Space to each employe	61
Philadelphia—Space to each employe	35
Baltimore—Space to each employe	66
Cincinnati—Space to each employe	70
Chicago—Space to each employe	75
St. Louis—Space to each employe	55

To compress men into the average working space of 30 feet, and in many instances 10 feet, is an abuse of human endurance and calls loudly for reform. The following statement of the medical officer employed by the Government for the care of the employes is a startling exhibit of the sanitary results of such requisitions. It cannot be read without feeling the full force of the fact that the dilapidated condition, inconvenient limitation, deprivation of natural light, general decomposition, with cumulative filth, generating poisonous malaria, without the possibility of securing pure air enough to neutralize the fatal atmosphere, are sufficient to condemn the building and location as totally unfit for the force and labor indispensable to an office of such magnitude. [Here Mr. FERRY incorporates in his report the testimony of Dr. WALTER R. GILLETTI, medical officer of the New-York Post Office, which shows that the average number of days lost to the department per month through the illness of the employes is 150, or 1,800 per annum. The types of disease are pulmonary, rheumatic, and febrile disorders mainly. Within such circumscribed and unwholsome limits the employes of the office are carefully classified in adaptability to their respective duties and hours of service, so that, day and night, this industrial hive incessantly labors. Some idea of that labor and its rapid increase may be gathered from the following summary: The amount of mail matter in gross handled in 1864 averaged 41 tons daily. The daily average of 1867 was 95 tons, an increase of 130 per cent. in three years, and averaging 200 wagon loads per day. Aside from the domestic mails that are constantly arriving and departing, foreign mails arrive from and depart to Europe four times per week by regular lines of steamers, and semi-monthly, extra, to and from France, against but two foreign mails per week in 1861. In 1861 two mails monthly were sent to and received from Havana, and now the same number are sent and received weekly. In addition to which there are now monthly mails sent to and received from Brazil, China and Japan. The number of letters dispatched is now a daily average of 250,000. Number of letters and newspapers delivered by carriers during 1857, 4,896,126; the same during 1867, 19,268,786, being an increase in ten years of 400 per cent.; while the box delivery has increased in equal proportion. Number of foreign letters sent and received in 1861 was 4,063,981; the same in 1867, 8,918,158, an increase of nearly 120 per cent. in six years. Aggregate value of postage stamps and stamped envelopes sold in the United States for fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, was $12,988,134 32, of which $1,814,911 23 was sold at the New-York Post Office. Amount of postage stamps and stamped envelopes sold at the New-York Office in 1857, $464,911 62; sold in 1867, $1,813,911 23, an increase in ten years of nearly 400 per cent. The number of money orders issued at that office in December, 1864, in which year the system was adopted, was 1,116, amounting to $20,814 19. In December, 1867, 3,898, amounting to $99,089 63. The number of orders paid in December, 1864, was 5,815, amounting to $41,791 69; in December, 1867, 34,948, amounting to $577,279 38. Postmasters' remittances received in December, 1864, amounted to $73,121; December, 1867, $700,180. Postmasters' drafts paid in December, 1864, amounted to $17,600; December, 1867, amounted to $434,253. All the Government issues of postage stamps and stamped envelopes are registered and distributed to Postmasters through the New-York Office, and also a very large proportion of the blanks, twine and wrapping paper is thus supplied to Postmasters throughout the country.

In this synopsis of the cumulative labor performed the reflection follows without suggestion that aside from the increased revenue flowing through this great postal artery, the value of the contents of such vast and varied transmissions rises to many millions. It may safely be estimated that not less than ten millions valuation pass through this office daily. No one who has ever looked down from the second floor that partially surrounds the interior court upon the multiplied and multiform matter which crowds to nearly suffocation this ill-adapted building, but must have been startled with the gravest apprehensions of peril and consequent liability of the Government by fire, should it approach the precincts of this combustible material. With the utmost caution that is practiced under the vigilant and all-pervading knowledge and efficiency of its incumbent, Postmaster KELLY, the interior construction so largely wooden, aided by the ignitable mass crowding the apartments everywhere, would baffle every human attempt against the ravages of fire; and any day the misfortune of total loss may involve the Government and more or less distress people. With, therefore, the fact that for over twenty years the business of the City of New-York has been conducted in an old rickety church building, that the necessity for a change has been recognized by the purchase of an appropriate site and a suitable structure demanded by that condition, and the immense amount of rapidly increasing business and labor, with the extraordinary attendant perils to life and property, there can be no other conclusion than that immediate steps should be taken to erect a suitable Post Office building in that City.

What, then, shall be a suitable building? Upon a consideration purely of economy, any rectangular substantial form might be reared, with ample dimensions, internal arrangements, and of the plainest architectural exterior, but none wisely-minded would, we trust, suppose that this would comport with the requirements of a great nation, nor contemplated in the eligible site so generously tendered by its commercial metropolis. Standing as it must so central to all the activities of that vast city, considerations broader than local enter into a wise and just estimate of what should form its material and architectural design. Comprehending the adjacent cities that extend their limits in proportion as New-York thrives, City Hall Park, the site of the proposed building, may be considered substantially the centre of the varied interests of such circuit, and is but a few steps from the monetary and commercial centre of the Union. It is now the focal point to which City cars and stages converge, and it is to be the terminus of the subterranean system of City railways which the urgent demands of a rapid growth is so soon to render necessary. Here, then, where the populace of the City and sojourners of the nation in great measure concentrate, is to stand the architectural representative of nation and City combined. New-York touches every industrial fibre of the land. Into her capacious lap pour the fruits of incessant national toil. Railways, in great measure, the postal muscular system of countries, are so rapidly extending, that the day is not far distant when the continent will be woven into a tissue of mail. In 1855 we had 17,398 miles constructed; in 1864, 33,860 miles, nearly doubling in nine years. To-day the United States approximate 40,000 miles of working road, quadrupling that of France, nearly treble that of England, and almost as much as the total mileage of the United Kingdom and Europe. Coursing this web, agriculture, science, and the arts combine to enlarge and enrich the source of the national wealth, and the fittest type of this advancing greatness is the strides and grandeur of her concentering emporium. Foreigners seeking our shores for location or observation take their impress of the scope and power of the Government from the magnitude of its commercial centre. New-York is to the United States what London is to Great Britain and Paris to France, while in area and prospective population, wealth and power of expansion, parallels are as Canton to Continent. Fifty years ago the whole Southern mail was carried on one man's back to a small boat, which crossed North River. Now it takes eight four-horse teams to carry the same. Fifty years hence will witness such a growth South as the past furnishes no parallel, while the expansion of the West will be as amazing as its resources are grandly illimitable. The wonderful strength, ability to maintain free Government against formidable conspiracy and treason, and readjustment of fundamental law, upon the basis of manhood, dignity, and equality, which this nation emerging from recent war exhibits to the world, is to be followed by such an influx to the natural increase of our numbers as will surprise and imperil monarchies, and unprecedentedly vindicate and populate the American Republic. In view of such certain growth, the structure to be erected is not alone to meet the wants of the present, but to provide for the teeming future. To do this in a suitable manner it is proposed to expend three and a half millions of money. Following the plan submitted and approved, the design will be as pleasing to the eye as its architectural stability and elegance will comport with the requirements of so promising a city and nation. Private business enterprise has recently and is now erecting, in full view of this site, buildings costing over a million of money, one of which, when completed, will cost more than one-fifth of the proposed outlay for the Post Office building. The municipality itself has been expending millions upon the City Hall, directly in rear of where it is proposed this building shall stand. Shall the Government building, in its architectural scope, be less appropriate in the midst of such surroundings? No citizen of this Republic has ever regretted the millions the nation has expended in the erection of its Capitol? None tread beneath its matchless dome, but feel the pride of country in the thrill of patriotic fervor following the proud reflection that no where upon the earth's surface can its proportionate and stately grandeur be equaled. The same laudable spirit pervades the people respecting all that concerns their country and their national dignity. They are proud of New-York as their Metropolitan City. They comprehend the growth and influence of their national power. The world regards it. In the diplomacy of nations she no longer seeks and submits, but is now graciously sought and respected. An Empire with uncomputed millions on our west, opens its hands and seeks commercial bonds with Americans first, and bids the Embassy, headed by an American, invite the good will of the Republic ere committing its destiny to the family of nations. On our east sovereigns are startled at the rebuff of a petty Province at our feet, armed with American doctrine as a continental defence. Simultaneously our naval power receives the ovations of Europe. If such now, what then, when, with the Atlantic and Pacific in firm hands, we bear the commerce of the world? Then all peoples must pass through our metropolitan gates. With arms thus outstretched, if the body would have health, and thrift, and dignity, and majesty, let suitable provision be made for the commercial heart of the nation.

THE TURF.

The Jerome Park Races—Third Day—Rapture Wins the Two-Year-Old Sweepstakes—Bonnie Braes the Ladies' Stake, and Aldebaran the Selling Stake—Stonewall Jackson Walks over for the Two-mile-Heat Race.

The morning of yesterday, the third day of the Jerome Park Spring Meeting, broke dull and cloudy, leaving it a matter of doubt and uncertainty among the thousands who were anxiously anticipating a delightful day's enjoyment at the races, whether it would result in rain or a sultry June day. The matter did not long remain undecided, for about mid-day, heavy drops commenced falling, which speedily became converted into a deluging torrent, which fell without intermission for a considerable period. This effectually settled the question of going to the races in the negative among the majority of intending visitors, especially with the ladies, who would not risk the danger of injuring, if not entirely spoiling, their elegant Spring toilettes, by exposure to the storm. It was only the inveterate turfite, whom no weather, however adverse, could deter from witnessing his favorite sport; the professional racing speculator, ready and eager to bet his greenbacks on any and every event on the programme, and the owners of race-horses engaged in the races yesterday, who braved the pelting of the storm, and drove out to the Course yesterday. Consequently the grand stand presented a comparatively deserted appearance, while the balconies of the Club-house that crowns the opposite height had but few occupants. The Course was very heavy and holding, and the jockeys suffered fearfully from the splashing and dashing of the mud and water as the horses plunged through it with lightning speed, the hindmost getting the lion's share in the general distribution. Mr. BABCOCK again discharged the arduous and onerous duties of starter, and as he improves perceptibly in his vocation we hope that we shall not see him superseded by some fresh and inexperienced appointee of the Club, just when he is acquiring the requisite authority over the insubordinate jockeys with whom he is brought in contact while discharging his duties.

The Two-year-old Sweepstakes that inaugurated the day's sport, presaged the downfall that befel the favorites in every race of the day except the last. *Canny Bairn*, a fine-looking, well-grown colt, by *Balrownie*, out of a *Glencoe* mare, belonging to the Annieswood Stable, was thought a moral certainty, as he had only one opponent—the bay filly *Rapture*, out of Mr. JEROME's Stable—who had won the Two-year-old Sweepstake for fillies the day before, and it was thought that being a strong-built colt, he would get through the mud better than the more lightly-built daughter of *Lapidist*. Notwithstanding that it was announced the colt would carry three pounds overweight, he was made the favorite at $100 to $70, and he got so commanding a lead that it looked "all over but shouting." On the last quarter, however, Mr. JEROME's filly crept up inch by inch, and getting to the favorite's head, the latter died completely away, and was beaten easily in very fast time (1:07,) considering the tremendously heavy track, this being at the rate of 1:47 to the mile. The Ladies' Stake was another upset of the judgment of the *cognoscenti*, who spotted *Fanny Ludlow* as the winner, notwithstanding she had been beaten badly by *General Duke* in the Belmont Stakes on the first day. A few shrewd judges, knowing the fine form that Dr. WELDON's Stable was in, as shown by *Local* and *Jubal's* running the day before, supported *Bonnie Braes*, (a racing-like filly by *Balrownie* out of *Pasta*, and consequently elder sister to the promising winner of the Hopeful Stakes, *Bonnie Lass*, that Mr. ECKERSON had purchased for $560 at Mr. WATSON's sale in the Spring, with great spirit, while BOWIE & HALL's filly, *Australian*, was not without friends. The backers of the stable of the philosophic trainer, Dr. WELDON, were gratified to see its representative and their fancy jump off in front the moment the flag dropped, and making her own running from end to end, won cleverly at the finish with something to spare. BOWIE & HALL's filly proved herself a good one, for although several lengths behind all the rest for over a mile and a quarter, she came with such a vigorous rush up the homestretch that she cut down all the others, but could not reach the fleet daughter of *Balrownie* and *Pasta*. Mr. MORRIS' filly, the highly-bred daughter of *Mollie Jackson* and *Eclipse*, was only able to gain third place in the race.

In the Selling Race, the brilliant success that has attended Dr. WELDON's Stable (and which every true turfman rejoices at, as he has ever been one of the most persevering and plucky supporters of racing that the American turf can boast of, still continued, for although opposed by an apparently strong field, comprising among others *Raquette* and *Gen. McMahon*, who ran second in the Fordham Handicap to his stable companion *Stonewall Jackson*, he won the race with the evergreen chestnut *Aldebaran*. *Aldebaran* is now owned by Mr. SMITH, a merchant in this City, and although it seems years since he so often bore Mr. WATSON's colors to victory, he looks as fresh and vigorous as ever, and seems to improve with lapse of time. The two-mile-heat race was a walk-over for *Stonewall Jackson*, for some of the leading stables have entered into an agreement not to run their horses in heat races, hence there was no opposition. It is a matter of surprise, however, to us that Col. MCDANIEL, who hates to have any one walk over a race but himself, or the astute Dr. WELDON, should have been caught napping, and allowed a $1,000 purse to be swept off without a contest. Taken altogether, we must acknowledge that the racing was not of as interesting a character as on the previous day. To-day, if the weather is propitious, some brilliant sport may be looked for.

THE FIRST RACE

was a sweepstakes for colts and fillies foaled in 1866; $200 entrance, half forfeit. The distance was five furlongs, and of the five entries only the Annieswood Stable's b. c. *Canny Bairn* and Mr. JEROME's b. f. *Rapture* came to the post. The betting was $100 to $70 on *Canny Bairn*, who carried 3 pounds overweight, and who took so strong a lead that it seemed as if he was going to "win in a walk." *Rapture*, however, crept gradually up, and at the distance had got to the colt's head, when the latter shut up, and *Rapture* won easily by two lengths in 1:07.

FIRST RACE—Sweepstakes for colts and fillies foaled in 1866; five furlongs; $200, half forfeit; closed with five entries.

Leonard W. Jerome's b. f. Rapture, by imp. Lapidist, dam Parachute, (Palmer)	1
The Annieswood Stable b. c. Canny Bairn, by Balrownie, dam Fanny Fern by Glencoe, (Scarby)	2
The Annieswood Stable ch. c. Vespucius, by Planet, dam Columbia by Glencoe	dr.
R. W. Cameron and Leonard W. Jerome's br. c. Glengary by Thormanby, dam Carbine by Rifleman	dr.
F. Morris' b. f., by Eclipse out of Slasher mare, out of Barbarity	dr.

Time, 1:07.

THE LADIES' STAKE

was the second event on the card, and was a sweepstakes race for fillies exclusively three-year olds; $100 entrance, half forfeit, with $1,000 added by the Jockey Club. The second horse was to receive $300 out of the stakes, and the distance was one mile and five furlongs. There were twenty nominations, of which the following six started: Mr. MORRIS' *Fanny Ludlow*, Messrs. Bowie & Hall's *Australian*, J. M. Dowling's *Wild Jessie*, Mr. Eckerson's *Bonnie Braes*, and Major Bacon's *Lost Cause*. In the pools *Fanny Ludlow* sold for $420; *Bonnie Braes*, $340; *Australian*, $110; *Lost Cause*, $80, and *Wild Jessie*, $60. The Ring betting was $100 to $80 against *Fanny Ludlow*. *Bonnie Braes* jumped off in front as soon as the flag fell, *Lost Cause* next, the favorite third, and *Australian* last of the lot. Passing the judges' stand for the first time round *Bonnie Braes* still led, *Lost Cause* second, *Wild Jessie* two lengths behind, MORRIS' filly fourth, and *Australian*, apparently out of the race, toiling behind. They ran without any material change in the above order until nearing the three-quarter pole at the head of the homestretch, where the backers of the favorite had their hopes momentarily raised by seeing Mr. MORRIS' scarlet colors going up and taking second place. *Fanny's* jockey tried to reach *Bonnie Braes* as they came up the stretch, but the latter shook her off easily, and seemed to be winning in a canter, when *Australian* came with a terrific rush, and passing all her horses like a shot, attempted to collar *Bonnie Braes;* but the effort was unsuccessful, and she was beaten by two lengths, and was obliged to be contented with second money. *Fanny Ludlow* was third, *Lost Cause* fourth, and DOWLING's filly last. Time—3:06¾.

SAME DAY.—THE LADIES' STAKES.—A sweepstakes for fillies, three-year olds, entrance $100, half forfeit, $1,000 added by the Club, one mile and five furlongs, the owner of the second filly to receive $300 out of the stakes. Closed with twenty nominations.

J. S. Watson's b. f. Bonnie Braes, by imp. Balrownie, dam Pasta by Revenue	1
Bowie & Hall's ch. f. Australian, by imp. Australian, dam Undine, by imp. Yorkshire	2
F. Morris' b. f. Fanny Ludlow, by imp. Eclipse, out of Molly Jackson	3
Thomas G. Bacon's br. f. Lost Cause, by Revenue, dam Sea Breeze by imp. Albion	4
J. H. Dowling's b. f. Wild Jessie, by Breckinridge, dam Sophia, by imp. Bonnie Scotland, (sister to Morrissey)	5
D. McDaniel's b. f. Sarah B., by Planet, dam Adelgiza, by imp. Glencoe	dr.
D. McDaniel's ch. f., by Jeff. Davis, dam Fanny Washington, by Revenue	dr.
James A. Grimstead's b. f., by Revenue, dam by imp. Sovereign, out of Charmer, by imp. Glencoe	dr.
McConnell & Harness' b. f. the Banshee, by Lexington, dam Balloon, by imp. Yorkshire	dr.
F. Morris' ch. f. Relentless, by imp. Eclipse, out of imp. Barbarity	dr.
F. Morris' ch. f. by Eclipse out of Hennie Farrow	dr.
M. H. Sandford's br. f. La Polka, by Lexington, dam Dance	dr.
J. S. Watson's ch. f. Heatherbell, by imp. Balrownie, dam imp. L'Anglaise by Hobbie Noble	dr.
Thomas G. Bacon's br. f. Fleurilla, by Dick Cheatham, dam by imp. Glencoe	dr.
Thomas G. Bacon's ch. f., by Bill Cheatham, dam by Wagner	dr.
A. Keene Richard's b. f., by Lexington, dam Glycera by imp. Sovereign	dr.
A. Keene Richard's b. f., by imp. Australian, dam Bettie Ward by Lexington	dr.
Thomas G. Saunders' ch. f., by imp. Australian, dam by imp. Yorkshire	dr.
R. A. Alexander's b. f. Bonita by Lexington, dam Banner by imp. Albion	dr.
R. A. Alexander's ch. f. Spinola, by imp. Australian, dam imp. Spiletta by Stockwell	dr.

Time—3:06¾.

THE THIRD RACE

was a selling race for a purse of $700, one mile and five furlongs, and had five entries, all to be sold for $2,000. These were *Aldebaran, Raquette, General McMahon, Clara Clarita* and a filly by brother to *Frank Allen*. In the pools *Aldebaran* sold for $225, (becoming a still greater favorite before the start,) *General McMahon* $175, the *Frank Allen* filly $145, and *Raquette* and *Clara Clarita*, coupled, $45. *Raquette* made the running at first with the *Frank Allen* filly laying at his quarters, *Aldebaran* third, and the *General*, who got off behind everything, last. As they passed the score, *Frank Allen* filly was leading a length before *Raquette*, the others unchanged in position. Rounding the club-house bluff, *Aldebaran* shot out, challenged the *Frank Allen* filly for the lead, had her safe in a few strides, and increasing his lead all the way, won in a canter by ten lengths; MCDANIEL's filly second, *General McMahon*, who was whipped all the way up the stretch, at her saddle girths, and *Raquette* last of all. Time 3:02.

SAME DAY.—Selling race, for all ages; premium $700; one mile and five furlongs.

J. W. Weldon's ch. g. Aldebaran, aged, by Commodore, dam Nannie Lewis by imp. Glencoe; to be sold for $2,000	1
D. McDaniel's ch. f., 3 years, by Brother to Frank Allen, dam Jenny Rose; to be sold for $2,000	2
T. G. Moore's b. h. General McMahon, 5 years, by Lexington, dam Magenta; to be sold for $2,000	3
P. C. Bush's ch. f. Clara Clarita, 4 years, by imp. Lapidist, dam Madona by imp. Yorkshire, to be sold for $2,000	4
W. Constable's gr. c. Raquette, 4 years, by imp. Eclipse, dam Fidelity by Glencoe, to be sold for $2,000	5

Time—3:02.

FOURTH RACE.

Premium $1,000; for all ages; two-mile heats.

T. G. Moore's gr. h. Stonewall Jackson, 5 years, by Lightning, dam Edith, by imp. Sovereign. Walk over.

NATIONAL POLITICS.

The Presidency—Gov. Seymour's Declination.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Monday, June 8, 1868.

The refusal of Gov. SEYMOUR to permit the use of his name as a Democratic candidate, left that party at sea in New-York and other Eastern States. The reason of this refusal is very well known here, and there is no reason, I imagine, why it should not be known at the West. Gov. SEYMOUR is believed to have a hereditary tendency to insanity; and he has been warned by his physicians that the excitement of a Presidential campaign would most probably develop the disease, and that at any rate the labor and harassing cares of the first year of a Presidential aspiration would be almost certain to do it. Thus curiously situated between the promptings of a very ambitious spirit on the one hand, and the warnings of his best friends against a most fearful danger on the other, Gov. SEYMOUR hesitated for some time, and gave to the outside public an impression that he was refusing the honor of the nomination the better to insure its being thrust upon him. There can be no doubt, however, that he is now entirely sincere in wishing to take no prominent part in politics, and that the Eastern Democracy must look somewhere else for their standard bearer.

Where? To HANCOCK, say some; to DIX, others; to CHAS. FRANCIS ADAMS, a few. Meantime, it is undeniable that the movement among such Democratic leaders as JERE. BLACK, D. W. VOORHEES, Gov. SEYMOUR and others of their foremost men, for a revolution in the party and the nomination of Chief Justice CHASE on his own platform, seems to be daily gaining strength. Mr. CHASE seems to be doing nothing either to secure or repel such a nomination.

Gen. STEEDMAN, Gen. GORDON GRANGER and others are flying back and forth between Washington and New-York, in the interest of their soldier candidate, Gen. HANCOCK. They are loud in declaring that PENDLETON has no chance. HANCOCK himself is working hard for the nomination, and he will undoubtedly make a handsome show on the first ballot—drawing his strength mainly from the Eastern States. The pressure for CHASE seems to be strongest in New-York. Indiana, however, gives strong symptoms of anxiety to go the same way, and the PENDLETON men would do well to look sharply after their Hoosier delegates.

Senator Henderson Serenaded at his Home—His Response.

From the St. Joseph (Mo.) Herald, June 13.

Hon. JOHN B. HENDERSON was on a visit to his home in Louisiana, Pike County, a few days ago, and was serenaded by his old friends and neighbors. A correspondent writing from Louisiana, says: "The object of the serenaders was to testify their personal regard for the Senator as a neighbor and friend, and to welcome him back to his home after his long absence and his arduous and extended labors at the national capital. It was intended also as an indorsement of his upright and courageous course as a member of the Court of Impeachment during the late trial of the President, and as a token of the appreciation of the wise statesmanship and lofty integrity which enabled him to see the right, and to stand up for it in the face of every opposition. In response to a call, Senator HENDERSON expressed his thanks for this mark of good will and confidence on the part of his home friends, who know him best; and, in accordance with the general wish of his visitors, spoke for a short time on the subject of impeachment. He said he regarded the oath taken by him as a member of the Court, as purely judicial, and felt bound by it to give ANDREW JOHNSON the same justice which an honest Judge would give to any citizen in a trial where his property, his reputation or his life was involved. He said the President had the Constitutional right to remove Mr. STANTON and to appoint Gen. THOMAS Secretary of War *ad interim*, and declared that, had he been in Mr. JOHNSON's place, and desired the removal of Mr. STANTON, he would have attempted its accomplishment by the same means, and would have insisted on it at every hazard. He defended the integrity of the Senators who refused to aid in the deposition of the President for the sake of ministering to the greed of hungry office-hunters, and hoped the day would never come when American Senators would be so lost to honor as to rob the Presidential office of its constitutional prerogatives because of a political difference with its occupant. He denounced with scorn the charges of bribery and corruption which have been heaped upon him by unscrupulous mountebanks all over the country, and drew a sarcastic picture of BEN. BUTLER nosing out corruption. He said no person had at any time, directly or indirectly, approached him for the purpose of influencing him to vote for the acquittal of the President, but declared he had never had such a pressure brought to bear upon him at any period of his existence, or for any purpose, as was used to wring the sentence of "Guilty" from his lips when called upon to pronounce upon that trial. The Senator claimed the meed of honesty in his public course. He had no doubt he had done many things which others in his place would not have done, and had left undone many things which others would have done. To err was human, but he had acted at all times according to his convictions of duty to his country, and for the best interests of his constituents as he conceived them. He intended in due time to defend himself before the people of the State, and had no fears of receiving injustice at their generous hands.

One of Governor Brownlow's Cards.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, KNOXVILLE, Tenn.,
June 6, 1868.

EDITORS POST: Hon. J. O. PIERCE having resigned as Judge of the Law Court of Memphis, his resignation to take effect after I shall have appointed his successor, and after he shall have qualified, I take this method of saying to the people of Memphis that I will appoint his successor when it suits my convenience, and not before. I know the lawyers of Memphis, and if I can't find one well qualified and truly loyal, I can import him from some other part of the State. This notice is given to save applicants the trouble of getting up letters and petitions.

W. F. BROWNLOW,
Governor of Tennessee.

Ex-President Burnet, of Texas.

From the Galveston News.

A handsome and touchingly beautiful letter has been addressed by our citizens—among whom are some of the oldest in Texas—to our venerable and distinguished fellow-citizen, Judge DAVID G. BURNET, and to whom a feeling compliment has been paid by the signature of many of our ladies. All would have signed it if time had permitted. The letter is occasioned by Judge BURNET's proposed departure to pass the Summer and perhaps the remainder of his life with his relatives in New-Jersey, who have affectionately urged him to spend his last days with them. This marked tribute of respect, coming spontaneously from the hearts of our people to one full of years and honors, is eminently proper. And if inflexible integrity, elevated patriotism, and unselfish purity are of worth in the world, he deserves more than the pen of man can write.

His name has long been connected with our State. He was both President and Vice-President of the Republic of Texas; his life and services are written on every page of her history, and in public and private life he was alike the object of public veneration and esteem. After annexation he retired from political life into honorable poverty, and carried with him and has preserved the universal love and respect of our people, of all ages and of all classes.

We are glad to know that many valuable papers belonging to Judge BURNET have been presented to Col. HOBBY, from whose pen, at some future time, they will be fairly and ably given to the people of our State, and from such records an honest and truthful history will be made.

Matters at Yale—The Law School—Boating.

From the New-Haven Palladium, June 15.

The many friends of Yale will be gratified to learn that the Faculty are perfecting plans which will soon make her law school worthy of the name of the College. While the College proper has promptly kept pace with the progress of the age, the professional schools connected with it have, until very recently, remained almost stationary. Within the last two years, however, the theological department has been completely reorganized, and it is understood that the same spirit of reform is now to be extended to the law school. The details have not yet been fully decided upon, but among the changes which are contemplated are the following: Ex-Gov. DUTTON, who has long stood at the head of the department, will soon retire, as the duties are more arduous than are pleasant to one of his years. New instructors will be obtained, an entirely new law library secured, and such changes made in regard to buildings and other matters as shall prove necessary. Thus another movement is in progress to make Yale in fact what she already is in name—a university.

Boating is becoming very brisk with the near approach of the harbor races, which come off on Tuesday, the 30th inst. The seven crews which are expected to pull in these races—a gig crew from each class and a shell crew from all but the *Freshman*—are diligently preparing for the event. The University crew has commenced its preparatory training, rowing twice a day and taking a regular morning walk. By the 1st of July they expect to engage in active training. The crew, as at present constituted, is as follows: S. PARRY, '68, (stroke;) W. A. COPP, '69; W. H. LEE, '70; G. W. DREW, '70; S. F. BUCKLIN, '69; R. TERRY, '70, (bow.) The first three men rowed in the race last year, Mr. COPP also in the '66 race. Mr. TERRY, the bow, rowed on the winning '70 class crew last Summer. The row-boat built for the race by ELLIOT, a shell fifty-three feet long, has just arrived.

An interesting addition is to be made to the regular exercires of Commencement week, in the shape of prize speaking by members of the Sophomore Class. For a number of years prizes have been awarded to the best declaimers in each division of this class, but the speaking has not been open to the public, and has aroused little interest. It is now proposed to made a complete change and elevate the contest to the importance which is given to it in many other colleges. Accordingly fourteen members of the class of '70 have just been selected who will compete for the prizes in the college chapel, probably on some evening of the approaching Commencement week.

Negroes Killed in an Attempt to Rescue Prisoners.

From the Charleston (S. C.) News, June 13.

A collision between the civil authorities and the negroes took place at Orangeburg on Thursday; but, owing to the firmness shown by the officer assailed and by the citizens, no general outbreak occurred. During the afternoon the Sheriff sent his deputy into the interior to arrest three negro men, against whom warrants had been issued for stealing goods from a store in Orangeburg. The deputy found the negroes, arrested them and set out on his return. On his way he was met by a crowd of negroes, one of whom demanded that the prisoners be released. The Sheriff asked him very quietly what was his authority? The negro drew a pistol, cocked it, presented it at the Sheriff, and said: "This is my authority." Without further parley the Sheriff fired, wounding the negro mortally. The rest of the negroes made a rush forward and the prisoners made their escape; but the Sheriff stood his ground like a man, and did not attempt to make his escape until he had fired every barrel of his pistol, wounding one negro slightly and a second very badly.

When the Sheriff reached Orangeburg he collected his *posse* and returned. At the place where the attack had been made he found the negro first wounded in the care of a colored man. Both were arrested and left in charge of a citizen named IZLAR, while the Sheriff went on and recaptured his escaped prisoners. Soon after the Sheriff left, one of the negroes in Mr. IZLAR's custody asked permission to go to the spring for water. Mr. IZLAR went with him, and as they approached the spring the negro seized a stick and struck at Mr. IZLAR. The blow was parried, and the two had a desperate fight, in which the rammer of Mr. IZLAR's pistol was broken off. The negro, seeing he could do no better, broke away and ran off. Mr. IZLAR halted him three times and then fired, wounding him in the neck and body.

Yesterday troops were sent for to Columbia, and a detachment of infantry arrived at Orangeburg, and was marched to the Sheriff's office. All was then quiet, and the danger appeared to be past.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

The call for the Michigan Democratic State Convention at Detroit, on the 15th of July, is addressed to "all good citizens who desire to restore the Union of the States; to keep the Federal Government and each of its Departments within its proper sphere, and cause it to respect the reserved rights of the States and of the people; to abolish all bank, tariff and other monopolies; to abolish Freedmen's Bureaus and standing armies in time of peace; to arrest the extravagance and corruption that are wasting our substance, and careful economy in the administration of affairs; to restore credit to the Government and value to its currency; to hold all men innocent until proved guilty; to punish crime according to law; to protect the foreign citizen in his rights, both at home and abroad; to do equal and exact justice to all men, irrespective of color or race; and to keep this, as our fathers made it, a white man's Government, an asylum for the oppressed of all nations, and a dispenser of blessings to all who submit to its laws, and all who desire that all kinds of property may bear its equal proportion of taxation."

A Western gentleman, whose exertions as a "contestant representative" have been many times unsuccessful and unrequited, attempted to inform his friends and the public that he is willing to enter once more upon the race for Congressional honors, as follows: "As the result of a frank and free interchange of opinion with quite a number of delegates from this Congressional district to the State Convention, (from which I am on my way home,) has but reliably confirmed the sentiments of previous letters and messages, from your city and elsewhere, in respect to the considerations which are so generously and generally held to devote my renomination for Congress, it is felt that it would not be ingenuously excusable to longer postpone my contingent acceptance of the responsibilities and duties which may again result from that relation."

Hon. ISAAC R. HAWKINS, member of Congress from the Seventh District of Tennessee, spoke recently in Huntington, in that State, declaring for colored suffrage and the redemption of United States bonds in greenbacks; condemning the national bank system, and the removal of political disabilities from leading rebels, while men of less note were left to bear the burden, and applauding the President's acquittal, explaining that he had opposed impeachment, not as a friend of JOHNSON, but as an advocate of law and justice.

The Nashville *Union & Dispatch* says that is incorrect to say that Mr. JOHNSON was preferred as the first choice of Tennessee, and it doubts if a score of men in the Convention had the remotest idea that Mr. JOHNSON's name would be offered at New-York, there being not more than that number who desired it to be done. Not one public expression of that sort, it adds, was made; and if a resolution to that effect had been proposed, it would not have received the sanction of the Convention.

The Easton (Md.) *Star* wishes Hon. PHILIP FRANK THOMAS, of Talbot, nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the First District of that State, because his friends feel that he should be placed in a position where he can consistently vindicate both himself and the State that sent him to the Senate.

The Columbus (Ohio) *Statesman* says that "if matters come to the worst, if our people, instead of receiving relief from their tax burdens, shall be yet further burdened, they will relieve themselves through repudiation. The tendency of the times is in this direction, and he is willfully blind who will not see it.

The Democratic Executive Committee of South Carolina, of which WADE HAMPTON is Chairman, in pursuance of their agreement with the Conference Committee of the June Convention, has issued a circular to the Democratic Clubs of the State, advising them to accept the basis of compromise adopted by that Convention.

The Louisville *Courier* says Gen. BUELL and JOHN QUINCEY ADAMS would unquestionably make a very strong Democratic ticket, as Gen. BUELL as a soldier and statesman is the peer of the best man in the land, while ADAMS is more generally spoken of for the second office than any other gentleman.

The *Courier & Freeman*, published at Potsdam, in St. Lawrence County, urges the nomination of Hon. WILLIAM A. WHEELER as Gov. FENTON's successor, and doubts if there is any interest, clique or combination in Northern New-York selfish enough to be opposed or hostile to his nomination.

Ex-Gov. PHILIP F. THOMAS, of Talbot, and Hon. DANIEL M. HENRY, of Dorchester County, have been named to represent the Eastern District of Maryland in the next Congress. Hon. HIRAM MCCULLOUGH who now represents the district, is said to be a candidate for renomination.

Congressman STOKES has deemed it advisable to publish a card, denying that certain dispatches relating to impeachment and purporting to have passed between himself and Gov. BROWNLOW are genuine. Gov. BROWNLOW also has published a card to the same effect.

The Hartford *Times* says that a Legislative correspondent of a paper in that city had to make the circuit of all the New-Haven hotels before he could find out the first name of Mr. HENDRICKS, of Indiana, one of the Democratic candidates for the Presidency.

The Louisville *Courier* publishes a communication strongly recommending Hon. CHAS. O'CONOR, of New-York, as the Democratic candidate for President, and says that he is unquestionably one of the ablest and soundest men in the nation.

Ex-Gov. DENNISON is urged as Mr. SHELLABARGER's successor. So are Gen. WAGER SWAYNE and Gen. CHARLES C. WALCOTT. Mr. DENNISON will return from Europe early in September.

Hon. JEHIEL RAILSBACK, Radical, and Judge MARTIN, Conservative, candidates for Congress in the Second Mississippi Congressional District, are making a joint canvass of their District.

Since the Chicago Convention Col. DON PIATT has come to the conclusion that the Republican Party is "not so dead as it was" immediately after the acquittal of the President.

It is stated on good Democratic authority that in the event Mr. PENDLETON fails to receive the nomination, his influence will be thrown for Gen. HANCOCK.

The Montgomery (Ala.) *Advertiser* favors Gen. MCCLELLAN as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency.

The Republicans of Vermont will hold a State Convention in Burlington, on Wednesday, July 1, to nominate State officers and electors.

The Democrats of the Vermont Third District have nominated WALDO BRIGHAM, of Hyde Park, for Congress.

Col. A. C. BABCOCK is the Republican candidate for Congress in the Ninth District of Illinois.

Why are sunbeams bathed with "Phalon's Paphian Lotion," like Spring buds? Because they soon *leave*. Sold by all druggists.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP,"
for the TOILET, NURSERY and BATH; will not CHAP the SKIN. PHALON & SON, No. 517 Broadway.
—*Advt.*

Hazard & Caswell's
PURE AND SWEET
COD LIVER OIL.
"BEST IN THE WORLD."
Manufactured on the sea-shore by
CASWELL, HAZARD & CO.,
Under Fifth-av. Hotel. —*Advt.*

Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.

The proprietor of this celebrated article refers to the entire medical faculty of the United States for the medicinal qualities of his Gin. Persons using the article will have to use caution in purchasing, as the whole country is flooded with imitations. For sale by druggists and grocers. UDOLPHO WOLFE,
—*Advertisement.* Sole Importer and Proprietor.

GRANT AND COLFAX FLAGS, all sizes, at KELTY's CURTAIN STORE, No. 447 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

Colgate & Co.'s

LAUNDRY SOAP is cut in pieces of ECONOMICAL and convenient size for use. For sale by leading grocers and at the salesrooms of the manufacturers, No. 55 John-st.

Burnett's Kalliston removes every trace of sunburn, tan, roughness or other blemishes from the complexion. Depot No. 592 Broadway, Metropolitan Hotel building.

Ladies dressing the hair elaborately, for the evening, will find that BURNETT'S COCOAINE will keep it in shape for hours.

The Celebrated Gorham Plate, at *prices established by the manufacturers.*
ADAMS, PRICE, & CO., No. 20 John-st.

Boys' Clothing.
Largest stock in the City.
BROKAW BROTHERS,
Opposite Cooper Institute.

Gent's Fashionable Clothing.
Largest stock in the City.
BROKAW BROTHERS,
Opposite Cooper Institute.

Caution

Against purchasing "FLORENCE" and "EMPIRE" Sewing Machines.—The public are hereby notified that the sewing machines sold by the "Florence Sewing Machine Company" of No. 505 Broadway, New-York, and called "Florence Machines," and by the "Empire Sewing Machine Company" of No. 294 Bowery, New-York, and called "Empire" Machines, are an infringement upon numerous Letters Patent owned by the undersigned; and said Companies have been acting without our authority or license since Sept. 10, 1867, and in violation of our rights. All persons are cautioned against buying, selling or using any of said "Florence" or "Empire" Machines, (unless procured from said "Florence Sewing Machine Company," or "Empire Sewing Machine Company," prior to Sept. 10, 1867,) as they will be personally prosecuted for the infringement. Suit for an injunction against the "Empire Company" has been commenced, and suits will be instituted at once against the "Florence" Company, and all their Agents, to prevent further imposition upon the public. WHEELER & WILSON Manufacturing Company; GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine Company; THE SINGER Manufacturing Company.

Gent's Sewed Calf Gaiters, $5.
Calf Gaiters, boxtoes, $6.
Calf Boots, sewed $6 50 and $7 50.
LORIN BROOKS & SONS,
No. 434 Broadway, corner Howard-st.

What is this Grand Specific for Dyspepsia? this bubbling, sparkling, cooling, purifying, regulating draught they call TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT? Well, it is simply the chemical fac simile of the Seltzer Spring Water, which, for 100 years, has been accounted the finest Cathartic and Alterative in all Europe. Sold by all druggists.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond, N.Y.

American House, Boston.—The largest first-class hotel in New-England. Vertical railway; apartments with bathing and water conveniences connecting; Billiard Halls, Telegraph Office and Cafe.
LEWIS RICE & SON, Proprietors.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

For Moth Patches, Freckles and Tan on the Face, use PERRY'S "Moth and Freckle Lotion." Sold everywhere.

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers of every variety ready made and made to order, at moderate prices, at C. O. RICHMOND'S, No. 573 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

MARRIED.

DALY—SWEENY.—On Monday, June 15, at St. Patrick's Cathedral, by the Most Rev. Archbishop McCloskey, THOS. J. DALY to SARA A., only daughter of Daniel Sweeny, Esq., all of this City. No cards.

DIED.

ARDEN.—On Monday, June 15, at Utica, JAMES ARDEN, eldest son of the late Richard D. Arden, in the 58th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at St. Philip's Church, in the Highlands, (Garrison's,) on Thursday morning, the 18th inst., at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

COLLES.—In New-York, on Sunday, June 14, at No. 35 University-place, HARRIET, wife of James Colles.

The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral services at St. Mark's Church on Wednesday, the 17th inst., at 10½ A. M.

EVERITT.—On Tuesday morning, June 16, after a lingering illness, Mrs. MARY EVERITT, widow of the late John L. Everitt, aged 81 years, 5 months and 11 days.

The relatives and friends and those of her sons, Cornelius L., John L. and George W. Everitt, are invited to attend the funeral on Friday, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, No. 108 2d-av.

FORSYTH.—Suddenly, on Sunday, June 14, JOSEPH FORSYTH, in the 42d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Lafayette Lodge No. 64, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 369 West 32d-st., on Wednesday, June 17, at 1 o'clock, without further notice.

FORSYTH.—MASONIC.—The members of Lafayette Lodge No. 64, F. and A. M., are hereby summoned to attend a special communication to be held on Wednesday, June 17, at 11½ A. M., in Lodge Room, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother, JOSEPH FORSYTH.

JOHN A. P. FISK, Master.
W. IRVING ADAMS, Secretary.

GILLISS.—On Tuesday, June 16, THOMAS H. GILLISS, of this City, formerly of Lexington, Ky.

His friends and the friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 53 West 48th-st., at 2 P. M. on Thursday, 18th inst.

JARDINE.—At Eastchester, N. Y., on Monday, June 15, ARCHIBALD JARDINE, aged 81 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence at 1½ o'clock this (Wednesday) afternoon. Carriages will be waiting at Mount Vernon for New-Haven train leaving New-York at 11½ A. M.

☞ Dumfries and Wigtownshire, Scotland, papers please copy.

JENKINS.—At Morristown, N. J., on Tuesday morning, June 16, ISABEL, eldest daughter of the late William B. Jenkins, of Jersey City.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

LOGUE.—In this City, on Tuesday, June 16, JOHN LOGUE, late of Otisville, N. Y., in the 76th year of his age.

The funeral services will be held at Otisville on Thursday, the 18th inst.

METZLER.—On Monday, June 15, of brain fever, FLORENCE P., daughter of Henry F. and Almira F. Metzler, aged 3 years, 11 months and 4 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 265 7th-st., to-morrow (Thursday) morning, at 10 o'clock.

NICOLL.—In Newburg, on Tuesday, June 16, Miss JULIA NICOLL.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, on Thursday, the 18th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

NORCROSS.—Suddenly, in this City, on Monday, June 15, of apoplexy, CHARLES M. NORCROSS, of Trenton, N. J.

His remains will be taken to Trenton for interment. Funeral from his late residence at 1 P. M. Thursday, 18th.

POWERS.—On Tuesday, June 16, HENRY C. POWERS, aged 28 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his father, No. 10 Morton-st., on Thursday at 10½ A. M.

QUACKENBOSS.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday morning, June 16, EDWIN F. QUACKENBOSS, youngest son of Mary and the late Garrit Quackenboss.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his mother, No. 228 Adelphi-st., on Thursday afternoon, the 18th inst., at 3 o'clock.

SERVOSS.—On Monday, June 15, LOUISE HALL, relict of the late Thomas L. Servoss, and daughter of the late John Pintard, in the 69th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her son, E. B. Servoss, 121st-st., near 1st-av., this day, (Wednesday,) at 2 o'clock P. M. Her remains will be interred in the family vault, St. Clement's Church.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE
OF THE LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF PARLOR, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER SUITES,
AT F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
Between Bowery and 2d-av.
Retailing at manufacturers' prices.
All goods warranted.

KNAPP'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF ROOTS.
FOR MAKING THAT CELEBRATED SUMMER BEVERAGE KNOWN AS KNAPP'S ROOT BEER.

The attention of druggists, root-beer makers and the public in general is called to the above preparation. It can be made with but little trouble and at a trifling expense. Put up in bottles at 40 cents and 75 cents making ten and 25 gallons. FOR MANUFACTURERS, in quart bottles, at $4, making 200 gallons, and one gallon tin cans at $12, making 800 gallons of the beer.

Sold by P. B. KNAPP & CO., No. 362 Hudson-st., New-York, and by druggists generally.

E. A. LAWRENCE, AUCTIONEER.
SPLENDID 5TH-AV. RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.

LAWRENCE & STRATTON will sell at auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, (Trinity Buildings,) No. 111 Broadway, New-York, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of June, at 12 o'clock, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of D. P. Ingraham, Jr., Referee,

The house and lot on the northwesterly corner of 5th-av. and 31st-st., with a front of 29 feet 4 inches on the avenue (and same in the rear) by 100 feet deep, known as the residence of the late Franklin F. Randolph.

Also, the lot in the rear of above premises, having a front on 31st-st. of 25 feet and in depth 91 feet 7 inches on the west line; 74 feet 5 inches on the east line, and 30 feet in width on the rear.

Maps at the office of Auctioneers, No. 11 Pine-st.

DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

Dr. ROBERT HUNTER, physician for Diseases of the Chest, &c., devotes his exclusive attention to the treatment of Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption and Asthma, by medicated and oxygenated inhalations. This treatment (by which remedies are applied directly to the seat of the disease) is the only scientific or successful one in all affections of the air passages and lungs. Patients unable to visit New-York can consult by letter. Office No. 9 Brevoort-place, 10th-st., near Broadway.

UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

The annual meeting of the Association of the Alumni will be held at the University on THURSDAY, June 18, at 7 o'clock P. M.
JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON, President.
HANSON C. GIBSON, Secretary.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Europe will be dispatched from this office on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, closing at 12 o'clock M., and at Stations A and B, 11:45; C, O and D, 11:25; E and F, 11:10, and G at 11 o'clock A. M.

Also, on WEDNESDAY notice of the hour of closing, which will be posted at the general office, and the stations on TUESDAY, P. M.
JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

DR. SCHENCK IS NOT HERE EVERY week as heretofore, but EVERY OTHER WEEK. His next visit will be on TUESDAY, the 30th, at his rooms No. 32 Bond-st.

"N. Y. MILLS" SHIRTS, $2 65; GAUZE UNdershirts, 60c.; lace ties, 50c.; linen collars, $1 doz. Everything else likewise, at VAIL'S, 141 Fulton-st.

WRAPPING-PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD copies of the *New-York Times* can be had at the counter of the *New-York Times*. Price, $1 per hundred. Also, old exchange papers. Price, 50 cents per hundred.

GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOK-STORE, cor. of 23d-st. and Broadway, and get a box of beautiful French Note Paper. Five quires for $1, stamped.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

WHERE TO GO FOR THE SUMMER.
HOW TO GO AND WHAT IT COSTS.
BOOK OF SUMMER RESORTS.

Sent by mail prepaid.
PRICE TWO DOLLARS.

Published at No. 229 Broadway, and for sale everywhere.

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NOW READY.
Commencing a new volume, (the 6th.)
NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.
It is the most
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III.—DESIDERO TE. By MARIA LOUISE POOL.
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X.—THE CHURCH OF THE FUTURE. By † † †.
XI.—FOR A YEAR. By ANNIE THOMAS. Printed from advance sheets.
XII.—MY FIELD. By MARY ELLEN ATKINSON.
XIII.—EASTMAN JOHNSON. By EUGENE BENSON. (With an illustration from a picture by EASTMAN JOHNSON.)
XIV.—THE GALAXY MISCELLANY.
XV.—DRIFT-WOOD. By PHILIP QUILIBET.
XVI.—LITERATURE AND ART.
XVII.—NEBULÆ. By the Editor.
Price 35 cents.

The subscription price of THE GALAXY is $4 a year; invariably in advance. Two copies will be sent for $7; three copies for $10; ten for $30, and one to the getter-up of the club.
SHELDON & COMPANY,
Nos. 498 and 500 Broadway, New-York.

ON WEDNESDAY,
PUTNAM'S MAGAZINE.
"FRESH, VIGOROUS AND WHOLESOME." "BY FAR THE BEST."
[Incorporating also "THE NORTHERN MONTHLY."]

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Subscribers commencing with July number can have the first volume handsomely bound in cloth, free of cost of binding.

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No. 661 Broadway.

SCOTT AND DICKENS.

Published this Day.
THE BRIDE OF LAMMERMOOR.
THE FAIR MAID OF PERTH.

Two more volumes of the elegant, popular, and cheap Illustrated Library Edition of the Waverley Novels. $1 50 a volume.

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TICKNOR & FIELDS, Boston,
and No. 63 Bleecker-st., New-York.

NEW RELIGIOUS WORK.
LITTLE, BROWN & CO., BOSTON,
Publish this day,
THE MODERN REPRESENTATIONS
OF THE
LIFE OF JESUS,
Four Discourses delivered before the Evangelical Union, at Hanover, Germany, by Dr. Gerhard Uhlhorn. Translated from the third German edition, by Chas. E. Grinnell. 16mo, cloth. $1.

A GREAT SUCCESS.
NEW PIANO BOOK. $50 WORTH OF MUSIC FOR $3. Best compositions of Strauss, Godfrey, Gung'l, C. Faust, Weingarten, &c. Latest first-class music. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 1,125 Broadway, second door above 25th-st. Branch, No. 208 Bowery.

POLITICAL.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL GRANT CLUB.
A meeting of this Club will be held on
THURSDAY EVENING, June 18, 1868,
Corner of Broadway and 23d-st., at 8 o'clock.

All members of the Club, and all citizens favorable to the election of
GRANT AND COLFAX
are invited to attend.

EMINENT SPEAKERS will address the meeting.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE will meet punctually at 7½ o'clock.

RUFUS F. ANDREWS,
President.

GEO. H. SHELDON, } Secretaries.
JOHN J. SHAW, }

FINANCIAL.

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WARSAW

RAILWAY COMPANY'S

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

FOR SALE.

$900,000 on the Western Division, bearing interest at 7 per cent. Coupons Payable Semi-Annually, in February and August.

PRINCIPAL PAYABLE IN 1896.

The Company having disposed of all of the $1,800,000 bonds issued on the Western Division, between Peoria, Warsaw and Keokuk, except the amount now offered for sale, which has been reserved to pay for iron ordered to complete the line, now offer the same at 85, flat, that is to say, with the August coupon attached.

Capitalists desiring a safe, cheap and reliable investment, the mortgage being only $15,000 per mile, can be supplied with the Bonds, in amounts of not less than $5,000, by applying at the office of the Company, No. 26 Exchange-place.

CHARLES L. FROST, President.

Fisk & Hatch

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

No. 5 Nassau-street,

BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES,
ALL DESCRIPTIONS
OF
UNITED STATES SECURITIES,
and give especial attention to the conversion of
SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES
INTO THE
NEW FIVE-TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

Holders of the Sixes of 1881, and Five-twenty Bonds of 1862, and May 1, 1865, may now realize a liberal difference by exchanging them for the new 5-20s of 1865-7. We are prepared to make these exchanges upon the most favorable terms.

Deposits received and collections made.

FISK & HATCH, No. 5 Nassau-st.

Collections.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

(The same as an Incorporated Bank,)

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Have unusual facilities for making Collections on any part of the Union or Canada, with immediate Returns, at the very Lowest Current Rates.

4 PER CENT. ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

JAMES W. TUCKER & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
PARIS.
For letters of credit apply to
Messrs. HOWES & MACY,
No. 30 Wall-st.

HAMILTON FIRE INS. CO.,

NO. 11 WALL-ST.,

Capital, $150,000. Surplus, $92,305 61.

☞ The Directors have this day declared the usual semi-annual dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., free of Government tax, payable on and after July 1.

The transfer books will be closed on the 25th inst.

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, June 10, 1868.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, June 4, 1868.

THE INTEREST ON THE BONDS OF the State of Kansas, due July 1, 1868, will be paid on presentation of the coupons therefor at the office of the National Trust Company, No. 336 Broadway.

JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

DESIRABLE FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT.

THE LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY OFFER FOR SALE AT THEIR OFFICE, NO. 303 WALNUT-ST., PHILADELPHIA, AT NINETY-FIVE PER CENT.,

One Million Dollars of their Mortgage Bonds, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, FREE FROM STATE AND UNITED STATES TAXES, payable on the first days of June and December.

Said Bonds are either Coupon or Registered, and are secured by Mortgage on the Railroad and branches, the rolling stock and the franchises of the Company.

The outstanding Bonds of the Company, due in 1873, will be received in exchange for these Bonds, thus saving to the holders of the old issue the amount to be paid for taxes. L. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.

Issue letters of credit for travelers' use, on the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna, and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe.

ALSO, MAKE TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER OF MONEY ON CALIFORNIA, EUROPE AND HAVANA.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 7 Rue Scribe, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,
Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c.
Also, commercial credits.

WILLIAMS & GUION,
NO. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Issue circular Letters of Credit through
ALEXR. S. PETRIE & CO., LONDON,
AVAILABLE FOR TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE, &c.

Sterling Exchange at sight and sixty days.

Orders for Stocks, Bonds and Merchandise executed in London, by Cable or mail.

BOWLES BROTHERS & CO.,
BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 12 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS.

Make advances on American securities and cash coupons on demand. Bills on the United States or England bought and sold. Circular credits cashed.

Letters for Americans in Europe addressed to our care will be promptly delivered or forwarded.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 227 SOUTH 4TH-ST., PHILADELPHIA, MAY 27, 1868.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF BONDS of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, due April 1, 1870:

The Company offer to exchange any of these bonds of $1,000 each at any time before the 1st day of October next at par for a new mortgage bond of equal amount bearing 7 per cent. interest, clear of United States and State taxes, having 25 years to run.

The bonds not surrendered on or before the 1st of October next will be paid at maturity in accordance with their tenor. S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK OF CINCINNATI, CINCINNATI, April 25, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Commercial National Bank of Cincinnati, by vote of the shareholders, on the 8th day of April, 1868, and taking effect this day, is closing up its affairs.

The holders of notes, and other creditors of said bank, are requested to present such notes or other claims to the Commercial Bank of Cincinnati, organized under the Free Banking Law of Ohio.

CHAS. B. FOOTE, President.
HUGH COLVILLE, Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF CINCINNATI, CINCINNATI, April 25, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Commercial Bank of Cincinnati, organized under the Free Banking Law of Ohio, has this day purchased all the assets and business of the Commercial National Bank of Cincinnati, now closing its affairs, and under the same management will continue business as heretofore.

Notes and claims against the Commercial National Bank will be paid by this Bank on demand.

CHAS. B. FOOTE, President.
HUGH COLVILLE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO R. R. CO., CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 26, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of other appropriate business, will be held at the Company's office, in the City of Cleveland, on WEDNESDAY, June 17, 1868, the polls opening at 11 o'clock A. M., and closing at 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed on Saturday, June 6, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., and reopened on the morning of Thursday, June 18, 1868.

WM. F. STAUNTON, Secretary.

PEORIA AND BUREAU VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The holders of the seven per cent. bonds, falling due first August next, are hereby notified that the Treasurer is authorized to exchange the capital stock of the Company at par for such bonds as may be surrendered to him prior to the first day of July next. Accrued interest on the bonds will be allowed to the holder. This Road is under a perpetual lease, and has always paid semi-annual dividends of four per cent. in August and February, besides accumulating a surplus. C. W. DURANT, Treasurer, No. 13 William-st., New-York.

FOR INVESTMENT—TRUST FUNDS, &C.—8 per cent. City of Keokuk New Coupon Bonds, interest and principal at the Central National Bank, New-York, January and July, 20 years to run from Jan. 1, 1866; four coupons paid, and total issue is but $300,000. These are regarded as among the best secured corporation bonds in America. A small amount only for sale at 85 per cent. and interest. Apply to WM. H. SANFORD, Cashier Central National Bank, New-York.

MENDOTA MINING COMPANY OF LAKE SUPERIOR.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Mendota Mining Company of Lake Superior will be held at the office of the Company, No. 37 Wall-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th of June next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the election of Directors and other business. CHAS. J. WELLS, Secretary.

AN ELECTION FOR SIX TRUSTEES of the Standard Life Insurance Company, for the term of four years, will be held at the office of the Company on WEDNESDAY, the 17th of June, 1868. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. JAMES L. DAWES, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

R. H. FISK & CO.,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

No. 6 WALL-ST.,

Buy and sell at market rates all issues of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

and execute all orders for purchase and sale of the same.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD

dealt in on commission only.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 32 Wall-st., N. Y.

Persons opening *Currency* or *Gold* accounts with us will be allowed interest on all daily balances, with privilege to check without notice, the same as if drawn upon the City Banks.

Deposits received, certificates issued therefor, payable on demand, and bearing interest at the current market rate.

We are prepared at all times to make advances to our dealers, on approved collaterals, at the ruling rate.

Collections made expeditiously on all points of America.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of all descriptions of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES and GOLD. State, City, and other first-class loans negotiated.

Railroad and miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on Commission for Cash only.

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAY COOKE & CO.

NO. 20 WALL-ST.,
CORNER OF NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
And execute orders for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

We have added to our office a Retail Department for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of Government Securities, the purchase of GOLD and INTEREST COUPONS, and the sale of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS.

SEVEN-THIRTIES CONVERTED INTO FIVE-TWENTIES AT THE MOST FAVORABLE RATES.

JAY COOKE & CO.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.,

BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO
FUNDING 7.30 TREASURY LOANS.

All series taken in exchange for 5-20 BONDS. Returns made to correspondents without delay, and on favorable terms.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, June 16, 1868—3 P. M.

	Bid.	Ask		Bid.	Ask.
Registered '81...	112	112½	5-20 Coupon. '67..	114	114⅛
Coupon, 1881.....	117⅛	117⅜	10-40 Registered.	106⅛	106⅜
5-20 Regist'd '62.	109⅛	109¼	10-40 Coupon....	106¼	106⅜
5-20 Coupon, '62.	112⅝	113	Gold	140⅜	140½
5-20 Coupon, '64.	110⅝	110⅞	June 7.30.......	109⅞	110
5-20 Coupon, '65.	110⅞	111	July 7.30	109⅞	110
5-20 C. '65, JanJuly	113⅝	114			

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co

BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS,
&c.
Buy and Sell all issues of
U. S. BONDS
at MARKET RATES, and EXCHANGE
7-30 Notes, June 15, 1868, as follows:
For JUNE NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and receive $6 DIFFERENCE.
For JULY NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and receive $2 DIFFERENCE
ON EACH $1,000.
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.

ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN

Railroad Bonds, first mortgage, 7 per cent., interest payable February and August in New-York.

H. G. MARQUAND,
Vice-President, No. 43 Wall-st.

THE COUPONS
OF THE
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF
THE UNION PACIFIC
RAILROAD COMPANY,
DUE JULY 1, 1868,
will be paid on and after that date
IN GOLD COIN, FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX,
at the Company's office, No. 20 Nassau-st., New-York.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.

DREXEL & CO., No. 34 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.
DREXEL, HARJES & CO., No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 18 Wall-st., New-York,
Issue COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS, available in all parts of Europe, through Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co., Paris.
EXCHANGE ON PARIS at sight and sixty days.
STOCKS, BONDS and GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and SOLD ON COMMISSION.

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
PAYABLE JULY 1, 1892.

INTEREST—Seven per cent., free of Government tax, payable Jan. 1 and July 1 at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

The undersigned is authorized to sell $100,000 of the above-described bonds. The road, which is 80 miles in length, is completed, and earning largely in excess of the interest on its First Mortgage debt.

R. G. ROLSTON, President,
No. 26 Exchange-place.

OFFICE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA, NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, June 15.—The Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, due July 1, 1868, will be paid in full, free of Government tax, on presentation on and after that date at the Banking House of FISK & HATCH, No. 5 Nassau-st. Schedules of 20 or more Coupons (for which blanks will be furnished on application) will be received for examination from and after the 24th inst.

C. P. HUNTINGTON, Vice-President.

AUCTION SALES.

STEAMSHIPS ATLANTIC AND WESTERN METROPOLIS.

Public notice is hereby given that default having been made in the condition of a mortgage on the steamships ATLANTIC, BALTIC and WESTERN METROPOLIS, executed and delivered to us by the New-York and Bremen Steamship Company, and bearing date the 21st day of March, 1867, we shall, under and by virtue of the power in us vested by the said mortgage, sell at public auction on the 30th day of June next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer, the said steamships ATLANTIC and WESTERN METROPOLIS, together with all and singular, their respective engines, machinery, boilers, masts, bowsprits, sails, boats, anchors, cables, ship and cabin furniture, plate and all other necessaries thereunto appertaining and belonging.

CHARLES LULING & CO., Mortgagees.

Dated NEW-YORK CITY, June 6, 1868.

WILLIAM ABBOTT, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

At Clifton, Staten Island, consisting of 152 valuable building lots, to be sold on the premises on THURSDAY, June 18, at 12 o'clock noon, with water right, mansion and other buildings thereon. This property is situated within ten minutes' walk of Vanderbilt or third landing, and is bounded by New-York-av. and the Bay of New-York, and only 125 feet from the New-York Yacht Club-house and grounds, commanding a fine view of the harbor; will be sold in lots and parcels. Maps, catalogues, &c., to be had at the office of the auctioneer, No. 170 Chatham-square, New-York.

This sale will take place regardless of weather. Terms easy.

GREAT CHANCE FOR CHEAP HOMES, within fifteen minutes of the New-York City Hall.—On WEDNESDAY, June 17, at 11 o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction, 177 most desirable lots of ground, situated in the Nineteenth Ward of the City of Brooklyn, on Broadway, Harrison-av., Penn, Rutledge, Hayward, Lynch, Middleton and Gwinnette sts. The property is located in the very heart of the built-up section of the city, within ten minutes' walk of the Williamsburg ferries, and on three different routes of city railroads. No such chance for investment, either for residences or business purposes, has been offered for years, as the property can scarcely fail to quadruple in value in five years. Sale to take place at the Satellite Base Ball Ground, corner of Broadway and Rutledge-st., which is on the property. No postponement on account of the weather.

Title indisputable, and 50 per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps and catalogues can be found at Goodwin & Cort's, No. 245 Water-st., and Bigelow & Co.'s, corner Bowery and Bond-st.; and at James E. Nolan's, corner Broadway and Fulton-st., and on the ground on the day of sale. ECKERT & WALTER, Auctioneers.

SACKETT, BELCHER & CO.—THE REMAINING assets and book accounts of said firm will be sold by LAWRENCE & STRATTON, at public auction, at No. 11 Pine-st., New-York, on the 15th of July, 1868, at 12 M., including certain lands in Texas. For further information call as above.

AUCTION SALES.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer. No. 69 Montgomery-st., Jersey City, New-Jersey.

500 BUILDING LOTS AT DUNELLEN,

(Formerly Newmarket,)
ON THE LINE OF THE CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY,
ONE HOUR AND TWENTY MINUTES FROM NEW-YORK.
Will be Sold at Public Auction on
WEDNESDAY, June 17, 1868,
COMMENCING AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M., ON THE GROUND.
For account of the Central New-Jersey Land Improvement Company.

These lots are located at the new town of Dunellen, 2½ miles west of Plainfield, and are remarkable for beauty and healthfulness of location. The soil is a sandy loam, very dry, and yet productive.

Washington Rock, celebrated in revolutionary history, and a Summer watering place, is only two miles distant.

To persons of moderate means, seeking a home in the country, this place offers rare attractions.

An extra train will leave New-York for Dunellen on the day of sale, at 12 o'clock noon, returning after the sale.

Tickets for the excursion, costing 80 cents, can be obtained at the office of the Railroad Company, foot of Liberty-st.

For full particulars apply at the office of the Central New-Jersey Land Improvement Company, No. 103 Liberty-st., New-York. A. D. HOPE, General Agent.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO.,
will sell at auction on the premises,
ON THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1868,
at 12½ o'clock, 400 PLOTS, comprising nearly 3,000 city lots, of the magnificent property of the
RUTHERFURD PARK ASSOCIATION,
nine miles from City Hall, on the Erie Railroad. Special train leaves foot of Chambers-st. on the day of sale, at 11 o'clock A.M. Free tickets. Maps and full particulars at office of Auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st., New-York.
NO POSTPONEMENT ON ACCOUNT OF WEATHER.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF ELEGANT FURNITURE.—HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, June 17, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 25 West 30th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av., all the furniture contained in said dwelling, consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, rosewood parlor suite, covered in crimson silk brocatel, arm-chairs, rich crimson silk window curtains, lace window curtains, rosewood carved centre and carved tables, rosewood etagere. DINING ROOM—French walnut, covered in blue silk reps, made by Bembe & Kimbal, consisting of chairs, lounge, &c.; elegant French walnut buffet, richly carved, a very valuable dinner service, double set, and in perfect order, china and glass, &c. BEDROOMS—A superb set bedroom furniture, made of satinwood, inlaid with rosewood, consisting of bedstead, dressing bureau, two amoire a glaces, chairs, arm-chairs, quite new, cost $1,200; also cornices to match, lambrekins, lace curtains, &c.; very fine mattresses and pillows, also manogany bedroom suites, black walnut suites, and other articles. Sale without any reserve.

By HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell, by auction, on SATURDAY, June 20, 1868, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 53 Liberty-st.;
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

A. S. RICHARDS & Co., Auctioneers.

1000 CASES
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT AUCTION.
A. S. RICHARDS & CO.
will sell at their salesroom,
No. 7 College place,
between Murray and Barclay sts.,
WEDNESDAY, June 17,
at 10½ o'clock,
a great variety of
SEASONABLE GOODS.
Auction sales
EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING
during the year,
ALWAYS BY CATALOGUE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, June 17, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of HENRY R. DE WITT and CATHARINE FREDERICK, administrators of the estate of Henry Frederick, deceased:
$3,000 United States 7-30s, due July 15, 1868.
$11,300 United States 5-20s of November, 1865.
$5,000 United States 5-20s of July, 1865.
$2,000 United States 5-20s of May, 1862.
$7,000 United States 5-20s of July, 1867.
$1,000 United States 5-20s of June, 1864.
$1,500 United States 10-40s of March, 1864.
$10,000 Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company 7 per cent. mortgage bonds, due 1885.
$6,000 New-Jersey Central Railroad Company 7 per cent. mortgage bonds, due 1870.
$5,500 New-Jersey Central Railroad Company 7 per cent. 2d mortgage bonds, due 1875.
$5,000 Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company 7 per cent. bonds, due 1870.
$11,000 Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company 7 per cent. mortgage bonds, due 1896.
$7,000 Patterson City 7 per cent. bonds, due 1890.
$4,000 Galena and Chicago Union 1st mortgage 7 per cent. bonds, due 1882.
$14,000 Long Dock Company 7 per cent. mortgage bonds, due 1893.
$5,000 City of Hudson, N. J., 7 per cent bonds, due 1884.
$7,000 Morris and Essex Railroad Company first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds, due 1914.
11 shares North River Insurance Company, $25 each.
67 shares Greenwich Fire Insurance Company, $25 each.
20 shares Broadway Insurance Company, $25 each.
20 shares Corn Exchange Insurance Company, $50 each.
10 shares New-York Equitable Insurance Company, $35 each.
30 shares Republic Fire Insurance Company, $100 each.
$65 Republic Fire Insurance Company Scrip.
10 shares Lorillard Fire Insurance Company, $25 each.
20 shares Hudson County Bank, New-Jersey, $100 each.
10 shares National Mechanics Banking Association, $50 each.
40 shares Mechanics National Bank, $25 each.
40 shares Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, $25 each.
100 shares Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey, $100 each.
26 shares Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, $100 each.
50 shares New-Jersey Railroad Transportation Company, $100 each.
29 shares Hartford and New-Haven Railroad Company, $100 each.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF BONDS, FOR account of whom it may concern.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, June 17, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, for account of whom it may concern:

$100,000 Peruvian and Chilian Conjoint Issue 7 Per Cent. Gold Interest Bearing Bonds, redeemable 1st January, 1874. Interest payable 1st January and July. First coupon due 1st July, 1868, $1,000 each. Sale made at risk of purchaser, and without liability of any kind on part of vendors.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF 140 CHOICE building lots, in the town of Greenville, Hudson County, N. J., being part of the estate of Matthew Armstrong, deceased.

LEWIS E. WOOD will sell on THURSDAY, June 18, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the ground, 140 valuable building lots, located as above, in the town of Greenville, on Maple or Danforth avs., Linden and Ocean avs., the Bergen Point and Jersey City Plank Road and the old Bergen Road. This property commands a fine view of New-York Bay and the Narrows, the Cities of New-York, Brooklyn and Jersey City, and of Long Island and Staten Island. It is finely located in the centre of good improvements, and in close proximity to the Station of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey. On this road there are twenty trains a day each way between Greenville and New-York, and the fare, including ferriage, 10 cents (by excursion tickets) each way. The distance from New-York or Jersey City is about three miles and Wall-st. or the City Hall can be reached in thirty minutes, the time by Central Railroad being 20 minutes from Greenville to Liberty-st., New-York. This property, which is the finest in Hudson County, will be sold in plots of from six to twelve lots, and offers the best inducements for investment or building of any property in the vicinity of New-York or Jersey City. It will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder. Terms on the day of sale.

For maps and full particulars inquire of M. ARMSTRONG, Post Office building, Greenville, and No. 19 Ferry-st., N. Y., or of the Auctioneer.

LEWIS E. WOOD,
No. 69 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.
JOHN ARMSTRONG and MATTHEW ARMSTRONG, Executors.

By J. H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

GOVERNMENT SALES OF SUBSISTENCE SUPPLIES.
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, CORNER HOUSTON AND GREENE STS., NEW-YORK, June 15, 1868.
Will be sold at public auction on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock, in front of store No. 112 Pearl-st., New-York City, the following condemned subsistence supplies:
249 POUNDS RICE.
244 POUNDS BEANS.
500 POUNDS SALT.
50 GALLONS MOLASSES.
Also, 3 stoves, 19 kettles, 3 pans, some stove pipe, and sundry other commissary articles.
C. L. KILBURN, Bvt. Brig.-Gen., A. C. G. S.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Broker—Office and salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post Office.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FROM THE SOUTH.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE will sell THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) June 17, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom in the Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st., an elegant assortment of household furniture, consisting of rich carved rosewood parlor suites in heavy satin brocade; etageres, card-tables, centre-tables, easy chairs, reception chairs, gilt pier and mantel mirrors, brocatel and lace curtains; rosewood 7-octave piano, made by Gale & Co.; fine carved rosewood and black walnut bedsteads, armoire-a-glace, dressing-bureau to match; washstands, dressing-tables, black walnut extension tables, buffets, arm-chairs, rich china dinner and tea sets, silver-plated ware, rich cut glass ware, feather beds, mattresses, paillasses, quilts, sheets, counterpanes, towels, &c., &c. Also, a large assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.
By order of G. SCHIFF, Administrator.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Broker—Office and salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery No. 82 5th-av.

CLOSING SALE OF CARRARA MARBLE STATUARY, ALABASTER ORNAMENTS, PEDESTALS, MOSAIC TABLES, &C., &C., THE IMPORTATION OF F. ZANNONI & CO., OF FLORENCE, ITALY.

THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) June 17, at 10½ o'clock, at salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post Office, will be sold a new invoice of the above goods, comprising about thirty figures and busts of Carrara marble, alabaster groups and statuettes, vases, card-receivers, groups of animals, tazzas and a large variety of other ornaments. Sale positive to close out accounts.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO. THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) June 17, at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 11 East River:
200 boxes fresh Sicily oranges.
800 boxes fresh Sicily lemons, balance of cargo brig *Ebe*, from Palermo.
Immediately after, within their store,
112 boxes fresh Malaga lemons.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer—Salesrooms 161 Liberty-st.,

WILL SELL BY AUCTION ON THURSDAY, at 10½ o'clock, by order of assignees, a general assortment of genteel household furniture, fancy goods, &c., &c.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED FOR THE removal of two submerged stone piers of the old bridge at Harlem to a depth equal to the depth of the channel under the new bridge.

Parties desiring to estimate can learn further particulars of ERASTUS W. SMITH, Engineer, No. 42 Dominick-st., or make personal examination on the premises.

Proposals—which are desired immediately—to be sent to GEORGE R. JACKSON, President Harlem Bridge Commission, No. 201 Centre-st.

PROPOSALS.

NAVAL SUPPLIES.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE UNITED STATES NAVY, NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 16, 1868.

Proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M. the 19th inst. for the following supplies, which must be of the very best quality, delivered immediately, free of expense, at the New-York Navy-yard, subject to the usual inspection thereat, viz.:

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

100,000 pounds ingot copper, (Minnesota;) 10,000 pounds banca or strait tin, 20 boxes sheet tin, as required; 3,000 pounds Silesian spelter, 2,000 pounds Thurber's metal, 1,100 feet fine wire rope, ⅝ dia'r, "Robelings;" 100 tons No. 1 anthracite pig iron, and 100 tons No. 1 charcoal pig iron, cold blast of such brands, as required; 10,500 pounds Ulster iron, 2x1¼ to 4x⅝; 2,000 pounds assorted sheet iron for breeching, 336 sheets chill rolled and annealed smoke-pipe iron, 73x38 to 88x44, Nos. 6, 8 and 10; 1,500 pounds American Tool Company's steel (assorted,) 4,800 pounds counter-sunk head rivits, ⅜x1 to 2; 8 kegs wrought-iron spikes, 6 to 8 long; 240 gross iron and 150 gross brass screws, assorted; 50 gross round-headed brass screws, (assorted.) 10 dozen taper saw files, 4 to 9; 4 burnishers, (assorted.) 10 dozen cabinetmaker's rasps, 10 pounds German silver, 6 dozen locks, (Day's,) spring latch, mortice and rim; 2 dozen Turkey oil-stones, 5 dozen Turkey oil-stone slips, 2 cooper's and 2 carpenter's adzes, 1 case grailing combs, 2 cross-cut saws, Richardson's, 5 feet long; 1 set blending brushes, 3 pairs small round-nosed plyers, (Stubbs.) 100 pounds sheet zinc, 5 yards copper wire cloth, 20 pounds worsted yarn, 1 piece brown muslin, 3,000 feet double thick glass, 10x15 to 18x30; 400 pounds antimony, 200 gallons alcohol, 95 per cent.; 500 pounds Cooper's best white glue, 400 pounds shellac, 1 gallon white varnish, 8 pounds spirits of ammonia, 200 pounds putty, 250 white glass bottles, with corks; 5 pounds Florida sponge, 1 water-closet fixtures, 50 manilla mats, 1 water cooler, 400 bundles North River straw, 3 pounds each; 2,000 pounds animal charcoal, 2,000 feet fine cotton and 2,000 feet fine hemp chalk lines, 6,000 fire bricks, 20,000 hard burnt bricks, uniform in size; 2 sets cylinder fire brick, 150 cubic yards fire sand, 50 cubic yards fire clay, 75 cubic yards fine white beach sand, 30 cubic yards brass moulding sand, 350 cubic yards iron moulding sand, for heavy and light work; 50 cubic yards sharp building sand, (Staten Island,) 500 square yards boiler cement, 20 barrels lime, equal to Thomaston's, in well-hooped barrels, 300 pounds each; 15 barrels lime, (extra,) for whitewashing; 20 spruce piles, 12 to 15 butt, 35 to 40 feet long; 250 cords pine wood, 35 pieces oak, 6x24x20 feet long; 125 oak plank, 4x10x20 feet long; 348 pieces white pine timber, 4x6 and 1x12, 12 to 20 feet long; 28 pieces Georgia pine timber, 15x15 to 18x18, 20 to 24 feet long; 50,000 feet white pine, ¾ and 1 thick, and 20,000 feet white pine lumber, 2 to 2½ thick, for flasks; 50,000 feet white pine lumber, (assorted,) kiln dried, for patterns; 350 spruce plank, 1¾x6x26 feet long; 2,000 Albany boards, 10 wide, 13 feet long, (dry;) 3,000 feet mahogany, (St. Domingo,) 1 to 3 thick; 15,000 feet black walnut, 1 to 2, clear of all defects, for lagging machinery; 2 ribbon stamps and ribbons.

Samples of the above may be seen, and more particular information acquired, by applying to Chief Engineer W. W. W. WOOD, at the Navy-yard.

Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded. Further information, with blank forms for bidders, to be had at this office. GEO. PLUNKETT, Paymaster, United States Navy.

PROPOSALS FOR $800,000 OF NEW-YORK COUNTY COURT-HOUSE STOCK, NO. 2.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Comptroller's office until TUESDAY, June 23, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars of "The New-York County Court-house Stock, No. 2," authorized by Chapter 854 of the Laws of 1868, and by an ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, approved by the Mayor June 11, 1868. The said Stock is to provide additional means for the completion, fitting up and furnishing of the New County Court-house on Chambers-st. It will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed in successive annual installments of one hundred and sixty thousand dollars each, commencing on the first day of November, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-seven.

The proposals will state the amount of stock desired and the price per hundred dollars thereof, and the person whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the County Treasurer the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposal should be sealed, and indorsed "Proposals for New-York County Court-house Stock, No. 2," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if the interests of the County require it.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, June 11, 1868.

PROPOSALS FOR A $50,000 LOAN.

OFFICE OF WATER WORKS, DETROIT, June 1, 1868.

The Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Detroit, by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of Michigan, will receive sealed proposals until the 10TH DAY OF JULY NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon, for a loan, upon the credit of the City of Detroit, for the sum of $50,000, to be issued in bonds of $1,000 each, payable in twenty years from the first day of August next, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually. The principal and interest payable in the City of New-York. No proposal will be considered for a less rate than the par value of such bonds.

Proposals to be directed to the "President of the Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Detroit," and indorsed "Proposals for Loan."

ROBERT E. ROBERTS, Secretary.

NAVAL SUPPLIES.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY, NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 17, 1868.

Proposals will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M. the 23d inst. for the following supplies, *which must be of the very best quality*, delivered immediately, free of expense, at the New-York Navy Yard, subject to the usual inspection thereat, viz.:

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

5,000 pounds Ground Feed; 8,000 pounds Indian Meal. 800 Bushels Oats, (32 pounds to the bushel;) 2 Sacks Salt.

Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded. Blank forms for bidders to be had at this office.

GEO. PLUNKETT Paymaster, U. S. Navy.

NAVAL SUPPLIES.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY, NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 17, 1868.

Proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M. the 26th inst. for the following supplies, *which must be of the very best quality*, delivered immediately free of expense at the New-York Navy-yard, subject to the usual inspection thereat, viz.:

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

1,050 sheets of Copper, 30 by 60, 20 lbs. per sheet; 17,500 lbs. Angle Iron, 1¼x1¼; 250 squares of Slate, "Susquehanna," uniform in color, ¼ inch thick, sizes 10x20, 11x20, and 12x20, assorted.

Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded. Blank forms for bidders to be had at this office.

GEO. PLUNKETT, Paymaster, U. S. Navy.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL, COR. HOUSTON AND GREENE STS., NEW-YORK CITY, June 9, 1868.

PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE ARE INVITED and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., MONDAY, 22d instant, for supplying this Department with 450 cords merchantable hard wood and 2,218 tons (2,240 lbs. each) best quality anthracite coal, egg size, to be delivered at such time as may be required prior to September 1, at posts in New-York Harbor, as follows, viz.:

Fort Hamilton—209 cords wood and 687 tons coal.
Fort Wadsworth—334 tons coal.
Fort Schuyler—110 cords wood and 495 tons coal.
Willet's Point—131 cords wood and 802 tons coal.

The wood is to be delivered on the wharfs of the respective posts, and to be 128 cubic feet to the cord. The coal is to be delivered in the yard provided for its reception at each post and paid for according to weight as ascertained by post scales.

No bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a guaranty signed by two responsible persons that in case the bid is accepted a contract will be executed with good and sufficient securities in the sum of one thousand dollars to deliver the wood, and twenty-five hundred dollars to deliver the coal, in conformity with the terms of this advertisement.

The privilege is reserved of rejecting any or all the bids if deemed advisable.

Separate proposals will be received for supplying 402 cords wood and 3,250 tons coal, to be delivered as follows, viz.:

Fort Columbus, 200 cords wood and 1,500 tons coal.
Fort Wood, 160 cords wood and 515 tons coal.
David's Island, 42 cords wood and 1,241 tons coal.
Subject to the above conditions.

Also, separate proposals will be received for supplying:

Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., with 150 cords wood and 653 tons coal.
Fort Trumbull, New-London, Conn., with 250 cords wood and 275 tons coal; and
West Point, N. Y., with 431 cords wood and 866 tons coal.

Bonds will be required in each case to the amount of one-fourth of the contract, otherwise subject to the above conditions.

Bids should be made upon forms which may be had at this office (room No. 20,) indorsed "Proposals for Wood" or for "Coal," and addressed to the undersigned to whom application may be made for additional particulars.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brevet Major-Gen. and Ass't. Q'rm'r. General U. S. A.

ARMY BUILDINGS, COR. GREENE AND HOUSTON STS., NEW-YORK, June 16, 1868.

PROPOSALS (IN DUPLICATE) WILL be received by the undersigned until 12 M. THURSDAY, June 18, inst., for
5,000 pounds first quality sugar-cured SMOKED HAMS, to be bagged and packed in tierces.
20,000 pounds Carolina RICE, in clean, good, stout oak barrels.
5,000 pounds JAVA COFFEE, in original sacks inclosed in gunny bags.
20,000 pounds Green RIO COFFEE, in barrels.
50,000 pounds of clean dry BROWN SUGAR, in barrels full head-lined.
10,000 pounds carefully-selected TEA in original half chests, ¾ Oolong, ⅛ Green, ⅛ Japan. Packages to be matted, well strapped and in perfect order, cargo and chop marks to be stated on the proposals.
Bidders are requested to offer not more than two samples of each kind of tea.
Bids for Coffee, Sugar and Tea to be made duty paid.
5,000 pounds of CRUSHED SUGAR.
5,000 pounds WHITE GRANULATED SUGAR.
5,000 pounds WHITE COFFEE SUGAR, A.
5,000 pounds cut LOAF SUGAR.
5,000 GALLONS of the best quality of PURE VINEGAR, in half barrels of twenty-two gallons each.
32,000 pounds of good, clean, dry, fine SALT, in strong, tight barrels.
The manner of making bids, requirements of bidders, &c., same as stated in previous advertisements from this office.
C. L. KILBURN,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. and A. C. G. S.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THE NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—SALE OF LEASE OF PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER.—Proposals for the purchase at private sale of the unexpired term of upward of six years of the lease of the Pier No. 46 North River, in the City of New-York, with all the privileges granted in the lease, and all the provisions contained therein, together with the warehouse or shed, and office upon the pier, blacksmith shop, stationary hoisting engine, tackling, gang planks, &c., will be received at the office of Isaac Dayton, Register in Bankruptcy, in charge of the above entitled bankruptcy, until FRIDAY, the 19th June, 1868, at 12 o'clock noon. Information concerning the said lease and property may be obtained of the assignees, Robert J. Hubbard, at No. 33 Broadway, Room No. 24, and Andrew J. Hennion, at No. 80 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 53, and of the said Register in Bankruptcy.

ISAAC DAYTON, Register in Bankruptcy,
No. 202 Broadway, New-York.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Seventeenth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for painting Primary School No. 26 in said Ward. Specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Repairs, &c."

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from the successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

WM. FISCHER,
HENRY L. SLOTE,
G. P. STOTZMAN,
JOHN BYRNES,
F. C. WAGNER,
Board of Trustees, Seventeenth Ward.

JUNE 9, 1868.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 4th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ALONZO F. ROBBINS, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 8th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of NILS PETER LARSEN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 16, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MOSES E. ORASTO, a bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court, in said district, by Moses E. Orasto, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 3d day of July, A. D. 1868, at a court in bankruptcy at No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, before John Fitch, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said district, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day, is assigned for the hearing of the same, and notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proven their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to said bankrupt.—Dated at New-York City, May 29, 1868.

je3-law3wW* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN CALDWELL, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by John Caldwell, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 29th day of June, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 1st day of June, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

KING & LATHROP, Attorneys for Bankrupt, No. 38 Wall-st. je3-law3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MATTHIAS H. BARRETT, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court, by Matthias H. Barrett, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 25th day of June, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same; when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 2d day of June, 1868.

je3-law3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WALTER D. STEWART, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court, by Walter D. Stewart, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 25th day of June, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 2d day of June, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je3-law3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DAVID D. ELSTON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court, by David D. Elston, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 25th day of June, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 2d day of June, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je3-law3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ISAAC STEINBURG, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Isaac Steinburg, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 9th day of July, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaac Dayton, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 16th day of June, 1868.

je17-law3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. KNIFFEN, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 26th day of May, 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William H. Kniffen, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 26th day of May A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je3-law3wW* No. 157 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HIRAM B. WETHERELL, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt, having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 7th day of July, A. D., 1868, at 12 o'clock noon, at Chambers, of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, 4th June, 1868.

je10-law3wW* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. LITTLE, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of William H. Little, of the City of Elizabeth, County of Union and State of New-Jersey, and who carried on business for six months next immediately preceding the filing of his petition at the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1867, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition.—Dated New-York City the 6th day of February, A. D. 1868.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je10-law3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 12th day of June, 1868.—In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY CARTER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Henry Carter, of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings, and State of New-York, who has carried on business for the six months next immediately preceding the filing of his petition in the City of New-York, within said district, and who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je17-law3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY R. WINTER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Henry R. Winter, of the City of Brooklyn, County of Kings and State of New-York, carrying on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, May 4, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je3-law3wW* No. [illegible]7 Broadway, New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE W. GLAZE, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of George W. Glaze, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je3-law3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY DATER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Henry Dater, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 15th day of May, 1868.

je3-law3wW* GEORGE R. AMMOND, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES PLACE, bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Charles Place, of the City of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868. A. B. THORBURN, Assignee.

je3-law3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM RUGER, EMIL RUGER and THEODORE RUGER, bankrupts.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William Ruger, Emil Ruger, and Theodore Ruger, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts, upon their own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1868.

je3-law3wW* PHILIP BRUNS, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SOLOMON H. MURLIN, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Solomon H. Murlin of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York within the said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.—Dated at New-York the 15th day of May, A. D. 1868.

je3-law3wW* JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 12th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM STEELE, of New-York City, and of WILLIAM A. SMITH and of IRA SMITH, JR., both of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings and State of New-York, and against the estate of each of them, (formerly copartners in the firm name of Ira Smith & Co.,) who have been adjudged bankrupts on their individual petitions: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or either of them, or for their use, or the use of either of them, and the transfer of any property by them or either of them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, and of each of them, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, and of the estate of each of them, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 8th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of CHARLES SMITH, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 3d day of July, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 9th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ORLANDO A. PEGRAM, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 9th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of CHARLES W. BURTON, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 17, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 13th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOACHIM AARON, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 17, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 21st day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JULIUS NEGBAUR, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 3d day of July, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 17, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 11th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ISAAC S. WEINBERGER, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 3d day of July, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 17, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY T. BLODGET, a bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Henry T. Blodget, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 2d day of July, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 8th day of June, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je10-law3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DEXTER TIFFANY, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court, by Dexter Tiffany, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 1st day of July, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 1st day of June, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je3-law3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH L. STRAUSS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by James L. Strauss, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 25th day of June, A. D., 1868, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petition should not be granted.—Dated at New-York on the 2d day of June, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je3-law3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of NATHAN W. EASTON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Nathan W. Easton, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 2d day of July, 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 9th day of June, 1868.

je10-law3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN D. PIERCY, of Jersey City, in the County of Hudson, and State of New-Jersey, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 1 Montgomery-st., in Jersey City, New-Jersey, before Mr. Staats S. Morris, Register, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.—Dated June 8, 1868.

W. BUDD DEACON,
je10-law2wW* U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN R. FAURE, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by John R. Faure, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and a certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 6th day of July, 1868, at 11 o'clock A.M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 16th day of June, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je17-law3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB M. HARRIS, bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Esq., Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Jacob M. Harris, late of the City of Brooklyn, now of the City of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1868. HENRY E. KLUGH, Assignee,
je10-law3wW* No. 6 Wall-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES GORDON, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of James Gordon, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, 11th day of June, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je17-law3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES F. NOURSE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 4th day of June, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of James F. Nourse, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

je10-law3wW* LEWIS BAILY, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of PATRICK TRAINOR, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Patrick Trainor, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New York, within the said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1868.

je10-law3wW* J. M. ANDRUSS, Assignee.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 15th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of EDWARD ROBINSON and ENOCH CHAMBERLIN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

JUNE 17, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THEODORE A. BLANCHARD, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Theodore A. Blanchard, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 16th day of July, 1868, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 15th day of June, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je17-law3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM HIGBIE SMITH, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by William Higbie Smith, of Deal, Monmouth County, State of New-Jersey, carrying on business in the City of New-York, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 9th day of July, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 15th day of June, 1868.

je17-law3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JUSTIN ASA EDWARDS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Justin Asa Edwards, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 9th day of July, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaac Dayton, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 16th day of June, 1868.

je17-law3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN A. VAN SAUN and ALBERT VAN SAUN, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by John A. Van Saun and Albert Van Saun, individually and as copartners under the firm name of J. A. Van Saun & Son, in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 14th day of July, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 16th day of June, 1868.

je17-law3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

NO. 1,359.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES DIEM, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 12th day of June, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles Diem, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je17-law3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES G. DUNCAN, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of James G. Duncan, of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, to wit, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of himself, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 13th day of June, A. D. 1868. JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je17-law3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALBERT W. ROOD, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Albert W. Rood, of the City, County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at the City of New-York, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je3-law3wW No. 137 Broadway, City of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN S. PENRICE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John S. Penrice, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 29th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je10-law3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

SAVINGS BANKS.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

No. 3 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1868.

INTEREST AT THE RATE OF 7 PER CENT.

per annum on sums of $500 and under. 6 per cent. on sums over that amount which have remained on deposit for three and six months previous to the 1st day of July, 1868, will be paid on demand after the 19th of July.

Interest not called for will draw interest from the 1st day of July.

Bank open daily from 10 o'clock A. M. till 3 o'clock P. M., and on Thursdays from 10 A. M. till 7 P. M.

WILLIAM H. SLOCUM, President.
CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,
No. 1,146 BROADWAY,
Between 26th and 27th sts.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST,
Free from Government tax.
ALL MONEY DEPOSITED NOW
Draws interest from July 1.
CHARLES PECK, President.
CHARLES T. RODGERS, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

No. 283 Bowery.

Six per cent. interest (free from tax) allowed on all sums of from $5 to $10,000.

Deposits made on or before July 1 will draw interest from that date. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7. German spoken. ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.

HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of six per cent. on all sums from $1 to $5,000, free from Government tax. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WALTER H. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of 3d-av., and 26th-st.

Six per cent. interest paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Money deposited now will draw interest from July 1.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock. SPENCER K. GREEN, President.

WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
NOS. 396 AND 398 CANAL-ST., COR. OF LAIGHT.
OPEN DAILY FROM 10 TO 3 O'CLOCK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ON $5 TO $5,000.
ASSETS, $4,948,935 61.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York, opposite Cooper Institute.—The usual DIVIDEND at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, free from tax, will be paid to depositors on and after July 17, 1868.

DEPOSITS MADE NOW

draw interest from July 1, and dividends not withdrawn will draw interest from that date, the same as principal.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free from tax, ALLOWED on ALL SUMS from $5 to $5,000.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

Candidates for admission to the under-graduate classes of Columbia College are requested to present themselves for examination at the College, 49th-st., between 4th and 5th-avs., on Friday, 19th June, inst., at 9 o'clock A. M. Candidates for admission to the School of Mines will be received at the school, on the College grounds, on Tuesday, 23d, at the same hour.

The annual COMMENCEMENT of Columbia College will be held at the Academy of Music, on Wednesday, June 24, the exercises commencing at 10½ o'clock, A. M. The Trustees of the College, the faculties of its several associated schools, the Regents of the University, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to attend.

F. A. P. BARNARD, S. T. D., LL.D., President.

A LADY LIVING VERY NEAR MADISON-square proposes to continue, at home, the educating of her two boys, ten and twelve years old, and in order to do so wishes to join with them, next September, four others whose previous studies will admit of their making one class. The arrangement will be only for their daily instruction. Address Box No. 184 New-York Post Office.

A GENTLEMAN WOULD LIKE A SITUATION in City or vicinity as teacher or private tutor in classics, English branches, mathematics and natural sciences; would engage at once; refers to Profs. Chandler, Egleston, Peck and Jay, Columbia College. Address G. B. H., School Mines, East 49th-st.

MR. AND MRS. FOLSOM'S BOARDING School for Young Ladies, Nos. 38 and 40 Elm-st., New-Haven, Conn.—Gymnastics daily under Prof. Welch, of Yale College. Fall term begins Sept. 18. Send for circular.

MT. PLEASANT INSTITUTE—PRIVATE classes for Boys—Amherst, Mass. H. C. NASH.

TEACHERS.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER WOULD take the entire charge of children under 12 years, instruct them in English and the rudiments of music and French; first-class testimonials. Address M. E., No. 296 West Houston-st.

RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—AN ENGLISH lady experienced in teaching English, music and French, wishes an engagement. Address R. G. W., Post Office, Union-square.

A FRENCH TEACHER WISHES TO get engagement for teacher during this Summer; best references. Address M. B., No. 122 West 12th-st.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

CUBA leaves....WEDNESDAY, June 17
AUSTRALASIAN leaves....WEDNESDAY, June 24
RUSSIA leaves....WEDNESDAY, July 1
SCOTIA leaves....WEDNESDAY, July 8
CHINA leaves....WEDNESDAY, July 15
CUBA leaves....WEDNESDAY, July 22
Chief cabin passage....$130
Second cabin passage....80
TO PARIS.
Chief cabin passage....145
Payable in gold.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

BOATS TO CONVEY PASSENGERS and baggage on board the steamship CUBA will leave the company's wharf, Jersey City, between 12 and 2 o'clock, on Wednesday, 17th inst.
Passengers only can be taken on board.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-Green.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.
The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN viz.:
MANHATTAN, NEBRASKA.
MINNESOTA. COLORADO.
With other first-class steamers building.
COLORADO....WEDNESDAY, June 24
NEBRASKA....WEDNESDAY, July 1
MANHATTAN....WEDNESDAY, July 8
MINNESOTA....WEDNESDAY, July 22
From Pier No. 46 North River.
Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $30, currency.
Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:
VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT....SATURDAY, June 27
PEREIRE....DUCHESNE....SATURDAY, July 11
EUROPE....LEMARIE....SATURDAY, July 25
ST. LAURENT....BOCANDE....SATURDAY, Aug. 8
PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine.)
TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $145; second cabin, $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.
American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND.—The Inman Line, under contract with the United States and British Governments for carrying the Mails, intend dispatching their steamers as follows:
CITY OF NEW-YORK, (via Halifax.)
TUESDAY, June 16, at 11 A. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP....SATURDAY, June 20
CITY OF PARIS....SATURDAY, June 27
And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate MONDAY, at 1 P. M., from Pier No. 45 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin....	$100	Steerage....	$35
To London....	105	To London....	40
To Paris....	115	To Paris....	50

Passage by the Monday steamers, first cabin, $90, gold; steerage, $35, payable in currency.
Rates of passage from New-York to Halifax: First Cabin, $20; steerage, $10—payable in gold.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND DERRY.
THE ANCHOR LINE,
favorite Clyde-built Steamers, are intended to sail
EVERY SATURDAY,
From Pier No. 20, North River, 12 o'clock, noon.

COLUMBIA....	June 20	HIBERNIA....	July 11
CALEDONIA....	June 27	EUROPA....	July 18
BRITANNIA....	July 4	IOWA....	July 25

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow, or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion Tickets, good for 12 months, $160.
Steerage, to Glasgow or Derry, $30; Intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York, to
HENDERSON BROTHERS.

CUNARD LINE OF STEAMERS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.

TARIFA....	June 18	PALMYRA....	July 2
SIBERIA....	June 25	MALTA....	July 9

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK:
Cabin....$80 Gold.
Steerage....$30 Currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. E. CUNARD.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO EUROPE.
The elegant first-class steamship
ARIEL, Capt. A. G. JONES,
will leave foot of Canal-st., North River, for Bremen via Havre, SATURDAY, June 13,
to be followed by the CIRCASSIAN, June 27.
Rates of Passage.—First Cabin, $90; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $25; gold. Apply for freight and passage to
RUGER BROS. & CO., General Agents,
No. 103 Pearl-st., and No. 4 Broadway, N. Y.

NATIONAL LINE.
THE STEAMSHIP LOUISIANA, FORBES, will leave SATURDAY, June 20, at 12 M., from Pier No. 47 North River.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100; Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.
Apply at the Company's office, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND
BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET,
AT REDUCED RATES.
DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st. and No. 23 Broadway.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE TO
CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,
RATES OF PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED AND AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon
FOUR TIMES A MONTH,
On 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult.
Medicine and attendance free.
JUNE 24—RISING STAR, Capt. CONNER, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. LAPIDGE.
Steamer leaving July 9 connects closely with steamer JAPAN, leaving San Francisco Aug. 3 for China and Japan.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

GREAT REDUCTION IN FREIGHT,
TO SAN FRANCISCO VIA PANAMA.
By Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer RISING STAR, sailing on WEDNESDAY, June 24.
Per cubic foot, 80 cents; Per pound, 1½ cents.
Freight forwarded by this steamer reaches San Francisco about four days in advance of shipments by North American Steamship Company's departure of June 20, and twenty days in advance of their departure of July 5.
Apply to WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.
Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY!
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
Via Panama Railroad.
NEW SAILING ARRANGEMENT.
THE 5TH AND 20TH OF EVERY MONTH,
or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st., at noon.
JUNE 5—Steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, connecting with new steamship OREGONIAN.
JUNE 20—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship NEBRASKA.

These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further particulars address the undersigned at Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st., New-York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
WM. H. WEBB, President.
CHAS. DANA, Vice-President.
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

STEAM COMMUNICATION
BETWEEN
NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA,
VIA PANAMA.
The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 22d of each month from Panama to New-Zealand and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 9th of each month. First and second-class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $364 for first-class, and $218 to $248 for second-class, payable in United States gold coin.
Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand.
Arrangements are completed for the carriage of a limited quantity of merchandise on through bills of lading; freight payable here.
For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent.
No. 28 William-st., New-York.

FOR MOBILE,
FERNANDINA AND THE GULF PORTS.
The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch
The first-class steamship
FLAG, Capt. BAXTER,
for Fernandina, on SATURDAY, June 20, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting at Cedar Keys, via Florida Railroad, with the fine steamship MARY, for MOBILE.
Cargo delivered, without lighterage, at Mobile in one week.
Insurance guaranteed at 1½ per cent.
Bills lading furnished and goods forwarded free of commissions.
Has superior passenger accommodations. Apply to
I. K. ROBERTS, Agent, No. 174 Chambers-st.
Mobile agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.
SAILING EVERY 20 DAYS.
Steamer VIRGO, Capt. DEAKEN, will leave Pier No. 16 East River, on TUESDAY, June 23, at 10 o'clock A. M.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS,
No. 44 Beaver-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, July 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Aug. 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, via Nassau, June 18.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, June 25.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, July 2.
All letters must pass through the Post Office.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. B. HARTSON, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.
UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE BAHAMA GOVERNMENT FOR CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid side-wheel steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, on THURSDAY, June 18, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
For engagements of freight or passage apply to
GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA.
NEW-YORK TO SAN FRANCISCO.
Travelers can now procure
THROUGH TICKETS
from New-York to San Francisco at greatly reduced rates. Also, tickets to all points in Colorado, Dakota, Utah, Montana, Idaho and Nevada.
For tickets and any information relative to the route apply to
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Stage Department,
No. 84 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:
GEO. WASHINGTON..GAGER...SATURDAY, June 20.
CORTES....NELSON..SATURDAY, June 27.
Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates.
For passage or freight apply to the agents,
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE—The A 1 fast and reliable steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will sail on WEDNESDAY, June 17, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. Through bills of lading issued to all points in the South and Southwest. Agents in Charleston, RAVENEL & CO., forward all goods free of commission.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.
The fine steamship MONTEREY will sail on the following Wednesday.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Citizens about to travel abroad may procure passports from A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Passport Agent, No. 41 Chambers-st.

STEAMBOATS.

THE
BRISTOL LINE.
FOR
BOSTON,
from Pier No. 40, North River, foot of Canal-st., at 6 o'clock P. M.

TRAVELING AT HALF-PRICE.
In the Grandest Boats in the world.
TO BOSTON....$1 00
Meals 50 cents.
Accommodations for 1,200 passengers.

These boats leave an hour later, and arrive in Boston ahead of all other lines.

A CHEAP AND CHARMING EXCURSION.
A. L. ANDERSON, General Manager.
M. R. SIMMONS, Agent.

STONINGTON LINE.
GREAT REDUCTION IN FARE.
To Boston, first class....$1 00
To Providence, first class....50
The new and elegant Side-wheel Steamers
STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT,
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL,
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.,
And foot of 19th-st., East River, at 6 P. M., daily.
Steamboat Express Train leaves Stonington at 3:30, reaches Providence at 5:15, and Boston at 6:50 A. M., in ample time for all the Eastern trains.
Up-town passengers, by taking the boat at 19th-st., East River, have one and a half hours longer at their homes, and avoid the crowded streets in the lower part of the City.
Passengers from down town, taking Avenue A or Avenue B cars, from the Astor House, or the South and 34th-st. cars, will be landed within two blocks of this Pier. The Steamers will also stop at this Pier in the morning, on the down trip, to land such passengers as desire it.
Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at the principal hotels, at No. 2 Astor House, and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway. D. S. BABCOCK,
President Stonington Steamboat Company.

FOR BOSTON, VIA NEWPORT AND FALL RIVER.
GREAT REDUCTION OF FARES BY THE OLD FALL RIVER LINE,
BETWEEN
NEW-YORK and BOSTON, NEWPORT, FALL RIVER, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, and CAPE COD TOWNS and NANTUCKET.
Fare to Boston (Cabin)....$1 00
Other places in proportion. Fare always as low as by any other regular line.
One of the Magnificent Steamboats,
NEWPORT, or OLD COLONY,
Leaves Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-st., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.
By this route passengers can take train from Newport at 4 A. M., and arrive in Boston at 6:10 A. M., in time to connect with all Northern and Eastern trains; or rest undisturbed, breakfast on board, and take 7:45 A. M. train, and arrive in Boston at early business hours.
E. LITTLEFIELD, Agent,
NEW-YORK, April 9, 1868. No. 72 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—FARE $1 50, being $1 75 cheaper than by rail, and 75 cents cheaper than by any other line. The elegant steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, north of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, and foot of 34th-st. at 6:30 o'clock, connecting with New-York Central Railroad for Buffalo and all points West, and with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Lake Champlain steamers for Montreal, Lake George, Saratoga and all stations. Also with rail for North Adams, Burlington and points East. Fare, Sunday, $2. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock P. M.

FARE 25 CENTS—AFTERNOON BOAT FOR Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Irvington, Nyack, Rockland Lake, and Haverstraw. On and after SUNDAY, June 13, the steamer THOMAS COLLYER will leave the pier, foot of Warren-st., every afternoon at 3:45, (Sundays excepted,) landing at 34th-st. at 4 o'clock. Returning leaves Haverstraw every morning at 6:45, landing at Rockland Lake at 7:05, Nyack at 7:30, Irvington at 8 o'clock, Dobbs' Ferry at 8:05, Hastings at 8:15, Yonkers at 8:30, arriving at 34th-st. at 9:15. Fare to Yonkers 15 cents.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-st., North River, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, June 16, 12 M.	Monday, June 15, 12 M.
Wed., June 17, 3 P. M.	Tuesday, June 16, 4 P. M.
Thursday, June 18, 3 P. M.	Thurs., June 18, 6 A. M.
Friday, June 19, 3 P. M.	Friday, June 19, 7 A. M.
Sat., June 20, 3 P. M.	Saturday, June 20, 7½ A. M.
Sunday, June 21, 8 A. M.	Saturday, June 20, 6½ P. M.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—STEAMERS ST. JOHN and DREW—One of these magnificent steamers leaves Pier No. 41 North River, near foot of Canal-st., every evening, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 o'clock. Passengers desiring the comforts and luxuries of a first-class hotel can have their wishes gratified on these steamers, and arrive in Albany in ample time for railroad trains North and West. Freight taken at reduced rates.

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—The steamboats C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW, on and after May 30, will leave alternately from Desbrosses-st. at 8:30 A. M. and 34th-st. at 8:45. Landing at West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Tivoli, Catskill and Hudson. The light-draft steamboat SENECA will transfer passengers and baggage to Troy on arrival at Albany without charge.
Fare to Albany or Troy, $2.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—RAILroad time, half railroad fare.—The fast and splendid steamboat NELLY WHITE leaves Pier No. 37, East River, foot of Market-st., EVERY AFTERNOON, at 2:45, and from foot of 34th-st. at 3 o'clock. Returning, leaves South Norwalk at 7:45 A. M., or on arrival of the Danbury and New-Haven trains.
Fare, 75 cents; Excursion Tickets, $1 25. Stages connect for New-Canaan, Wilton and Ridgefield.

FAIR HAVEN, PORT WASHINGTON, Mount's and Brown's Dock, Highlands and Red Bank. The steamer HELEN, Capt. JAS. S. THROCKMORTON, will leave Red Bank at 3 o'clock, P. M., daily, (Saturdays and Sundays excepted.) Leave New-York, foot Chambers-st., at 8:30, A. M., Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday; Saturday at 2 P. M. Capt. J. S. THROCKMORTON and JOHN PRICE salesmen. Fare, 40 cents.

FOR GLEN COVE, LANDING AT WHITEstone, Bayles' Dock, Great Neck, Sands' Point, Mott's Dock, Glenwood and Roslyn. On and after SATURDAY, June 13, the new and elegant steamboat SEAWANHAKA, CHAS. POST, Master, leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck-slip,) daily, Sundays excepted, at 4 P. M., for the above-named places.

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO GLEN COVE and Roslyn, landing at Whitestone, Baylis Dock, Great Neck, Sands Point, Motts Dock and Glen Wood. On and after MONDAY, June 15, the steamer ARROWSMITH, Capt. MUTLIE, will leave Peck Slip, Pier No. 24 East River, every morning, at 9½, for the above landings. Returning, will leave Roslyn at 3½ P. M.

LLOYD'S DOCK (HUNTINGTON,) OYSTER Bay (E. Norwich,) and Northport. The steamboat D. R. MARTIN, Capt. S. E. UNDERHILL, leaves Pier No. 34 East River, (Catharine-st.,) daily, at 4 P. M., and foot of 37th-st., East River, at 4:10 P. M.

FOR NEWBURGH, WEST POINT, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens' Dock, Cornwall, New-Hamburgh and Milton. THE STEAMER MARY POWELL leaves Desbrosses-st. every afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

CONEY ISLAND FERRY.—THE STEAMER NORWALK runs regularly to Coney Island, leaving Christopher-st. at 9:20, 12:20, 3:20; Warren-st. 9:40, 12:40, 3:40; Pier No. 4, N. R., Morris-st., at 10, 1 and 4 o'clock.

FOR ORIENT, GREEN PORT AND SAG HARBOR—Steamer ESCORT, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, from Pier No. 26, (Peck-slip) East River, at 5 P. M. L. S. TUTHILL, No. 156 South-st.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

FOR SALE—A NEW STEAMTUG. LENGTH over all, 91 feet; beam, 18 feet; hold, 5 feet 9. Two cylinders, 16x16, with a Lighthall condenser and fire-pump; flue return tube boiler. For particulars inquire of C. H. CORBETT, Continental Works, Greenpoint, L. I.

EXCURSIONS.

GRAND REGATTA EXCURSION.—THE steamer HERO will leave Pier No. 44 N. R., near Spring-st., at 9¼, and Pier No. 4 N. R., at 9½ A. M., on THURSDAY, June 18, to witness the regatta of the New-York Yacht Club. Tickets, $1. The above steamer is fitted up with elegant family state-rooms, and otherwise adapted to the comfort and convenience of passengers. Tickets for sale at the office, No. 308 West-st., or on board.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

UNPARALLELED EXCITEMENT IN real estate south of PROSPECT PARK. Lots advancing with wonderful rapidity. Extensive tracts of land changing hands daily. So great is the demand for property contiguous to the Park that crowds of excited buyers have thronged the leading avenues and purchased large parcels on the spot. In order to supply in part this great demand, JOHNSON & MILLER will, by order of the proprietors of LINDEN TERRACE, FLATBUSH, POSITIVELY and WITHOUT RESERVE sell at public auction on TUESDAY, June 23, at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the balance of the VILLA PLOTS, RESERVED and NOT SOLD at the sale of June 9. Now is the time to buy, before a higher advance in prices takes place. Get maps at the office of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, or No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—IN THE NINTH WARD, BETWEEN 4th and Bleecker sts., a new three-story house; size, 20x48; lot, 98; furnished throughout with new and beautiful furniture. The furniture and appointments, including kitchen, dining room, parlors, library and chambers, are complete in every respect. Will be sold with carpets only if desired. This is an opportunity seldom met with. For further particulars, address J. W. M., Post Office Box No. 1,478.

EIGHTH-AV.—FOR SALE, TWO LOTS EAST side of 8th-av., between 129th and 130th sts., fifty feet north of 129th-st. Apply at No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON 65TH-ST., NEAR 10th-av., free from rock; will be sold cheap and on easy terms if purchased immediately. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

CITY HOUSES AND VACANT LOTS FOR sale.—Printed list mailed free by STANLEY DAY, Real Estate Broker, No. 925 Broadway.

RARE CHANCE TO CAPITALISTS AND speculators at the great adjourned sale of villa plots on Linden Boulevards, Martense and Ridgewood avs., on TUESDAY, June 23, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway. The property is finely located on high ground, amid first-class improvements, and just outside the City limits, where the taxes are light. Its advantages commend it to the judgment of farsighted men, and it will be sold without regard to its value. Look out for great bargains, and get maps at offices of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, or No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

GREAT AUCTION SALE—400 PLOTS!
Embracing nearly 3,000
MAGNIFICENT, HIGH, HEALTHY AND SIGHTLY BUILDING LOTS,
AT
RUTHERFURD PARK,
ON THE PASSAIC RIVER, N. J.,
NINE MILES FROM CITY HALL.
Time, 37 minutes; 6¼ cents per trip to commuters,
BROAD GAUGE, DOUBLE TRACK, ERIE R. R.
The special train leaves Chambers-st. at 11 o'clock A. M.
THURSDAY, 18TH JUNE.
Get maps and free pass from
A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 77 Cedar-st.
If unpleasant weather the sale will take place at the hotel on the grounds.

ALL SHOULD SEE AND COMPARE the property of the MOUNT RUTHERFORD COMPANY, at
RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J.
First station (nine miles) Erie Railway, 40 minutes from Chambers-st. Guides may be had free on application to
BLAUVELT & OGILBY,
No. 157 Broadway,
CHARLES BLAKISTON,
No. 26 Liberty-st.,
Agents for the Company;
Or to
R. H. BARROWS, Gen'l Sup't,
Rutherford Park, N. J.

LAKE MAHOPAC, PUTNAM COUNTY.—To let, furnished, a small farm-house, pleasantly located; ice-house, garden and stable.; rent moderate. Inquire of Dr. CARMAN, on the premises, or at No. 117 East 24th-st., near 4th-av.

WHEN IS THE TIME TO BUY LOTS? When they are put up at public auction to be sold absolutely for what they will bring, without limit or reserve. Such a time will occur on TUESDAY, June 23, at the extensive adjourned sale of Linden Terrace property, near Propect Park, by JOHNSON & MILLER, at No. 111 Broadway. Those who make money seize the opportune time and occasion, while the hesitating suffer them to pass, and are ever afterward vexed at their neglect. Don't fail to improve this unusual opportunity.

FOR SALE, NEAR SING SING.
A handsome place of nearly 40 acres; the house is finely located in full view of the river, and, standing on high ground, is cool and remarkably healthy; it is completely furnished in every department; has a bathroom, laundry, and hot and cold water in unfailing abundance; there is a farmer's cottage, ample stable room, and other outhouses; a fine piece of woods, a large garden, and fruits of all kinds, &c., &c. Apply to F. W. WORTH, No. 46 Broad-st., second floor, front.

ATTENTION.—ALL WANTING FARMS, cheap farm and fruit lands, village lots, water-powers for manufacturing, for sale at Bricksburg, Ocean County, N. J., 44 miles from New-York on railroad to Philadelphia. Soil fine loam, superior for all crops. Country just rolling enough for beauty and utility. Climate mild and proverbially healthy. Water soft and pure. No fever and ague. Sold only to actual settlers, on easy terms. Price per acre $25 and upward. For circulars and maps address ROBT. CAMPBELL, No. 153 Broadway, New-York.
V. S. HOLT, Agent, Bricksburg.

MADISON.—A COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR rent; one of the most beautiful country seats; furnished house, 11 rooms; barn, stabling, carriage house, green-house; situated on high ground; large garden, all made; fine lawn of evergreens around the house; abounds in fruit of the most choicest kind; strawberry, &c.; shrubbery, flowers, &c.; ten minutes' walk from the depot, Madison. This place must be seen to be appreciated. Inquire of S. D. HUNTING, at the depot. Many other places to rent and for sale in and near Madison.

$25,000 HAS BEEN REALIZED WITHIN a few days by dealers in real estate situated in that charming locality south of Prospect Park, where the ground is high and the "ocean breezes sweep the plain." Thousands more will be made by those who purchase the splendid lots at the great and absolute adjourned sale of LINDEN BOULEVARD PROPERTY, by JOHNSON & MILLER, on TUESDAY, June 23, when every lot offered will be positively sold without reserve, to the highest bidder. Don't fail to procure maps at JOHNSON & MILLER'S, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, or No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF THE VILLA lots on the Morris and Essex Railroad, one hour from the City, which we have hitherto advertised at $800, having been sold to secure the accomplishment of the owner's object, we have received instructions to advance, after the first day of July, the price from $800 to $1,000. Parties who have expressed an intention to buy, but have not closed their contracts, will please take notice.
MYERS & TUCKER, No. 9 Nassau-st.

MOST BEAUTIFUL LANDS ON THE Palisades, opposite Yonkers, three miles frontage on the Hudson, and extending west to N. N. J. R. R.—50 to 2,000 acres; excellent soil and fine groves; views and building sites for residences and hotels, &c., unequaled on the Hudson; for sale or exchange in part. Maps and particulars at office.
W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE WITH ONE-HALF acre of ground, on the line of the Staten Island Railroad, near depot and sea-shore; neighborhood of schools and churches; distance about one hour from City; pleasant location; easy access; house new; price $4,000; terms to suit. Permits of
A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE—COUNTRY seats and farms suited to the wants of all, viz.: All stations on Hudson and East Rivers, Long Island, Staten Island, Newport, Northampton.
WINANS, BREED & GRAVES,
No. 135 Broadway, basement.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—One hundred and fifty acres of land, near Rahway, N. J., in lots to suit purchasers; also, a few beautiful lots, 100 feet by 200, in the City of Rahway, fronting on the river.
JOHN B. EDGAR, Rahway, N. J.

FOR SALE—FARM OF 800 ACRES, IN SOMERset County, Md.; large double house, 14 rooms, barns and outbuildings complete. For raising fruit and early crops, to send to New-York, cannot be excelled. Price and terms very easy. Particulars of PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FLATBUSH SIDE OF PROSPECT PARK.—Linden Terrace, only five minutes' walk from the grand southeasterly entrance. The finest place for villa residences in the vicinity of New-York. Nearer than Central Park; select neighborhood; fine churches and schools. Only the 74 plots not offered at the sale June 9 remain unsold. These will positively change hands, under the hammer, at 12 o'clock on TUESDAY, June 23, at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York. Secure maps before they are all gone at offices of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, or No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—SARATOGA FINE LARGE COTtage house furnished; possession immediately; beautifully located on high ground; finely shaded with sugar, maple and mountain ash trees; piazza all round house; price $8,000. Apply to O. M. BOGART, No. 3 Nassau-st.

FARM FOR SALE IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.—210 acres, with mansion and farm-houses, barns, and all necessary outbuildings, situate about two miles from Williams bridge; fine view of Long Island Sound. Apply to CHAS. M. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st. No agents need apply.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

WHERE IS THE PLACE TO BUY LOTS? —Where the ground is elevated, the surroundings are first class, the taxes low, the property is within easy access of New-York City, near to a beautiful Park and is rapidly advancing in value. All these advantages, with many others, unquestionably pertain to the splendid Linden-terrace property, (in Flatbush, only five minutes' walk from Prospect Park,) which must and will be sold, without any limitation or reservation whatever, on TUESDAY, June 23, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Salesroom No. 111 Broadway, New-York. Call early for maps at JOHNSON & MILLER'S offices, in New-York or Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A SPACIOUS AND ELEGANT residence, with fine garden, grounds and outbuildings, in complete order, in the village of Geneva; possession given immediately. Inquire of J. M. MOTLEY, Esq., No. 16 Broadway.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY a specialty.—Printed list mailed free by STANLEY DAY, Real Estate Broker, No. 925 Broadway.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A RELIGIOUS GENTLEMAN OFFERS his services to any gent, whose family is leaving for the country, to protect and guard his house by residing in it for his board and lodging during their absence; satisfactory references given. Address C. A. M., Box No. 161 *Times* Office.

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14th-st., between Avenues B and C, New-York.
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Fire-proof buildings of every description, and every kind of iron work for building purposes, also for bridges.

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TO LET OR LEASE—AT SUMMIT, N. J., quite near the Morris & Essex Railroad Depot, elegant new and roomy houses, one of them with hot and cold water, bath-room, &c. Also, a neatly furnished cottage. All in a beautiful park of forty acres, commanding splendid scenery and having the use of stables if desired. The houses are built and conveniently arranged for permanent residences. Rent moderate. Apply to J. RIERA, Summit, N. J.

TO LET—THE MOST ELEGANT DOUBLE brown-stone house, west of Central Park, on Bloomingdale Road and Hudson River, above 105th-st.; all modern improvements; brick stable; suitable for City or country residence. Address H., Post Office Box 3,988.

TO LET—DURING HIS ABSENCE IN EUROPE, the splendid residence of John Taylor, at Bay Side, Flushing; elegantly furnished, baths, stables, icehouse, ten acres, ornamental grounds.
R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON OR YEAR, TWO furnished houses at Rye, N. Y.; one directly on the water; most delightfully situated. Apply to HENRY A. KELLEY, No. 43 White-st.

TO RENT—FOR THE SEASON OR TERM OF years, an elegant villa at Clifton, Staten Island, near the ferry and the new Yacht Club grounds. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

STAMFORD.—TO LET, LARGE HOUSE, FURnished, of great beauty, for Summer residence; gas, water, stable, extensive grounds. MALLORY, BLACKWELL & CO., No. 55 Liberty-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET AT SHARON, Conn., 4 hours on Harlem Railroad; $450.
GEO. E. WOODWARD,
Architect, No. 191 Broadway, New-York.

FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET.—Beautiful and healthy location, fine view, spacious grounds, garden planted; possession given immediately. Address A. O. L., Box No. 99, Norwalk, Conn.

FURNISHED HOUSES AT TARRYTOWN to let for the season; also a furnished mansion at Yonkers, very pleasantly situated. Apply to WM. A. CROCKER, No. 77 Cedar-st., Room No. 9.

HOUSES TO LET IN CITY AND COUNTRY.—Printed list mailed free. STANLEY DAY, House Agent, No. 925 Broadway.

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OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING,
Nos. 38, 39, and 40 Park-row.
On second, third and fourth stories. They are large, spacious, and splendidly lighted from front and rear. The building is thoroughly fire proof, thereby saving all charges of insurance and hazards incident to fire.
Inquire of GEO. JONES, *Times* Office.

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A suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished, second story.
BLAKE, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 17 Wall-st.

FINE SUITE OF OFFICES TO LET—ON Broadway, between Wall and Pine sts., second story, about 40 feet front; complete in every respect; suitable for banking, insurance companies, &c. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—BETWEEN 4TH AND 7TH AVS., and not above 59th-st., a plot of lots, having a frontage or depth of 300 feet; say, twelve lots of 25x100 each. Apply to PHELPS, FALLON & CO., 5½ Pine-st.

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservato of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

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50 Cents Each.

DER FREISCHUTZ,	MARTHA,
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UN BALLO IN MASCHERA,	ORISPINO E LA COMARE,
NORMA,	LA TRAVIATA.

GRAND DUCHESS OF GEROLSTEIN nearly ready.
Each opera complete, with overture and the whole of the music.
BOOSEY & CO.'S CHEAP MUSICAL PUBLICATIONS to be had of all music or book dealers, or mailed direct from the publishers. Catalogues free.
BOOSEY & CO., No. 644 Broadway.

NEW PATENT PIANOS.
RAVEN & BACON, (established 1829,) manufacturers of pianos. Warerooms No. 644 Broadway, corner Bleecker-st., New-York.

A GREAT OFFER.—HORACE WATERS & CO., No. 481 Broadway, will dispose of 15 new and 10 second-hand PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS, of five first-class makers, and take from $5 to $20 monthly until paid. This offer will be continued for a few days. Also, 50 new and second-hand INSTRUMENTS for rent, and rent allowed if purchased, or for sale at bargains for cash.

A LARGE VARIETY OF FIRST-CLASS pianos; the finest and cheapest instruments in the City; Agraffe treble; warranted six years; three or four used but a short time will be sold for half price. JENNYS & SON, No. 233 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

PIANO DEALERS AND PURCHASERS WILL find the CHAMBERS PIANO the best manufactured. We invite a critical examination by all competent judges, mechanical and musical, professors and amateurs. Warerooms, 8th-st., corner 4th-av.
THOS. H. CHAMBERS & SON.

A LARGE STOCK OF NEW AND SECond-hand pianos at great bargains for cash; also, to let and sold on installments. L. P. CUMMINGS, No. 8 Union-square.

ACCORDEONS, GUITARS, FLUTES, drums, violins, music boxes, violin strings, &c., &c., at moderate prices. Pianos and organs to let. DITSON & CO., Music Publishers, No. 711 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID PIANO—MATE TO one sent to Paris Exposition; price $600; manufacturer's price $900. Apply to Room 1, No. 139 Broadway.

PIANOS.—20 SECOND-HAND PIANO-FORTES, of various makers, for sale at low prices by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway. Pianos to rent.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE for the Sixth District of the State of New-York, comprising the Ninth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards of the City of New-York.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to law, that I have received from the Assessor the lists of valuations and enumerations of property subject to tax under the "Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the Public Debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, and the acts amendatory thereto, approved March 3, 1865, July 13, 1866, and March 2, 1867; that the duties and taxes enumerated therein have become due and payable, and that I will attend personally or by deputy, for the collection of the same, at my office, No. 331 West 14th-st., corner of 8th-av., daily (Sundays excepted,) from the 10th day of June until the 30th day of June, 1868, inclusive, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. The lists herein referred to comprise the special taxes on businesses, trades and professions, and the taxes on carriages, billiard-tables, gold watches, gold and silver plate, for the year ending May 1, 1869, and the taxes upon incomes for the year ending Dec. 31, 1867. All persons who shall neglect to pay the sums due by them respectively, according to the lists aforesaid, within the time hereby specified, will become liable to the penalties prescribed by law.
MAUNSELL B. FIELD, Collector.
Dated NEW-YORK, June 9, 1868.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF William D. Veeder, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings: Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. BROWN, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Administratrices, at the store of A. L. Brown, corner of Fulton and Carlton avs., in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 26th day of November next.—Dated May 19, 1868.
MARY A. BROWN, MARIA BROWN, } Administratrices.
my27-law6mW*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF William D. Veeder, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings—Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against GEORGE N. WILLIAMS, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executors, at the office of Potter & Williams, No. 218 Front-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 31st day of August next.—Dated Feb. 24, 1868.
WALLACE W. WILLIAMS, Executor.
f26, law6mW*

FIREWORKS.

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!
EDGE'S FIRST PREMIUM FIREWORKS.
The undersigned respectfully call the attention of committees of cities and towns that intend celebrating the coming Fourth of July to our large and beautiful stock of exhibition work for public or private displays, which we are prepared to furnish in any quantity and at short notice.
Committees will find it greatly to their advantage by making early application for their displays at the laboratory in Jersey City, or at our agencies in New-York, at manufacturers' depot, No. 39 Maiden-lane.
All orders, by mail or otherwise, for sale or exhibition work, will be promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.
J. G. & I. EDGE,
Pyrotechnists, Jersey City, N. J.

GREAT NATIONAL FIREWORK COMPANY.
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DEPOTS: No. 33 Cortlandt-st., and No. 294 Broadway. Unequaled in quality, brilliancy and assortment, for exhibition or private use.
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FIRST PREMIUM FIREWORKS.—A full assortment of the best quality and at the lowest prices; dealers respectfully invited to call. R. FOULDS, No. 39 John-st.

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THE PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,
Manufacturers of
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS,
BILLIARD TABLE BEDS,
PLUMBERS' SLABS,
Cisterns, Baths, Sinks and shelving of all kinds.
MARBLEIZED SLABS
for piers, tables, bureaus, what-nots, &c.
Wainscoting and paneling for rooms and halls. Every description of slate work made to order. The trade supplied on favorable terms.
ELEAZER JONES, Manager,
Middle Granville, N. Y.,
Warehouse and Show Rooms,
No. 40 West 18th-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels, of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLE MANTELS—IN GREAT VARIETIES, at reduced prices, at S. KLABER'S manufactory, No. 82 1st-av., near 3d-st. Mantels put up in the country.

MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS—Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av. bet. 35th and 36th sts.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with a large front room and two back rooms on the second floor of a pleasantly located house in the Ninth Ward; family private and small, and no others taken; if desired the apartments will be let without board; to those desirous of economizing a favorable opportunity is offered. Address H., Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—DON'T GO IN THE COUNTRY, but come and take a handsomely-furnished room, with board for two, at $16 and $18 a week; hall rooms for gentlemen, $8; only 15 minutes' walk from Central Park; in the first-class house, No. 149 East 51st-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET A large handsomely furnished room and a single room, to gentlemen, with breakfast if desired. At No. 83 (old No.) West 13th-st., a few doors below 6th-av. Also a furnished basement, suitable for a doctor's office; location unexceptionable. References exchanged.

NO. 186 2D-AV.—TO LET—TWO FRONT rooms, also, two back, all newly fitted up, with board or without, to single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives; terms moderate. Apply as above, near 12th-st.

LARGE HANDSOME ROOMS, FURNISHED, $18 and $20; hall rooms, $8 and $10; table unexceptionable; the comforts of home considered; location pleasant—No. 271 West 11th-st.

A FAMILY AT NO. 326 WEST 11TH-st. will let a front room, with board, to a gentleman and wife at $18 per week. Also, rooms for gentlemen, at $7 and $8.

COOL AND PLEASANT ROOMS TO LET with first-class board at reduced prices for the Summer; house newly painted and furnished. Apply at No. 87 Clinton-place.

A LADY FROM PHILADELPHIA HAS opened the house No. 50 7th-av., first above 14th-st., for the reception of boarders; good rooms, with first-class table.

NO. 123 WEST 12TH-ST., A FEW DOORS from 6th-av.—A small family will rent a second story front room and hall room in a first-class house, with or without board.

NO. 123 WEST 12TH-ST., A FEW doors from 6th-av.—A small family will rent a parlor-bedroom, second floor front, to a gentleman, with breakfast, in first-class house.

NO. 34 WEST 25TH-ST., NEAR MADISON-square.—Suites of rooms furnished, and single rooms for gentlemen, without board. Terms very reasonable.

NO. 108 WEST 12TH-ST., NEAR 6TH-AV. —Nicely furnished rooms on second floor, to gentlemen only, without meals.

FURNISHED ROOMS—NO. 530 3D-AV., singly or in suites, for housekeeping, with or without board, for gentlemen or ladies.

NICELY-FURNISHED APARTMENTS or single rooms at No. 86 East 9th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

TO LET—A LARGE FRONT ROOM, SECOND story, furnished; gas, bath, &c., with or without board, No. 124 Bank-st.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, EN suite or separate, to let to gentlemen. 248 4th-av.

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM TO A MAN and wife, or single gentlemen, at 138 Thompson-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

BOARD AT MAMARONECK—AT A FINE residence, on very high ground; house situated off the road; croquet ground, fine play grounds for children; perfectly healthy, shady; full view of Sound; stabling for horses; ten minutes from depot, our conveyance to and from depot; two miles from Sound; good fishing; delightful place; ice-house full, fine well water; everything right; piazza in front. Terms moderate. Address R. C. S., Box No. 328 New-York Post Office.

BOARDING—ORANGE, N. J., FIRST-CLASS accommodations for a limited number; rooms spacious and airy. For particulars apply on the premises, second house beyond St. Mark's Church, a short distance from the Morris and Essex depot, or to M. A. B., Box No. 1,843 Post Office, New-York. Coach-house and stable.

SUMMER BOARD—FINE LARGE FIRST-class Summer boarding house, near West Point Military Academy, on the Hudson; ample grounds; abundance fresh fruit and vegetables raised on the place; carriages and stages always within call; terms reasonable. Address A. MEARNS, Jr., Highland Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.

BOARD IN THE COUNTRY.—GOOD board may be obtained at Southfields, Orange County, N. Y.; three minutes' walk from depot on Erie Railway and 42 miles from New-York; healthy location, fresh mountain air, &c. Apply to J. G. CARPENTER, No. 88 Vesey-st., corner of Washington.

BOARD WANTED AND BOARDERS introduced for all locations and prices. Call immediately, or address the Board Exchange and Hotel Directory, No. 737 Broadway; established 1857. Unequaled opportunities afforded.

COUNTRY BOARD.—SIX OR EIGHT PERsons can be accommodated in a private family, one hour by the New-Haven Road; house large; plenty of shade and fruit; on high ground and healthy; stabling for horses. G. B. HARRIS, No. 306 Washington-st.

A FAMILY OF TWO OR FOUR ADULTS may find elegant accommodations at a gentleman's country seat, thirty minutes per rail from the City, overlooking the Sound. Address H. G. H., Box No. 325 Yonkers, N. Y.

DESIRABLE ACCOMMODATIONS CAN be procured for the Summer at a pleasantly located country residence, two miles from West Park, on the Hudson. Address H. E., town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY BOARD may be obtained at an elegant private house, 1½ hours from New-York, by Erie Railway. Refer to E. A. STANSBURY, Esq., Secretary Homeopathic Life Insurance Company, No. 231 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD AT MILTON, ON the Hudson; the house is well shaded, and the grounds extend to and command a view of the river. Apply to J. S. CRAFT, No. 2 Wall-st., New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD.—STATEN ISLAND, OPposite Keyport; shade, fruit, ice, fishing, boating and sea-bathing. Terms reasonable. Apply to W. H. P., No. 167 West 18th-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

VALLEY HOUSE, COLLINSVILLE, CONN.
This House is now open, and offers many attractions to families seeking a quiet Summer home. The house is new, with every convenience; newly and comfortably furnished throughout. Easy of access by railroad from New-Haven, Conn.; is situated in a healthy and pretty village, with pleasant rides in every direction; horses and carriages furnished. Refers, by permission, to Collins & Co., No. 212 Water-st., New-York. Address NELSON BRAINARD, Proprietor.

STETSON HOUSE,
LONG BRANCH, N. J.
This unequaled Summer hotel opens for its third season June 1. During the past year many improvements have been made for the comfort of guests.
Rooms can be secured by letter to the hotel, or on Tuesdays and Thursdays at the Astor House, New-York.
CHAS. A. STETSON, Jr.

COLLEGE HILL HOTEL,
POUGHKEEPSIE.
This delightful Summer resort, having undergone extensive repair and enlargement, will be opened for the accommodation of guests June 20, 1868.
GEORGE MORGAN, Proprietor.

TAPPAAN ZEE HOUSE,
NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.
The Summer boarding season will commence July 1. Board for families or single gentlemen. Address
L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Proprietor.

UNION HOTEL,
SARATOGA.
LELAND BROTHERS.

HARNETT'S HAMILTON HOTEL.—ISLAND OF BERMUDA.—The traveling public of New-York, and of the United States generally, are respectfully informed that the above hotel has been erected at considerable expense, by the corporation of the town of Hamilton. The building is most pleasantly located, being situated on an eminence commanding a view of Hamilton harbor and surrounding country, and has been constructed on the most improved style, affording comfort and convenience to its occupants. Parties traveling, either for pleasure or health, will find this establishment a most agreeable as well as healthful resort. The proprietor pledges himself that no effort shall be wanting to meet the requirements of his guests.
JEREMIAH HARNETT, Proprietor.
HAMILTON, Bermuda, May, 1868.
THOMAS J. OUTERBRIDGE & BRO., 112 Front-st.

SPRING HOUSE, RICHFIELD SPRINGS, NEW-YORK.—This hotel will open for guests June 1. The hotel is new and newly furnished. The celebrated Sulphur Springs and bath-houses are connected with the hotel. Stages leave Herkimer on the arrival of trains. Terms reasonable. Address BACKUS, RANSOM & CO., Proprietors.

PETTIPAUG HOUSE—ESSEX, NEAR THE mouth of Connecticut River. The edifice of Essex Seminary, under the above name, is open for City boarders from June 15 to Sept. 15. Send for circular.
M. L. CUMMINGS, Proprietor.

THE TAYLOR HOUSE, AT GREEN'S Farms, will be open for company on the 20th of June. Permanent or transient guests will be well accommodated at very reasonable prices. Address EDWARD J. TAYLOR, Southport, Conn.

CROFT HOUSE—GARRISON, 20 MINUTES from West Point Station, Highlands.—Inquire of Mr. McCullough, No. 922 Broadway; Newman, No. 1,172 Broadway, and Wilson & Co., No. 92 Pearl-st.
A. J. BENNETT.

CLIFF HOUSE, RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.—The most delightful location on the Sound; one hour from New-York by New-Haven Railroad and steamboat. Now open for the reception of guests. B. BARNARD.

HOTELS.

MOUNT MANSFIELD HOTEL,
STOWE, VT.
This elegant hotel, with ample accommodations for 400 guests, is now open for their reception. It is completely furnished throughout with every convenience and luxury for the comfort and pleasure of its guests, to which are added a large livery stable of fine horses, billiard-tables, bowling-alleys, café, &c. Its situation, in a beautiful village at the foot of Mount Mansfield, the noblest mountain in New-England, is one of the most delightful that can be found, combining, as it does, splendid scenery with walks and drives unequaled. The route is via Vermont Central Railroad, leaving cars at Waterbury Station. Full information cheerfully given by W. H. H. BINGHAM, President Mount Mansfield Hotel Company. Post Office address, Stowe, Vt.

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WANTED—PARTNER.—THE OWNER OF A Republican daily paper in a Western city, complete, well established and paying, wants a PARTNER; one who understands the business preferred. Address FRANKLIN, care of S. M. Pettengill &Co., No. 37 Park-row, N. Y.

A SILK AND FANCY DRY GOODS JOBBING house on Broadway, would like a special partner with $30,000 to $50,000, or three partners with $5,000 to $15,000, each having a large, first-class trade. Address Box No. 4,7[illegible] Post Office.

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ASA L. SHIPMAN & SON, STATIONERS, No. 25 Chambers-st.—A full assortment of blank books on hand; special rulings made to order. Agents for the sale of silicate slates, a new article.

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JOHN BROUGHAM'S
LOTTERY
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AN ASSURED SUCCESS.
CROWDED HOUSES.
ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCES,
SUPERB ACTING,
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INTERESTING STORY,
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CONSTANT VARIETY,
SONGS, DANCES,
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SENSATION;
IN SHORT.
NEW-YORK PHOTOGRAPHED.

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DRAMATIC FUND.
Sole Lessee and Director....J. GRAU
The President and Trustees of the American Dramatic Fund Association have the honor to announce that the inimitable artiste,
MADAME ADELAIDE RISTORI,
on her return from Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and previous to her departure by the Transatlantic steamship *Napoleon*, which will leave New-York for Europe Saturday, June 27, has generously proffered her most valuable aid, jointly with Mr. J. GRAU, the Director of the Theatre Francais, and will give a grand dramatic representation for the benefit of the American Dramatic Fund, on
TUESDAY EVENING, June 23, at 8 o'clock,
on which occasion will be produced the entire tragedy of Lecouver,
MEDEA,
the same play which inaugurated
MADAME RISTORI'S MEMORABLE TRIUMPHANT CAREER IN AMERICA.
ADELAIDE RISTORI in her GREAT ROLE of
MEDEA.
In addition to this, Madame Ristori will perform one of the most difficult dramatic acts in her repertoire, consisting of the
THIRD ACT OF MARIE STUART,
all the characters interpreted by Mme. Adelaide Ristori.
Admission $1 50; orchestra seats, $2 50; dress circle, $2; private boxes, four seats, $12; proscenium box, $20; family circle, 50 cents.
Ticket office will open on Wednesday, June 17, at the regular Theatre Francais ticket office.
THURSDAY, June 25—Complimentary Benefit and LAST NIGHT in America of ADELAIDE RISTORI.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, June 17, 1868.
Grand Legitimate Entertainment for
ONE NIGHT ONLY,
under the direction of Mr. L. R. HARRISON, on which occasion will be performed Lovel's great play, entitled
LOVE'S SACRIFICE,
with the following powerful cast:
Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. J. H. STODDARD,
Mr. J. W. ALBAUGH, Mr. J. G. BURNETT.
Mr. GEO. CLARKE, Mr. D. H. HARKINS,
Miss ROSE EYTINGE,
Miss MARY WELLS,
Miss ANNIE WARD.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.
Reserved seats 50 cents extra.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN,
7th-av., between 58th and 59th sts.
THEODORE THOMAS'
POPULAR GARDEN CONCERTS.
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, JUNE 17, AT 8.
28TH GRAND CONCERT.
PROGRAMME:
1. March, "Fraternization"....Strauss
2. Overture, "Le Siege of Corinth"....Rossini
3. Waltz, "Berliner Kinder"....Keler Bela
4. Marche Triomphale, "Schiller"....Meyerbeer
5. Overture, "King Manfred"....Reinecke
6. Træumerei....Schumann
7. Grand Waltz, "Publicisten"....Strauss
8. Grand Concert Quadrille....
(Reminiscences of Thomas' Winter Concerts.)
9. Overture, "Merry Wives of Windsor"....Nicolai
10. Polka, "Linnet"....Bosquet
11. Fantasie, "Puritani"....Bellini
12. Quadrille, "La Belle Helene" (No. 2)....Offenbach
CONDUCTOR....THEODORE THOMAS.
No postponement on account of the weather.
ADMISSION TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
Private Boxes with six admissions, $3 50 each.
For sale at G. Schirmer's music store, 701 Broadway.
ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON NEXT, AT 3½,
THIRD GRAND MATINEE.

"THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET."
LAST TWO WEEKS IN NEW-YORK CITY.
The exhibition of JEROME THOMPSON'S charming picture, representing the early home of Samuel Woodworth, will positively close on SATURDAY, June 27. The subscription list for the sale of the chromos, from the original painting, will close July 1. Those desirous of procuring choice impressions will find it to their advantage to secure them at once. Open day and evening. Admission free.
FIFTH-AVENUE ART GALLERY.

RAILROADS.

TO THE VIRGINIA SULPHUR SPRINGS, THE NATURAL BRIDGE AND GREAT BATTLE-FIELDS OF THE WAR.
THE NEW-YORK AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD LINE
issue excursion tickets by various routes to the above points at low rates. Bills, with map and description of routes, fares and tickets, can be obtained at the New-Jersey Railroad Ticket Office, foot of Cortlandt-st., and at Nos. 193, 229 and 944 Broadway.
F. W. JACKSON,
General Superintendent.
F. W. RANKIN, General Pass Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
8 A. M., for Greenport and all way-stations except Woodside and Willow Tree.
9:20 A. M., Northport passenger train and all way-stations except Willow Tree.
3 P. M., Express train for Greenport, stopping at Jamaica, Mineola, Hicksville and all stations east.
4:30 P. M., Northport passenger train and all way-stations except Willow Tree.
6 P. M., North Islip passenger train and all way-stations.
All passenger trains connect at Mineola with trains to and from Hempstead and Glen Cove.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point at 9 A. M. for Hemstead, Glen Cove, North Islip, Northport and all way stations; arrives at Hunter's Point at 6:10 P. M. Takes effect June 11, 1868.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

LONG BRANCH AND SEASHORE RAILROAD,
Will commence their regular Summer arrangements on MONDAY, June 15, 1868, with the splendid new steamboat
RIVER QUEEN, Capt. ——,
leaving New-York, from the south side of Desbrosses-st., daily (Sundays excepted,) at....10 30 A. M.
and....4 00 P. M.
Leaving Long Branch at....7 15 A. M.
and....1 00 P. M.
Stopping, FOR PASSENGERS ONLY, at Pier No. 3 North River, at 4:10 P. M., and on the first trip up in the morning.
Fare each way....$1 00
Excursion tickets....1 50
Monthly commutation....20 00
M. PAUL, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
7:30 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, (except Oxford,) to Newburgh, Warwick, Montgomery, Unionville and Port Jervis.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South. By this train sleeping coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Rutherford Park, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 8 P. M. Emigrant and Way Train; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York; also, at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.

An illustrated Guide to the principal suburban places on the line of the Eastern Division of this Railway has been prepared, and can be obtained at the office of the Company, free of charge, by those wishing to personally examine the region referred to, with the view of settlement.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, May 11, 1868, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North. Drawing-room Cars from New-York to Rochester, connecting with Sleeping-cars for West, via either North or South Shore Line.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
11:30 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:35 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North. Drawing-room cars attached at Albany.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:40.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12 M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY Railroad for LONG BRANCH, Toms River, Manchester, Bricksburg, Red Bank, &c., from Pier No. 30, foot Chambers-st.
Daily (Sundays excepted) at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., by the favorite steamers
JESSE HOYT and
NEVERSINK.
Touching at Pier No. 4, for passengers only, at 4:10 P. M.
Returning leaves Long Branch at 7:15 A. M. and 3 P. M.
Returning leaves Toms River at 5:40 A. M. and 1:40 P. M.
Arriving in New-York at 9:25 A. M. and 5:15 P. M.
Commutation tickets, one month, $17 50; two months, $30; three months, $38.
W. S. SNEDEN & CO., Lessees.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:15 and 9:25 A. M.; 1:22, 4:22, 5:32 and 6:52 P. M. The 5:15 freight and 1:22, 4:22 and 5:32 P. M. passenger run through to Monsey. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—FIFTEENTH WEEK.
THIS AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.
The prevailing hit, G. L. Fox's great pantomime,
MATINEE AT 1½. | HUMPTY DUMPTY RECONSTRUCTED. | TO-NIGHT AT 8.
MATINEE. | HUMPTY DUMPTY. | TO-NIGHT.
The renowned comedian and pantomimist,
Mr. GEORGE L. FOX, as....CLOWN.
The great sensation of the Great City, received by densely crowded audiences with screams of merriment. It is one of the "sights" of the town, and its fame has rendered it the central theatrical attraction of all visitors to the Metropolis.
THE GREAT DANSEUSE, MLLE. SANGALI.
S. T. GOODRICH, Champion Skater.
A MATCHLESS TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
MATINEES 1½ WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager....WM. WHEATLEY
Doors open at 7¼; curtain rises at 7¾.
WEDNESDAY, June 17, 1868,
Last nights of the Burlesque Extravaganza,
THE WHITE FAWN,
in which will appear Jarrett & Palmer's renowned
PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE.
SATURDAY NEXT—LAST MATINEE.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

BROADWAY THEATRE—Admission 50 cts.
ELECTRICAL SUCCESS
of Mr. Daly's new Play, which will be acted
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
A FLASH OF LIGHTNING.
A DRAMATIC ALBUM OF
EVERY-DAY PEOPLE AND SIDEWALK CHARACTERS.
ALL THE INGENIOUS MECHANICAL EFFECTS
AND A STAR CAST.

WORRELL SISTERS' NEW-YORK THEATRE, NOS. 728 AND 730 BROADWAY.
Admission, 50 cents. WEDNESDAY, first night of
THE GRAND DUCHESS,
written expressly for the WORRELL SISTERS, by B. A. BAKER, Esq. Music arranged carefully by H. Tissington. Grand Duchess, Miss Sophie Worrell; Wanda, Miss Irene Worrell; Prince Paul, Miss Jennie Worrell. Supported by a greatly augmented company.
MATINEE SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock.

BOWERY THEATRE.
WITHOUT EQUAL. F. R. S. Grand Combination, Mr. G. C. Boniface, Miss Nellie Germon, Mr. R. Johnston, Mr. W. H. Whalley. SONS OF LIBERTY; OR THE TRUE HEARTS OF OLD IRELAND. Grand local drama of THE HEART OF THE GREAT CITY; OR NEW-YORK BY DAY AND BY NIGHT.

NEW STADT THEATRE,
Nos. 45 and 47 Bowery.
Opposite Old Bowery Theatre.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 17.
MR. E. EDDY
and the Star Combination
IN THREE GREAT PLAYS.
PAUL JONES, THE PILOT,
GAMECOCK OF THE WILDERNESS,
and ROBERT EMMET; or IRELAND IN '98.

BRYANT'S NEW OPERA HOUSE.
Tammany Building, 14th-st., adjoining Academy of Music.
BRILLIANT SUCCESS.
First time of
BROOM'S LOTTERY OF LIFE;
Or, the Policy Office of Existence.
THE GREAT LINGARD BURLESQUE.
Capt. Jinks, of the Horse Marines, Bitter Beer.
EUGENE, the Great Burlesque Prima Donna.
NEW-YORK AT HIGH TWELVE.
Introducing Unsworth, Neise Seymour, Eph Horn, Eugene, Dempster, Grier, Henry, Hogan, Hughes, Boniface, Rockefeller, Palmer and Dan Bryant.
Look out for
A FLASK OF (JERSEY) LIGHTNING.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway. The doors surrounded at 7; insurrection begins at 8 o'clock. The great original Humorists and Vocalists of the age, Birch, Wambold and Backus' San Francisco Minstrels, every night.

FESTIVAL.
THE HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS,
No. 32 East 30th-st.,
Will be open for a Reception and Strawberry Festival,
IN AID OF THE INSTITUTION,
On June 17 and 18, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY,
from 4 to 9 P. M.
As many hundreds of the children of the Home and schools as the buildings will accommodate will be present each day.
The managers of the Institution cordially request the attendance of their friends and patrons on the occasion.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,
23d-st. and 4th-av.
THE FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION
WILL CLOSE
SATURDAY NIGHT, June 20.

GREAT NATIONAL PAINTING.
THE NEW REPUBLIC,
or EMANCIPATION.
on exhibition at the Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway, opposite Wallack's Theatre, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

FREE LECTURES TO LADIES AND GENtlemen, at 3 P. M. every afternoon in the new Phrenological Class Room, at No. 389 Broadway. Seats free.

ANNIVERSARIES.

THE ANNIVERSARY EXERCISES OF the "Colored Home" will be held in the Chapel of the Institution, in 65th-st., near 1st-av., on THURSDAY, June 18, at 2 P. M. Rev. Dr. RAY PALMER, Rev. W. H. BOOLE, and Rev. Mr. OLIVER will make short addresses. All interested in this Institution are cordially invited to attend.

THE TURF.

AMERICAN JOCKEY CLUB.
SPRING MEETING.
THE RACES
appointed for June 10, 11 and 13 will positively take place on
MONDAY, JUNE 15.
TUESDAY, JUNE 16.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17.
A. BELMONT, President.
J. R. IRVING, Secretary.
The races will commence each day punctually at 3 o'clock.
Entrance to course....$1
Entrance to course and stand....2
Badges admitting to course, stand and quarter-stretch, $3 each day.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
JEROME PARK RACES.
Extra trains for above races will leave depot corner 42d-st. and 4th-av., at 12 M. and 12:30 P. M., returning immediately after races are over.
Fare for round trip 50 cents. I. C. BUCKHOUT,
General Sup't.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
The copartnership heretofore existing in the name of FRANKLIN & SPROULL, (No. 31 Bible House, New-York,) is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to said firm are hereby requested to settle thir accounts with J. C. SPROULL, at No. 31 Bible House, who alone is authorized to receipt for the same.
WM. FRANKLIN.
J. C. SPROULL.
NEW-YORK, May 30, 1868.

I have this day formed a copartnership with Dr. JAS. H. PARMELEE. The firm will be known under the name of SPROULL & PARMELEE, who will continue the practice of dentistry in all its various branches, at No. 31 Bible House.
J. C. SPROULL.
JAS. H. PARMELEE.
NEW-YORK, June 8, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—THAT the copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of WILLIAMS & BLAKELY, is dissolved.
NEW-YORK, June 13, 1868. S. M. BLAKELY.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.
PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

CONSUMPTION, &c.—HEALTH RESTORED by DU BARRY'S Revalenta Arabica Food to the Stomach, nerves, lungs and liver of old and young, curing, without medicine or expense, dyspepsia, (indigestion,) constipation, diarrhœa, acidity, headache, neuralgia, hysteria, palpitation, sleeplessness, debility, wasting, cough, asthma, fevers, consumption, low spirits. 60,000 cures which had resisted all medicines, including that of His Holiness the Pope, Lord Stuart de Decies, the Marchioness of Brehan. It saves fifty times its cost in other remedies. Also, the Revalenta Chocolate Powder, more strengthening than concentrated beef. DU BARRY & CO., No. 163 William-st., New-York. In tins, 1 lb., $2 50; 2 lbs., $4 50; 5 lbs., $10; 12 lbs., $20; 24 lbs., $36, and through all grocers and chemists.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED ladies, with or without medicine, by Mme. RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared, price $5, which can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., and at Druggists No. 159 Greenwich-st., or sent by mail. Caution—All others are counterfeits. Her Circular to the Married sent free.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY. —Treatment from 11 to 4. Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, on his special treatment of local, constitutional and nervous diseases; stricture, fistula, piles, diabetes, Bright's disease of the kidneys, rheumatism, impurities of the blood, &c. Mailed free, $1 50. Consultation, fee and medicine, $5.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEdiately by Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. A cure in from one to five days of gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Be wise in time. Dr. POWERS' are the only medicines on earth to cure private diseases; all others drive the virus in the blood. Confidential consultation free.

DR. R. CORBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted privately on certain diseases. A practice of 34 years, 30 of which have been a specialty, enables him to make speedy and permanent cures or no charge. Office, No. 20 Centre-st., near Chambers. A private entrance at No. 6 City-Hall place.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of thirty-two years devoted to the treatment of diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. COOPER to make speedy cures. The victims of misplaced confidence can call with the certainty of being cured.

LADIES REQUIRING PRIVATE MEDICAL assistance should consult Dr. ALLEN, No. 42 St. Mark's-place; a regular, long-established and successful practitioner. Elegant rooms for nursing.

LADIES' SURE ASSISTANT IMMEDIATELY—Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st., with or without medicines. Can return same day. Certain at one trial.

YOUTHFUL VIGOR AND MANHOOD REgained by using Dr. Powers' Elixir, and unfortunates cured without mercury positively. Office, 191 Stanton-st.

RELIEF TO LADIES IN TROUBLE, BY DR. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. His medicines act immediately. Confidential circular sent by first post.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 60 pages, gratis.

WEST POINT.

Announcement of the Standards of the Graduating Class—The First Five—A Quiet and Enjoyable Day—Departure of Gen. Meade and Other Guests—Gen. Grant Still at the Point.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Roe's Hotel,
West Point, Tuesday, June 16, 1868.

Everything quiet on the Hudson this morning. Although an old and much-abused sentence, I know of no other so fitted to give you an idea of the utter stillness and apparent repose prevailing here to-day, so marked in its contrast to the scenes enacted yesterday, and after the festivities—I almost said dissipation—of last night, those yet remaining here are apparently only desirous of rest and quiet, in order to recuperate their energies, somewhat exhausted as they are by the hops and its attendant excitements. The morning gun awoke the revelers from an unquiet sleep this morning only to inform them that it threatened rain, and to send them to breakfast in no amiable mood. The rain did come, but so did a light breeze, which wafted away the clouds and restored us to sunshine and a delightfully cool atmosphere. Our appetites were quickened at the escape from another day of storm and deluge. As the storm cleared away the scene was a striking one, as the pursuing sun threw his rays athwart the sky, and gilded the clouds drifting off toward the South with indescribable splendor. Passengers coming from the city by the morning trains tell us that they passed through a terrific rain storm between Yonkers and Peekskill, and one on board the 11:30 train tells me that they had a narrow escape from lightning, the bolt striking the river scarcely three rods from the track. After 8 o'clock A. M. we were here assured of a most delightful day, and, for once, the signs did not fail, for the air has been kept in busy motion by a succession of light breezes, while the intense heat of the sun's rays was tempered during the forenoon by fleecy clouds, that drifted lazily over the Point and kissed the mountain above our heads—the evening being spoiled, however, by a succession of showers.

The morning trains and boat carried off a large number of guests from both Cozzens' and Roe's Hotels, so that by noon the number of visitors was considerably lessened, and more freedom of action accorded to those fortunate enough to remain over another day. Many of the runaways were either called by business in the City or driven away unable to procure desirable accommodations here, while many who simply came for the trip last night went off after breakfast this morning as a mere matter-of-course, seeing no inducement in the superb scenery or delightful air so readily found here in the Summer months now that the ball of the season was over.

After nearly twenty-four hours of constant and everchanging excitement, it was natural for us to take matters easy to-day, though the day has not been an uneventful one, for the midshipmen have had a jolly dinner with the military cadets this afternoon. The Third Class were to have given the maritime guests an exhibition of their skill in the use of artillery had not the rain intervened, and the Academic Board have at length designed to announce the relative class standing of the respective graduates, and not keep them longer in suspense.

The forenoon was occupied by the cadets of both schools in receiving and returning visits from each other. The midshipmen escorted their new-found friends about their respective ships, and the fleet was also visited by several parties of ladies and gentlemen from the hotels. The Board of Visitors also took seats in a barge and made the rounds of the fleet, being much pleased by what they saw. For the first time since the arrival of the fleet in the river, I went on board to-day, and found both the *Dale* and the *Savannah* to be admirable specimens of their class of vessels, while the *Macedonian* is, I was assured, the counterpart of the others. Like all navy vessels, these practice ships are models of neatness, and the appearance of the decks as you step over the gangway is a pleasant one, even for a landsman's eye, and I can very well imagine the pleasure the young middies experience when afloat upon these handsome ships, fitted up, as they are, with every requisite for a successful prosecution of a practical course of naval studies. The crews of these vessels are evidently picked men, for I have seldom seen so many stalwart and manly-looking fellows as are to be found in this little fleet. During the entire day awnings were stretched over the decks, in anticipation of the rain-storm, which came on in the evening, and while I was on board I found the air quite cool and enjoyable, albeit the sun was very hot while on the wharf.

At 3 o'clock the midshipmen were given shore leave, when they were made the willing guests of the West Point Cadets, who gave them a superb dinner in their handsome mess room. The tables groaned with the substantial dishes provided by the caterer of the mess, and although the cadets had no wine to offer their amphibious friends, the repast was not the less enjoyable for all that. No one was present at the dinner except military and naval cadets, even the officers of the Academy having refrained from participating in the affair, in order that the youngsters might have the fun all to themselves, unrestrained by the presence of their teachers and superior officers. When the two classes sat down the West Point boys welcomed the gallant little middies with a rousing trio of cheers. The midshipmen responded with a similar compliment, when the attack on the viands was commenced without further ado. I have already said the dinner was excellent, and you may readily imagine that the vigorous appetite of the cadets, whether of the land or sea forces, soon made sad havoc with the generous viands provided. As I passed the mess room on my way to the wharf, I could hear the busy hum of their happy voices, as the cadets hobnobbed over their goblets of sparkling water, and I am convinced that in the memory of all who participated therein, this dinner will long be cherished among the many happy incidents of their boyish life.

The order of the day included a light artillery drill by the third class, which was intended to be for the especial benefit of the middies. Soon after the bugle had called the class to their guns, the threatening thunder-storm broke, and the cadets were soon drenched while awaiting orders, and, as the shower continued, Col. Black ordered the class to be dismissed, so we lost the excitement of the firing and dashing field manœuvres, as carried out by the cadets. It is this precision of drill and thoroughness of education which makes West Point Academy so important a feature among the Governmental institutions. The Board of Visitors have been very reticent regarding their forthcoming report to the War Department on the efficiency of the Academy, but the popular idea is that they will not severely condemn anything, though they may find matter for comment and suggestion in the future of the Academy.

The cadets are of course on the rampage occasionally, and become quite excited when conversing on the subject of their scholastic troubles. They believe that they can frequently see many errors of judgment on the part of their Professors, and of course feel chagrined because there is no way of counteracting them, owing to the strictness of discipline and the undeviating rules which, after all, prove the greatest bugbear and objection to West Point. But judging the Academy in its best light, and apart from the petty jealousies that are unavoidably engendered in a small and exclusive community like this, it cannot be denied that West Point is a great and paramount necessity for the education of skillful and purely scientific army officers, so it is to be hoped that the expense already incurred in the way of massive and substantial buildings will not be thrown aside, and the work of replenishing the army with educated officers abandoned.

The great event of the day was the official announcement of the standing of the Graduating Class at the undress parade of the Cadets this evening. It will be seen that the "First Five," as they are technically termed, consist of Cadets **Albert H. Payson, John G. D. Knight, Richard L. Hoxie, Edgar W. Bass**, and **James B. Mackall**, and these were the names I suggested a few days ago to your readers as the probably successful competitors. As is customary, these young gentlemen will honorably report to the Secretary of War for promotion, and, as is usual in such cases, they will no doubt receive commissions in the Engineer Corps. There are only three vacancies in that branch of the service, but an effort will be made, I understand, to secure for all of the first five graduates adequate promotion according to their distinguished merit.

The following is the standing, as announced this evening, of the first class in engineering according to merit:

1, Knight; 2, Payson; 3, Marshall; 4, Fletcher; 5, Hoxie; 6, Savage; 7, Bass; 8, Mackall; 9, Willard; 10, Metcalfe; 11, Hamilton; 12, Morton, A. L.; 13, Heath; 14, Barnett; 15, Fechet; 16, Johnson; 17, Casey; 18, Morrison, J. C.; 19, Hall, W. P.; 20, Howard; 21, Hall, C. T.; 22, Deshler; 23, Pope, J.; 24, Everett; 25, Whipple; 26, Swigert; 27, Fowler; 28, March; 29, Dahlgren; 30, Ditch; 31, Shoemaker; 32, Clark; 33 Hoskins; 34, Jones; 35, Pyle; 36, Volkmas; 37, Batchelder; 38, Thompson; 39, Harris, G. M.; 40, Denison, D. S.; 41, Forbush; 42, Pope, J. W.; 43, Broderick; 44, Russell, F. W.; 45, Martin; 46, Kane; 47, Weeks; 48, Rodman; 49, Fitzpatrick; 50, Roe, C. F.; 51, Farragut; 52, Willey; 53, Coombs; 54, Bodfish; Snow, deficient.

The first-class, according to general merit, ranks as follows:

1, Payson; 2, Knight; 3, Hoxie; 4, Bass; 5, Mackall; 6, Savage; 7, Marshall; 8, Willard; 9, Metcalfe; 10, Heath; 11, Hamilton; 12, Fletcher; 13, Casey; 14, Howard; 15, Johnson; 16, Morrison, J. C.; 17, Barnett; 18, Fechet; 19, Everett; 20, Dahlgren; 21, Whipple; 22, Deshler; 23, Denison, D. S.; 24, Morton, A. L.; 25, Hall, C. T.; 26, Clark; 27, Swigert; 28, Hall, W. P.; 29, Fowler; 30, Pope, J.; 31, Volkmar; 32, Jones; 33, Thompson; 34, Bodman; 35, Broderick; 36, Forbush; 37, Haskins; 38, Shoemaker; 39, Pope, J. W.; 40, Martin; 41, Ditch; 42, Pyle; 43, Batchelder; 44, Russell, F. W.; 45, Harris, G. M.; 46, March; 47, Weeks; 48, Farragut; 49, Willey; 50, Roe, C. F.; 51, Kane; 52, Bodfish; 53, Fitzpatrick; 54, Coombs; Snow, deficient.

In the other classes—Ethics and Law, Mineralogy and Geology, Spanish Language, Ordnance and Gunnery, Cavalry Tactics—those who distinguished themselves, as in the foregoing record, stand well also in these.

Cadet Snow, marked "deficient," will, it is supposed, be granted another examination in September. At all events, he will be denied a furlough, and must wait the pleasure of the Board until they have concluded examining the plebes and "deficient" members of the junior classes.

Gen. Grant remained very quiet to-day, even more so than yesterday, for he was not overwhelmed with visitors, and as the corridors became passable after 10 o'clock he concluded to forego his departure from the Point until to-morrow afternoon. The General still sticks to his citizen's dress, and smoked all morning and all afternoon, as is his wont. He remained at the hotel until after dinner, when he and Mrs. Grant ventured out and paid a few visits to friends. The General's health is, I think, greatly improved by his visit to the Point, for he is in better trim even now, and I think a week or a fortnight's sojourn among these hills would take the pallor from his cheek now so evident to the stranger. Gen. Geo. G. Meade left Cozzens' to-day for New-York *en route*, it is understood, for Washington, where he will have the projected conference with Gen. Grant regarding affairs in Georgia. A heavy fog obscures the landscape this evening, and we are anticipating more rainy weather. The midshipmen propose to give a series of hops on the *Savannah* and *Dale* on Thursday night, as a return to the West Pointer's hospitality.

G. F. W.

The Settlement with Frazer, Trenholm & Co.

In a communication to Congress concerning the settlement of suits in Europe against former agents of the Confederates, the Secretary of the Treasury speaks at considerable length of the suit against Messrs. Frazer, Trenholm & Co., and says that the points of agreement made last September between the Department and this firm are as follows:

First—That in the suit pending in England for the recovery of the cargo of the ship *Aline*, judgment shall be entered for the United States, with costs.

Second—That all other specific property of every kind, whether ships or other property, and all moneys belonging to the Confederate States at the time of their dissolution, which at any time after that date came into the possession of Messrs. Frazer, Trenholm & Co., or the proceeds thereof if sold, shall be delivered up to the United States.

Third—That Messrs. Frazer, Trenholm & Co. shall consent to a decree in the pending suit for an account to be rendered by them in due form of law on oath before a master in chancery as demanded by the United States, and whatever amount of money such accounting shall show to have been due by the defendants to the Confederate States at the time of their dissolution shall be paid to the United States.

Fourth—Messrs. Frazer, Trenholm & Co. are to deliver up and account for all ships or other specific property of the Confederate States, unless the same be subject to express legal or equitable antecedent claims of theirs, valid in law, and contracts made during their agency for the Confederates.

Fifth—That the property of the copartners shall be held by the Government under the injunction of the Circuit Court in South Carolina, and under the statutory lien as security for the foregoing conditions; and if those conditions be not complied with in a reasonable time, then the Government shall take judgment against the parties or their property in the United States.

The Strike Among Illinois Quarrymen.

A dispatch from Lamont, Ill., 12th inst., to the *Chicago Times*, says:

"The strike of the miners, in the stone-quarries at Athens, ended to-day in the defeat of the strikers, who have resumed work at the old rates. The strike commenced on the 1st inst., when four hundred miners ceased work, demanding $2 25 per day, instead of $2, which was paid previous to that time. There are three quarries here, which are owned by Messrs. Singer & Talcott, the Illinois Stone Company, and E. Walker. Each of the quarries employ from one hundred and thirty to one hundred and seventy men, nearly all of whom struck. The strikers have been holding meetings nearly every day, and threats of violence have been freely made; but when information reached here that a squad of police from Chicago were *en route* to the scene of the disturbance, they wisely concluded that resistance would be useless, and this afternoon the malcontents resumed work.

The miners at Lockport, Will County, who have also been on a strike, abandoned the cause as hopeless on Wednesday, and were glad to accept the old rates. There is no apprehension of further trouble."

Board of Excise.

There were an unusually large number of cases of alleged violation of the Liquor law tried yesterday before this Board, President Bosworth in the chair.

The following calendar exhibits the disposition of the charges: Wm. H. Carroll, No. 633 Eighth-avenue, revoked; Wm. Schmitt, No. 1,288 Third-avenue, not revoked; George W. Perry, corner Tenth-avenue and Fifty-first-street, not revoked; Wm. Harney, No. 206 Varick-street, not revoked; W. H. Carroll, No. 63 Eighth-avenue, not revoked; Christian Frey, No. 64 Crosby-street, revoked; Patrick Reynolds, No. 36 Cherry-street, not revoked; John Burke, No. 259 West Thirty-fifth-street, revoked; Thos. Godwin, corner Grand and Smith streets, Brooklyn, adjourned; Clement Peters, corner De Kalb-avenue and Sanford-street, not revoked; Joseph Dyrle, Bushwick-avenue, Brooklyn, not revoked; Wm. Weibass, No. 223 Second-street, adjourned; Geo. Diller, No. 221 Henry-street, adjourned; Geo Distler, New Lots, revoked; J. Ranber, No. 534 East Twelfth-street, revoked; Thos. Hunt, No. 869 Third-avenue, revoked; Jacob Meinzenger, No. 147 West Thirty-second-street, adjourned; Ferdinand Frisch, No. 83 West Twenty-eighth-street, revoked; Chas. Cogneron, No. 862 Broadway, revoked; Lorenzo De Angelo, No. 28 East Twenty-fourth-street, not revoked; Matthews & Howland, No. 1,145 Broadway, adjourned; Michael Keegan, No. 1,385 Broadway, revoked; Bernard Zimmerman, No. 697 Sixth-avenue, not revoked; Louis Zeigler, No. 223 Centre-street, revoked; Edward Muller, No. 120 Broome-street, revoked; Thos. Rice, No. 44 Catherine-street, not revoked; Ahren Driseker, No. 7 Peck-slip, not revoked; Chas. Loerzins, No. 27 Frankfort-street, not revoked; Myer Guman, No. 127 Columbia-street, not revoked; Henry Weihrauh, No. 163 Chrisiie-street, not revoked; Daniel Lehman, No. 52 Stanton-street, revoked.

The Committee on Permits reported in favor of 185 new licenses, which were granted.

The following communication from Comptroller Connolly, relative to the disposition of Excise funds, was read:

Comptroller's Office, New York, June 12, 1868.

To the Metropolitan Board of Excise:

Gentlemen:—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of the communication from your Secretary, of the 11th inst., inclosing copy of opinion of your counsel relative to the disposal to be made of the excise moneys under the act of 1867, and, in reply, have the honor to state that there can be no doubt as to the right of the City treasury to be put in possession of the balance of such moneys, after the deductions have been made therefrom which are allowed by such law. The treasury is now in need of funds for the purpose of meeting the demands which are being made against it, and I am, therefore, under the necessity of requesting that you would direct the Treasurer of the Board of Excise to pay over monthly to the Chamberlain of the City of New-York for the use of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, all the license fees which have been collected during the year, after deducting the various amounts designated by section 6, chapter 806, laws of 1867. Very respectfully, yours,

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

The communication was referred to the Finance Committee for consideration.

The Board then adjourned until next Tuesday afternoon.

Rutgers College, New-Brunswick.

The Commencement exercises at Rutgers College, New-Brunswick, N. J., which began on Sunday last, closed yesterday. There was the usual literary entertainment, orations, addresses and good music, and a regatta at the close, which gathered a large crowd, who fully appreciated the enjoyment provided for it by the students. At the annual meeting of the associated alumni, protraits were presented by the members to the Trustees of Rev. Dr. McClelland and of Prof. Theodore Strong, both deceased instructors of the College.

The annual address was delivered by Rush Van Dyck, M. D., Philadelphia.

The annual election of officers resulted in the choice of the following gentlemen: President, Rev. A. Dubois, D.D.; Vice-President, Rev. N. Conklin; Secretary, Rev. J. L. Lee, D.D.; Curator, H. R. Baldwin, M. D.; Historians, J. R. Brodhead, Primarius; Rev. C. Scott, Secundus; Orators, Rev. David Cole and Rev. J. G. Johnson.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

The National Shooting Festival.—From all appearances the Schutzenfest will be a brilliant success. The Committees are at work day and night preparing their reports, which are laid every night before the Committee of Organization and acted upon at once. During last night's meeting a delegation representing the citizens of the First Ward presented a prize consisting of $100 in gold, and informed the Committee on Procession that their Ward would be represented in the parade by 100 citizens headed by a band. The Eleventh Regiment, the Twenty-eighth Regiment, Col. Urban, Brooklyn, the Terpsichore Social Union and the Franz Abt Society have also notified their intention to take active part in the procession and festival generally. Every day brings with it new prizes, of which not the least valuable are skillful specimens of their handiwork presented by the ladies. Charleston, S. C., will send with its delegation a live bear, worth $100; Chicago announces as a prize a $1,000 United States bond. The Chicago delegation, numbering one hundred, will arrive here on the morning of June 27. The Jersey Schutzen Corps, Capt. Thorsman, presents $300 in gold. Thursday night a meeting takes place of the delegates of all societies represented in the Festival, and on Monday night a mass meeting of Germans will be called to make a last appeal to them in favor of active participation.

A Mysterious Case.—Coroner Flynn held an inquest at the Charity Hospital, on Blackwell's Island, over the remains of a man named Thomas Underhill or Hoolahan, about 34 years of age, a native of Ireland, who died at the Hospital from inflammation of the brain, resulting from injuries received in some unknown manner. When admitted to the Hospital the deceased persistently declined to make any statement in regard to himself or the manner in which he had been injured, and the Coroner found it impossible to learn anything in relation thereto. The jury accordingly rendered a verdict to the effect "that deceased came to his death from meningitis resulting from injuries received in some manner unknown to the jury."

Board of Audit.—At a meeting of this Board yesterday, Wm. H. Adams presented a claim of $4,944 against the City for a failure to get the award of a contract for rebuilding and repairing Pier No. 29, East River, in 1865, he claiming to have been the lowest bidder, but the Mayor refusing to sign the award to claimant on the ground that one-half of the pier belonged to private owners, who refused to pay their share of the expenses of the improvement. The defence to the claim was the refusal of the Mayor to sign the award, which the City Counsel contended he had a right to do under the circumstances. One other small claim was heard, and the Board adjourned to 12 M. to-day.

Fire in Broadway.—At 7:30 o'clock last evening a fire occurred in the rear of the store No. 924 Broadway, one side of which is occupied by Mrs. Jane Smith, dealer in ladies furnishing goods. Damage $1,000; insured for $1,700 in the Merchants' Company. The other side of the store is occupied by Mesdames Beisel & Weder, dealers in fancy goods. Damage $200; insured in the Manhattan Company for $2,500. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp in Mrs. Smith's hand. The building is owned by Jacob Cramm, and is damaged to the extent of $200; fully insured.

Presentation.—Some thirty gentlemen, members of St. Thomas and Grace Churches, lately effected the purchase of the picture painted by the artist Washington, of this City, representing "The interior of Grace Church, and the administration of infant baptism by Rev. Dr. William F. Morgan," and on last Friday presented the same in appropriate fashion to the reverend gentleman named as officiating in the painting. Dr. Morgan acknowledged the handsome and fitting gift in grateful terms.

Accident at Quarantine.—On Monday forenoon a serious accident occurred to Mr. John O'Rourke, a brother of Capt. James O'Rourke, Superintendent of the hospital ship *Falcon*. While engaged in launching the quarantine buoys in the Lower Bay, he was struck by a spar on the side of the head and rendered senseless. He now lies in a critical condition, suffering from concussion of the brain.

Rescued from Drowning.—John Mulquin, aged 7 years, residing at No. 351 East Thirty-third-street, fell overboard from the foot of Twenty-sixth-street, East River, and was rescued from drowning and taken home....An unknown laborer fell overboard at Pier No. 9 East River, and was rescued from drowning. He was detained at the Station-house.

Young Girls Astray.—Two sisters named Caroline and Evelyn Saunders, called at the Ninth Precinct Station House, and stated that they had on Sunday last been induced by a man unknown to them, to leave their home in East Lyme, Conn., and the man had deserted them after they had arrived in this City. The girls were cared for, and will be sent home.

Republican Executive Committee.—The Republican Executive Committee met last night at their headquarters, corner of Twenty-second-street and Broadway, and made the necessary arrangements toward holding primary meetings for the election of delegates to the State Convention, at Syracuse, on the 8th prox.

Badge Lost.—A metallic badge representing the New-York Times, and numbered "22," was lost last evening, it is supposed, upon a Third-avenue Railroad car. The finder will confer a favor upon the owner by leaving the badge in the counting room of the Times office.

Found Drowned.—The remains of an unknown man were found yesterday floating off the Battery. The deceased had the appearance of having been in the water but a short time, and was attired in brown flannel shirt and gray pants. Coroner Flynn was notified to hold an inquest.

Fire in Centre-street.—Shortly after 12 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire occurred in the India rubber factory of C. Goodyear, on the second floor of the rear building, No. 41 Centre-street. Damage $100; fully insured. The fire is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion.

Fell from a Scaffold.—John Greene, aged 35, while painting the front of a house at the corner of Sixty-second-street and Third-avenue yesterday, fell from the scaffold and dislocated his elbow. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Personal.—Mr. Philip Phillips, the well-known vocalist of this City, will sail for Europe today in the *Cuba*, to be absent for about six months, for his health principally.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

A Case of Assault.—Mr. E. A. Pollard, the well-known Southern editor and historian, appeared yesterday with his wife, Mrs. Madeline E. A. Pollard, in the Police Court at the City Hall, before Justice Cornwell, when she made complaint of assault and battery against Mrs. Crotty and her daughter, Miss Crotty, of No. 81 Cranberry-street. It appeared from the statement made by Mrs. Pollard that about three weeks ago she was abandoned by her husband in New-York, since which time she had been endeavoring to find out his whereabouts; that yesterday morning she found him at his place of business, and insisted upon knowing where he had made his resting-place; that he at once accompanied her to his present boarding-house, No. 81 Cranberry-street, Brooklyn, where some misunderstanding took place between her and Mrs. and Miss Crotty, who assailed her in presence of her husband, Mr. Pollard, and that he then accompanied her to Justice Cornwell's Court. Mr. Pollard declared to the Court that his wife was subject to insanity; that her conduct, in consequence of her jealousy, was greatly annoying to him, and that she had threatened to shoot him. Justice Cornwell asked Mrs. Pollard if she had a pistol, when she said, "No, you can search me." She stated that after her first marriage to Mr. Pollard she discovered that he had been previously married, and left him, but that about a year ago, upon learning that he had been divorced from his first wife, she was again married to him. The assault and battery will come up for examination before Justice Cornwell this morning.

Probable Murder—Terrible Assault Upon a Boy with a Club.—At a late hour on Monday night a number of boys were playing on a wagon standing in front of a harness shop in Hamilton-avenue, near President-street. Mrs. Moody, who owns the harness shop, feeling annoyed with the disturbance created by the boys, requested William Shields, a journeyman in her employ, to disperse them. William being somewhat intoxicated at the time was in ample order to obey any mandate requiring the exercise of powerful diplomatic measures, so he went out and commanded the boys to quit the wagon. They hesitated, and one of them, named Timothy O'Keefe, having a club in his hand, undoubtedly felt his position impregnable, but William, determined to rout the enemy, seized the club from the boy and struck him a blow on the head, which left him in a senseless condition. The boy was immediately removed to the residence of his parents, No. 9 President-street, where he was attended by Dr. Arnoux, who decided that the wound was fatal, and advised that steps be taken for the arrest of the assailant. Accordingly Officer Harrigan, of the Forty-third Precinct, arrested Wm. Shields and took him to the Station House, where he was locked up all night. He was taken before Justice Delmar yesterday morning, when he pleaded "Not guilty" of the charge made against him. He was thereupon committed to await the result of the boy's injuries.

Handsome Compliment to Rev. H. M. Gallagher.—It appears that some time ago Rev. H. M. Gallagher, the popular and faithful pastor of the First Baptist Church, Brooklyn, purchased a house in Connecticut as a Summer resort for his family, and, not being superabundantly blessed with finances, he gave his note for a part of the amount. On Monday evening a number of his parishioners, who had become acquainted with this financiering transaction, surprised Mr. Gallagher at his residence, and, through Ex-Supervisor White, presented him with an amount sufficient to liquidate his note, and the sum of $500 in addition. Mr. White made a neat little speech on the occasion, and Mr. Gallagher, after expressing his surprise, entertained the company with a budget of merry stories, and asked them to call again. The dining-room next revealed a state of things which inspired the friends with new enthusiasm and earnest zeal—all remaining at the happy task thereat set out until it was thoroughly accomplished.

Atlantic Yacht Club Regatta.—At the regatta that comes off to-day the following is the programme: The yachts will be anchored in three lines. Second-class sloops to the south, and small yachts to the windward, off the club harbor, foot of Court-street, Gowanus Bay. The boats will start soon after 10 o'clock. The course will be through the Narrows to a stake boat off Coney Island Point, passing between the point and the stake boat, then to and around the Southwest Spit buoy, thence home east of the buoys on the west bank to the stake boat at the place of starting. The members and friends of the club will be received on the steamer *Wyoming*, which will leave from the foot of Montague-street, East River, at 9:30 o'clock.

Grand Larceny.—Mrs. Mary Van Brunt, of No. 101 North Sixth-street, E. D., was yesterday arrested on a charge of stealing a pocketbook containing $120 from the pocket of Edward Flannigan, while he was spending the previous night at her residence. The money was found in the possession of the accused, and she was locked up to answer. Mrs. Eliza O'Connell was arrested and held as an accomplice. The complainant, being intoxicated when he made the charge, was also locked up.

Carrying a Concealed Weapon.—Henry Smith, residing at No. 15 North First-street, E. D., was yesterday arrested by Officer Langan, of the Forty-fifth Precinct, while acting in a disorderly manner in First-street. On examination a formidable knife was found concealed in his coat sleeve. Justice Voorhies committed the prisoner to the County Jail to await trial on a charge of carrying a concealed weapon.

Price of a Penitentiary Wall.—It transpired in the course of the proceedings of the Kings County Board of Supervisors yesterday that the wall around the Penitentiary at Flatbush, now in process of erection, was costing 25 cents per cubic foot, while it was claimed the work could be done for 10 cents per cubic foot. The matter is to be inquired into.

Where to Buy the Necessaries of Life.—The Kings County Board of Supervisors have authorized the Superintendents of the Poor to go into open market and purchase such supplies as potatoes, turnips, buckwheat flour, starch, &c., for the use of the Almshouse.

Pay of Military Enrollment Assessors.—The seven assessors, who have been and are engaged in collecting the names of citizens for the military enrollment of the County of Kings, are to have $1,000 each for their work. This is in addition to the amounts to be paid to the men who are doing the actual work—going from house to house, taking names in the most indiscriminate manner.

Two Spare Armories.—The Committee on Military Affairs of the Kings County Supervisors have been instructed to report what disposition can be made of the armories lately occupied by the Fifty-second and Fifty-sixth Regiments, now disbanded.

Effects of the Thunder-storm.—During the thunder-storm yesterday afternoon, shortly after 5 o'clock, the flag-staff of the Marine Barracks, on Flushing-avenue, was shattered by the lightning.

Church Festivals.—Six of the churches of the Eastern District hold strawberry festivals this week.

Brooklyn Circuit Court Calendar.

WEDNESDAY.

Nos.
138—Sakooska vs. Farrell.
139—Hayes vs. McQuade.
160—Bradley vs. Etzel.
161—Ustorn vs. Wheeler.
162—Doherty vs. O'Donnell.
163—Benson vs. Benson.
164—Collamore vs. Collamore.
166—Clarke vs. Murphy.
167—McElvor vs. Hendrickson.
168—Goodman vs. Johnson.
30—Phillips vs. Heath.
36—Perry vs. Brooklyn Union Ferry Co.

Nos.
57—Board of Com'rs of Pilots vs. Brooklyn Gas Co.
60—Kniffin vs. Townsend.
70—Tobin vs. Union.
73—Beardsley vs. Day.
92—Fincke vs. Reade.
102—Ely vs. New-Haven Steamboat Co.
103—Knapp vs. Rogers.
114—Mitchell vs. McCullough.
169—Wood, Jr., vs. Miller.
170—Hertzog vs. Letzer.
171—Ogden vs. Amslie.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

London, Tuesday, June 16—11:15 A. M.

Consols open at 94⅞@95 for money, and 95 for the account.

American Securities open at the following quotations:
United States Five-twenties....73¾
Erie Shares....46
Illinois Centrals....99⅝

Frankfort, Tuesday, June 16.

United States Bonds open at 77⅝@77¾ for the issue of 1862.

Paris, Tuesday, June 16.

The Bourse opens firmer. Rents, 69fr. 92c.

Liverpool, Tuesday, June 16—11:15 A. M.

Cotton—The market opens firmer, and the sales of the day will probably reach 9,000 bales. The following are the opening quotations:
Middling Uplands....10¾d.@10⅞d.
Middling Orleans....10⅞d.@11d.

Breadstuffs—The market opens quiet. Corn, however, is firmer, and 3d. higher, the first sales being made at 34s. 6d. ⅌ quarter for new Mixed Western; Wheat, 13s. 9d. ⅌ cental for California White, and 12s. 2d. for No. 2 Milwaukee Red; Peas, 43s. 6d. ⅌ 504 lbs.; Oats, 3s. ⅌ bushel; Flour, 32s. ⅌ bbl. for Western Canal.

Provisions—Beef, 110s. ⅌ tierce of 304 lbs. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork, 81s. 6d. ⅌ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard, 65s. ⅌ cwt. Cheese, 52s. ⅌ cwt. for the best grades of fine. Bacon, 46s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

Produce—Resin, 6s. 3d. ⅌ cwt. for Common North Carolina. Tallow has advanced to 44s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. Turpentine, 28s. ⅌ cwt. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 4½d. ⅌ gallon. Spirits Petroleum, 8d. ⅌ gallon.

London, Tuesday, June 16—11:15 A. M.

No. 12 Dutch Standard Sugar on the spot, 26s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. Calcutta Linseed, 62s.

London, Tuesday, June 16—1:20 P. M.

The following are the quotations at the Stock Exchange at this hour:
Consols for money....94⅞
Consols for account....94⅞@94⅞
United States Bonds....73⅝
Illinois Central....100

Dispatches from Frankfort quote United States Bonds at this hour at 77¾c. for the old issue.

Liverpool, Tuesday, June 16—1:20 P. M.

Cotton—The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales. There are no changes in price to note.

Breadstuffs—Wheat is firm at 12s. 4d. ⅌ cental for No. 2 Red Western, and 13s. 9d. for California White.

Provisions—Pork is dull, at previous prices. Lard is dull. Bacon has advanced 6d., the last sales being made at 47s. ⅌ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

Antwerp, Tuesday, June 16.

Petroleum, 47 francs ⅌ bbl. for Standard White.

London, Tuesday, June 16—5 P. M.

The money market closed firmer.

Consols closed at 94⅞ for money, and 94⅞ for account.

American Securities closed at the following rates:
United States Five-twenties....73¾
Illinois Central....100
Erie Shares....46
Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds....34

Frankfort, Tuesday, June 16—5 P. M.

United States bonds close at 77¾ for the issue of 1862.

Liverpool, Tuesday, June 16—5 P. M.

Cotton—The Cotton market closed firmer at the following quotations:
Middling Uplands....10⅞d.
Middling Orleans....11d.

The sales of the day foot up 12,000 bales.

Breadstuffs—Corn has advanced 3d., and is quoted at 34s. 9d. Wheat steady, at 13s, 9d. for California White, and 12s. 4d. for Red Western. Oats, Peas, and Flour unchanged.

Provisions—Pork steady at 81s. 6d. Lard steady, at 65s. Beef, 110s. Cheese, 52s. Bacon, 47s.

Produce—Refined Petroleum closed dull at 1s. 4½d. Spirits Petroleum steady, at 8d. Common Resin, 6s. 3d. Tallow, 44s. 6d. Turpentine, 28s.

London, Tuesday, June 16—5 P. M.

The market for Sugar to arrive closed heavy at 26s. 6d. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Calcutta Linseed has advanced 6d., and is quoted at 62s. 6d.

Antwerp, Tuesday, June 16—5 P. M.

Petroleum closed dull at 47f. ⅌ bbl.

Havana, Tuesday, June 16.

Sugar Market—The holders of Sugar remain firm, notwithstanding the unfavorable advices from London and America. Sales were made to-day at 7⅞ reals ⅌ arrobe for No. 12 Dutch Standard.

Domestic Markets.

Chicago, Tuesday, June 16.

Flour firmer and quiet; Spring Extras, $8 50@$10 50. Wheat firmer and advanced 4c.@4½c.; No. 1 at $1 94½, arriving since the change; No. 2 firm at $1 89½, seller for June. Corn firmer and fairly active, advanced 1c.@2c.; sales No. 1 at 87½c., seller for June; No. 2 at 85½c.@86½c. Oats firmer at 66c. Rye quiet at $1 50 for No. 1, in store. Barley nominal. Provisions easier, but less active. Mess Pork, $27 75. Lard inactive at 16½c.@16¾c., for cash; 17½c., seller for August. Bulk Meats inactive, almost nominal. Beef Cattle dull and declined 10c.@20c. for best; 15c.@25c. for common. Live Hogs active and advanced 9c.@25c.; inferior to choice, $7 60@$9. Freights unchanged. Receipts to-day—2,800 bbls. Flour, 20,000 bushels Wheat, 141,000 bushels Corn, 31,000 bushels Oats, 240 Live Hogs. Shipments—6,000 bbls. Flour, 47,000 bushels Wheat, 73,000 bushels Corn, 1,300 Live Hogs.

Oswego, Tuesday, June 16.

Flour lower; sales 1,800 bbls. at $10 for No. 1 Spring; $11 50@$11 75 for Amber Winter; $13 50 for White; $13 25@$13 50 for Double Extra. Wheat firm but unchanged; sales 4,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $2 15; 2,000 bushels do. to arrive, on private terms, and 800 bushels No. 2 Chicago Spring at $2 03. Corn unchanged; sales 7,000 bushels No. 1 Illinois at $1. Oats nominal. Corn Meal $2 30 ⅌ cwt. Millfeed shade lower; Shorts, $20@$21; Shipstuffs, $26@$27; Middlings, $35 ⅌ ton. Canal Freights—Wheat 9½c., Corn 8c., Oats 5c., to New-York. Railroad Freights—Flour to Boston, 64c.; to New-York, 52c.; to Albany, 42c. Lake Imports—22,000 bushels Corn, 21,800 feet Lumber. Canal Exports—3,500 bushels Wheat, 1,400,000 feet Lumber.

St. Louis, Tuesday, June 16.

Tobacco active, but unchanged. Flour dull; Choice Superfine, $7 12½; Extra, $7 50@$8; Double Extra, $8 50@$10. Wheat declining; sales at $2 40@$2 60; Prime to Fancy Fall, $2 40@$2 60; Spring unchanged at $1 82@$1 87 for Choice. Corn dull and unchanged at 80c.@85c. Oats steady at 76c.@78c. Rye declining; sales at $1 40@$1 60; at the close buyers were offering $1 40@$1 50. Pork firm at $28@$28 25. Bacon firmer; Shoulders, 13c.; Clear Sides, 16½c.@17c.; Plain Canvassed Hams, 16c. Lard quiet at 18c. for Choice tierce. Cattle range from $4@$7 50, gross. Sheep declining; sales at $2 25@$5 ⅌ head. Receipts—Flour, 1,100 bbls.; Wheat, 2,400 bushels; Corn, 5,000 do.; Oats, 64,000 do.

Buffalo, Tuesday, June 16.

Receipts—Wheat, 12,000 bushels; Corn, 46,000 bushels; Flour, 4,400 bbls. Shipments—Wheat, 7,000 bushels; Corn, 80,000 bushels; Oats, 40,000 bushels. Freights lower. Wheat 13½c., Corn 10½c., Oats 7½c., to New-York. Flour unchanged; sales, 500 bbls. No. 1 City Ground Spring at $10. Wheat held above buyers views; demand light; car-lots of No. 1 Spring sold at $2 12. Corn steady; sales of 62,000 bushels of No. 1 Western at 97c.; 15,000 bushels of No. 1 Western, to arrive, at 97c. Oats steady; sales of 42,000 bushels at 75c., and 35,000 bushels at 75½c. Rye—sales of 300 bushels at $1 82. Barley nominal. Mess Pork and Lard unchanged.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, June 16.

Cotton steady; Middlings, 29c.@30c. Petroleum less firm; Crude in bulk, 15½c.; Refined, 30½c. Flour dull and weak; sales 300 bbls. Pennsylvania and Ohio Extra Family, $11@$12; Spring Wheat, $9 75@$10 50. Wheat in small supply; sales 3,000 bushels Red at $2 70@$2 78; Kentucky White, $2 85@$2 90. Rye, $1 85. Corn dull and unsettled; Yellow offered at $1 12; Mixed Western, $1 11. Oats dull; sales 1,000 bushels Pennsylvania, 88c. Coffee dull, 18c.@23½c., currency. Sugar steady; sales 300 hhds. Cuba at 11½c.@12½c. Provisions unchanged.

New-Orleans, Tuesday, June 16.

Cotton quiet and firm; sales, 681 bales; Middling, 27½c.; receipts, 102 bales. Sterling Exchange, 153@155; New-York Sight ⅜ ⅌ cent. premium. Gold, 140¼. Nos. 12 and 13 Cuba Sugar, 12½c.@13½c.; Cuba Molasses 47c.@52c. Louisiana Sugar and Molasses dull and nominally unchanged. Flour dull; Superfine, $8 25; Treble Extra, $11. Corn easy at 95c.@$1 05. Oats quiet at 77c. Hay dull at $19@$19 50. Pork quiet but firmer at $29 50. Bacon—Shoulders, 13¾c.; Clear Sides, 17c. Lard quoted at 18½c. for Tierce and 20c. for Keg.

Cincinnati, Tuesday, June 16.

Flour declining, irregular and nominal; 1,000 bbls. good Family offered at $9 with no buyers. Wheat quiet; sales, 4,000 bushels No. 2 at $2. Corn quiet at 93c.@94c. for Shelled and Ear; there was but little demand for Shelled. Oats dull at 74c.@75c. Rye declining; sales at $1 70@$1 75; there was a fair demand. Cotton dull at 27c.@27½c. for Middlings. Tobacco firm at full rates. Provisions quiet and held firmly; little doing; nominally unchanged. Gold, 140¼, buying. Money easy.

Oswego, Tuesday, June 16—Noon.

Flour 25c.@50c. lower; sales 13,000 bbls. at $10 for No. 1 Spring; $11 50@$11 75 for Amber Winter; $12 50 for White; $13 25@$13 50 for Double Extra. Wheat unchanged; sales 3,500 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $2 15; 2,000 bushels do. to arrive, on private terms; 720 bushels Chicago Spring at $2 03. Corn unchanged; sales 7,000 bushels No. 1 Illinois at $1. Oats nominal. Canal Freights—Wheat 9½c., Corn 8c., Oats 5c., to New-York.

Baltimore, Tuesday, June 16.

Cotton quiet and firm; Middling, 29½c.@30c. Flour dull and nominal; prices cannot be quoted, and buyers can make their own terms. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn dull; White, $1 10@$1 12; Yellow, $1 10@$1 12. Oats firm; Western, 88c.@92c.; Maryland and Pennsylvania, 90c.@95c. Rye dull and nominal at $1 70@$1 75. Mess Pork quiet at $28 75@$29. Bacon more active; Rib Sides, 16½c.; Clear Sides, 17c.@17½c.; Shoulders, 14c. Hams, 21c.@22c. Lard dull at 18½c.@19c.

Louisville, Tuesday, June 16.

Tobacco—Sales 258 hhds. at 8c.@24c. for Lugs to medium fair Leaf. Flour declining; Superfine, $7 75@$8 25; Fancy brands, $12@$12 50. Wheat—Old Red, $2@$2 10; contracts were made for New Alabama at $1 75. Corn, 93c.@95c. Oats, 78c.@80c. Rye, $1 70@$1 80. Mess Pork, $28 25. Lard—Tierces, 18c. Bacon—Shoulders, 13½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 16½c.@17c.; Clear Sides, 17¼c.@17½c. Bulk Meats—Shoulders, 12½c.; Clear Sides, 16¼c.

Cambridge, Mass., Tuesday, June 16.

Beef Cattle—Receipts 244 head; the supply is light, but there is no improvement in prices; sales of Extra at $14@$14 25; First Quality, $13@$13 50; Second Quality, $12@$12 50; Third Quality, $11@$11 50. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 1,473 head; no material change in prices; sales at 4c.@7½c. ⅌ lb.; Spring Lambs, $3@$5. Veal Calves, $3@$10.

Milwaukee, Tuesday, June 16.

Flour firm; Choice Minnesota, $9@$9 50; Choice Wisconsin and Iowa, $8 62½@$9. Wheat unsettled; No. 1 at $1 90; No. 2 at $1 85. Oats advanced 1c.; sales at 66c. for No. 2. Corn firm at 87c. for No. 2. Receipts to-day—1,000 bbls. Flour, 23,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Corn, 2,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—100 bbls. Flour, 46,000 bushels Wheat.

Toledo, Tuesday, June 16.

Flour quiet. Wheat firmer; sales of White Michigan at $3 48; White Wabash, $2 45; Amber, $2 [illegible]; Corn firmer and active; sales of No. 1 Michigan at [illegible]c.; White, [illegible]c.; Yellow, 94c. Oats—Sales of No. 1 at 69c. Receipts—1,100 bbls. Flour, 1,300 bushels Wheat, 32,000 bushels Corn, 3,600 bushels Oats.

Wilmington, N. C., Tuesday, June 16.

Spirits of Turpentine in demand at 40c.; New-York casks, 40½c. Resin—Lower grades are active; strained, $2 20; No. 2, $2 30; No. 1, $4; Pale, $5. Tar advanced and firm at $3 75.

Memphis, Monday, June 15.

Cotton irregular; receipts, 5 bales; exports, 19 bales. Flour dull; Superfine, $7@$8. Pork, $29 50. Bacon quiet; Shoulders, 13½c.; Clear Sides, 17½c. Lard, 19c.@20c. Corn, 90c. Oats, 80c.

Augusta, Ga., Tuesday, June 16.

Cotton dull and unchanged; sales, 50 bales; Middling, 28c.

Mobile, Ala., Tuesday, June 16.

Cotton quiet; sales, 800 bales; Low Middling, 25½c.; receipts, 2 bales.

Charleston, S. C., Tuesday, June 6.

Cotton nominal; no sales; receipts, 105 bales.

Savannah, Ga., Tuesday, June 16.

Cotton nominal; no sales.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, June 16.

Stocks steady. Pennsylvania State Fives, 100. Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 26¾; Reading Railroad, 49; Pennsylvania Railroad, 52¾. Gold, 140⅜.

[Advertisement.]

The Reason Why.—Our readers will remember the circumstances of the arrest of a woman who was taken into custody last week on a charge of wearing male attire. The reason given for her assumption of the garments of the other sex caused her immediate release. She had only donned pantaloons that she might wear one of KNOX'S Spring stlye hats, to be had at No. 212 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

How shall we protect our houses from robbers? A pamphlet containing ten or twelve hundred names and certificates from those who are using the Burglar Alarm Telegraph, sent free by applying to E. HOLMES, No. 201 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Every description of Canton Mattings, 25 to 50 cents, by Hiram Anderson, No. 99 Bowery. English Carpets and Oil-Cloths at low prices.

[Advertisement.]

Mosquito Nets and Patent Portable Canopies at KELTY'S Curtain Store, No. 447 Broadway.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Cuba	June 17	New-York	Liverpool.
Tarifa	June 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Weser	June 18	New-York	Bremen.
Louisiana	June 20	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Antwerp	June 20	New-York	Liverpool.
Columbia	June 20	New-York	Glasgow.

FOR HAVANA.

Columbia	June 18	New-York	Havana.
Bienville	June 20	New-York	Havana.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

WEDNESDAY.

Mails for Europe, *via* Liverpool, by the *Cuba*, close at the General Post Office at 12 M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on the pier, Jersey City, to 1:30 P. M.

Mails for Europe, *via* Quebec, by the *Nestorian*, close at 6 P. M.

THURSDAY.

Mails for Havana and West Indies, *via* Nassau, N. P., by the *Columbia*, close at the General Post Office at 2 P. M.

Mails for Europe, *via* Southampton and Bremen, by the *Weser*, close at 12 M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on the pier, foot of Third-street, Hoboken, to 1:45 P. M.

FRIDAY.

Mails for Havana, *via* Baltimore, by the *Liberty*, close at the General Post Office at 6 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30, 2:20 and 6 P. M.
Western Mails	5 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	5 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., and 4:30 P. M.
On Sundays all mails close at	1:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

June 16.—*In steamship Germania, for Southampton, Havre and Hamburg*—John Weiss, Daniel Thompson, Mrs. D. Thompson, Paolo Canobbie, G. Benckenstein, Miss Lucy Ward, Miss Caroline Benckenstein, George C. Gemünder, Charles A. Sackreuter, Mrs. M. Lichtenstein, Mr. and Mrs. Adolphus Brand, Mr. and Mrs. A. Altmeyer, L. Loewenstein, Mrs. L. Loewenstein, Dr. J. F. Duncker, Mrs. J. F. Duncker, N. M. Fernald, Mrs. Fernald and 2 children, Louis Rosin, N. Gottgetreu, Mrs. E. Dannenberg, Miss Dora Dannenberg, Miss Josephine Dannenberg, Miss Louisa Dannenberg, Joseph C. Alling and family, Randolph B. Woodruff, John O. Woodruff, E. C. Newfelder, Chr. Hoffmann, Edmund Heuer, John Gentie, Mr. and Mrs. M. Wilber, Miss Norman, Mr. and Mrs. Julius De Jonge, Miss Marie De Jonge, A. Schanzenbach, Edward Ricker, Miss Constance De Jonge, Miss Julia De Jonge, Mrs. Frederick Agatz, Master Fr. Agatz, B. Blardone, P. Marmone, F. C. Schmidt, C. H. Bevers, F. A. Clasen, Mr. and Mrs. A. Perigaux, H. Wahl, A. Hansen, Jas. Allen, A. Jackson, F. Holtz, C. Spaeth, H. Zimmer, P. Schuler, A. Schuler, W. Goerner, S. B. Mount, B. Levy, Mr. and Mrs. L. Strauss, Meyer Levy, Jacob Sattus, Charles E. Grubert, Augustus Paul, Casimir Schiamp, Master C. Schiamp, Charles Bach, Rev. J. L. Junker, Frederick Ackerman, L. Green, Augustus Ohse, Dr. Herman Peter, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Klein, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fred, Scheffer, William Eckhoff, P. B. Elortegui, C. H. Schluter, A. Meyer, Dominique Lavigne, C. Spangenberg, P. Gelhaar, F. Deck, Mrs. F. Deck, Mrs. E. Ricker, Mrs. Theresa Siebold, Mrs. Elizabeth Scholtz, Mrs. M. Pollock and infant, Augustus Sandbloom, Mrs. A. Sandbloom, Miss Shanzenbach and sister, Miss Catharine Voss, Mrs. Lotta Gross, Miss Emily Gross, Miss Marie Levy, John Eidmann, John Trently, Master J. Eidmann, J. Richardson, Charles Reynolds, H. A. Cassebeer, Arthur Stanley, Mrs. Eva Boeser, Miss Eva Boeser, Mrs. M. Sherwood, Frederick Hinrichsen, and others in the steerage.

In steamship Ocean Queen, for Aspinwall—Mrs. Chambers and child, Rev. T. T. Wallace, wife and 3 children, Miss McFarren, Mr. Abarris, wife, friend, nurse and 5 children, P. Pind, Thos. Cobb, Master Cooke, O. Medina, wife, infant and nurse, Wm. Jeffries, George Stevenson, Jaun Popo, H. M. Keth, H. S. Robinson, W. Wisevian, Geo. Waldman. *For California*—Mrs. A. Daniels and 3 children, L. Wittgenstern, A. H. Baldwin and wife, Miss Mary Varney, Miss C. Lowe, John D. Burner, wife and 2 children, Mrs. John G. Lewis and 2 children, L. Buff, H. H. Beck, T. V. Julien, J. Jones and wife, Misses Mary and Julia Annis, T. J. Hollahan, S. W. Pipkin, wife, daughter and child, H. S. Pipkin, wife, 2 children and infant, H. Hausman, James L. Pond, S. A. Radcliffe, Mrs. C. A. Case, Mrs. J. R. Rogers and child, W. F. Cashman and wife, A. Marcus, Mrs. Fitz Hugh, Misses Rebecca and Dorothea Thagode, G. Albert, D. P. Belknap, wife and children, W. J. Tucker, Miss L. Johnston, R. R. Rice, W. H. Wright, E. Groaty, Mrs. C. B. Seely, W. C. Smith, John H. Wright, B. L. Peele, wife and two daughters and two children, Mrs. George Baggs, W. H. D. Morrille, L. Gunst, P. Traynor, Mrs. S. Mills, children and infant, Adolph Freid, L. C. Jenkins, Mrs. L. Stevens, Miss M. Stevens, Rev. Dr. Cohn, wife and 3 children, C. Kaibel, wife and 2 children, Isaac Glazier, wife and niece, Rev. G. B. Allen, wife and 4 children, E. Blumfield, wife and 4children, Jonas Minturn, J. M. Beamer and wife, E. C. Austin, Miss Louisa Austin, James McGiffin, W. Duane, wife and child, Mrs. O. H. Taylor, R.B. Searn and wife, W. B. Lamier, A. Brackett, wife and child, E. T. Robinson, C. Walker and wife, P. M. Louis, J. E. Magary, Mrs. A. C. Gates and daughter, Miss C. A. Harper, H. Crow, wife and 2 children, J.S. O. Moore, J.B. Moore, W.H. Vickery, C. Crow, wife and child, F. L. Cartena, M. Ausilias, W. Quiby, wife and child, Richard Spencer, Mrs. Furlong, Mrs. E. Daley and child, S. Gump, R. H. Dickinson and son, E. R. Burkhalder, Capt. Schley, Mrs. Leyth, Mrs. Conway and daughter, W. H. Ware, George D. Green, George Hely, wife and 3 children, H. Hely, R. A. Sarie, John M. Randall, Sidney A. Greene, O. Christ, John M. Payne, wife and child, W. S. Davis, W. Sheehan, O. J. Hamlin, Mrs. Woods, daughter and 4 children, Mrs. Jones, Miss Woods and brother, J. W. Garratt and wife, Mrs. Reed, Mrs. Theobald and child, A. Muller, C. G. Ferner and wife, John B. Brown, Mrs. J. D. Babcock, A. Y. Abel and daughter, C. G. Budd and wife, J. C. Garland and daughter, Mrs. J. R. Boden, Mrs. W. M. Robbins and child, Richard Landers and child, Mrs. R. Landers and 4 children, Miss Helen A. McDonald, Mrs. James P. Draper, Miss Nellie Heald, Geo. E. Burnett, M. D. Crocker and wife, Fred. E. Webber, Major Chapin, Col. Sandford, Capt. Browning, Capt. Caltan, Capt. Wade, wife and servant, Dr. Bradley, wife, 3 children and servant, Miss Irene Collins, Miss Fanny E. Hannon, Arnold Jerome, A. R. Spencer, Geo. Cook, John Olsen, Mrs. Marshall and 3 children, Mrs. Frank Ellis, Geo. E. Cotton, E. Brown, wife and child, S. M. Williams and wife, Jno. A. Todd, wife and child, Mrs. A. D. Wright, Miss C. Harris, Miss Mortee, W. B. Gladding, Mrs. Olmsted and child, Mrs. Peterson and child, T. T. Houghton, wife, 4 children and nurse, and a large number in second cabin and steerage, also detachment U. S. soldiers.

Passengers Arrived.

June 16.—*In steamship Ville de Paris, from Havre and Brest*—A. LaCalle, Mr. Fetridge and family, Mrs. Battle and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. Roosevelt, Mrs. and Miss Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Garner, Miss Amory, Mr. and Mrs. Palmer, Miss Arnot, Mr. Reade and family, Mr. Schall, Messrs. Sheppars Bros., Mr. Estivant, two Misses Robbins, Mr. Gray and family, Miss Vansantvoort, Miss Rochat, Mrs. Roalofson, Miss Hatch, Mr. and Mrs. Ventura, J. Reed, Viscount d'Aulan, Mr. Hitchcock, Mr. and Mrs. Collineaux, Count de Turenne, Benjamin Fitch, J. Winter, E. Sheppard, Mr. Carroll, Mr. Hooper, Mr. Wickham, Mr. Lafarge, Mr. Martin and family, Miss Barnewall, Miss Bleavens, Dr. and Mrs. Thomson, Mrs. Dutton, Mrs. Fellini, Mr. Brady, Mr. Henderson, Mr. Schneider, Mr. Weaver, Mr. Mason, Mrs. Eldridge, Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Hendall, Mr. and Mrs. Hall, Mr. Berthold, Mr. Cornish, Mr. Lane, Rev. J. Proud, Rev. F. Bernard, Miss Clearwater, Miss Rey, Miss Colton, Miss Dixon, Mrs. Silles, Mr. and Mrs. de Wilde, Mr. E. Verdin, Mr. E. Casper, Mr. Dahler, Mr. Davis, Mr. Bellanger, Mr. L. Willard, Mr. S. Willard, Mr. A. Fals, Mr. L. Bastard, Mr. F. Dargenton, Mrs. Schendler, A. Schmidt, E. Warth, Mrs. Ketterer, Mr. Hintermeister, Mrs. Moore, Mr. Meyer, Mrs. Bertrand, Mr. Clerget, Ch. Hirstell, T. Hellmuth, Mr. and Mrs. Griess, Miss Garraud, Mrs. Beauregard, Mrs. A. Wettermoth, J. Zeigler, F. Litterst, Mrs. Banks, Mr. Hach, E. Bigot, Mrs. Gruber, Mr. Donnely, Mr. Connolly, Mr. Wolff, Mr. Beeels, D. Angel Moro, Mr. Coblentz, Mr. Gerard, Mr. Hamelrich and family, Mr. Nesteens, Mr. De Chambure, Mr. and Mrs. Castagne.

In steamship Allemania, from Havana—Louis Linan and wife, Peter Wagner, Jacob Thieroff, M. Thieroff, Julia Lintow and 4 children, Caroline Jochen, Geo. Lehrsch and wife, Marie Becker, Henry Davidsburg and 2 children, Anna Wenz, Charles Adams, Fritz Bausewein, Herrmann Rau, Rud Sangmeister, Herrm Aschbacher, Thekier Lieber, Mina Korber, Henriette Waller and child, Herrm Koch and wife, Herrm Geiersnover, Dr. Franz Koller, Robert Scholtze, Carl Ferie, Schneider, Ed. Schink, Jean Freising, Jos. Lenz, Rob't Schutz, Carl Kinne, Jos. Rospieschil, Hein. Satter, Ferd. Meyer, Caroline Cornelius, Hugo Deppermann, Jacob Gross, Friederick Engelske, Andrew Herold, Mary Stadtmann, Dr. Ed. Sidenius, L. Davidson, Wm. Persen, Johann Konig, Clara Schoenecker, Delano Harper, Marie Betalbeck, Frans Lubbald, Johann Debninna, Robert Gurz.

In steamship Herman Livingston, from Savannah—Judge Boynton and servant, Miss Smith, Miss Julia Keeler, Miss Bond, Mrs. W. A. Bryant, Miss L. Scranton, J. N. Scott, Mrs. J. N. Scott and child, L. Hubbell, A. Lamott, Mrs. A. Lamott, J. S. Kellogg, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hodgson, Miss Telfair and maid, Mrs. Porter, Mrs. Disbrough, Mrs. J. Smith, J. Ormond, R. J. Bowe, J. Fernandes, Mrs. W. F. May, 2 children and nurse, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Stanley, Messrs. E. Shepherd G. Phelan, G. Poole, McDougall, Miller, D. Crowley, E. A. Rich, Mrs. O. G. Edwards, Miss Hagerty, H. McSweeney, Mrs. H. McSweeney, Mrs. H. W. Denslow, Wm. Hart, Dr. H. Crump, R. E. Harrison, R. T. Gregory, J. W. Temple, H. H. Myers, Mrs. Geo. Wilson, Mrs. Thomas Scott, Mrs. L. A. Ford, Geo. Buckley, Mr. Lehman, Mr. Sondheim, D. McElheren, Duncan McElheren, Alexander M. Quinn, Mrs. Alexander M. Quinn, W. K. Massey, Thos. B. King, Chas. Malloy.

In steamship Manhattan, from Charleston—Miss Demarest and child, Mrs. J. M. Lee and child, Miss Keith, Mrs. S. L. Harris, Miss Dickinson, Mrs. Toomer and daughter, W. S. Coates, wife and servant, Mrs. McPherson, Miss Hooper, Miss Jenny Brown, Miss Carrie Brown, Mrs. H. P. Walker, Mrs. Donaldson, Mrs. Dora Jessup, Mrs. M. C. Kinsill and nurse, John C. Seaman, Mrs. M. A. Lee and child, Mrs. R. D. McElroy and child, C. Brown, C. B. Riddle, W. M. French and wife, J. B. Colt, S. Chandler, Mrs. L. L. Hutchinson, C. D. Ployer, E. Sutherland, A. Lang, J. T. Sullivan, J. Odell and child, S. Latz, A. J. Levy, Mrs. D. Lewis and daughter, Mrs. Tandy and 2 children, E. H. Marsh, wife and child, Capt. M. Henny, Mrs. A. V. Word, Miss K. D. Davis, E. H. Remington, R. H. Gerding, Mrs. McLaughton and daughter, J. Chau. Chas. McLaughton, Father Pacquet, and 33 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 4 26 | Sun sets...... 7 33 | Moon rises... 2 25

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 5 01 | Gov. Island. 5 5 | Hell Gate .. 7 12

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, June 16.

Cleared.

Steamships Ocean Queen, King, Aspinwall, Pacific Mail Steamship Co.; Cuba, (Br.,) Moodie, Liverpool, E. Cunard; Saratoga, Alexander, Richmond, &c., N. L. McCready & Co.; Glaucus, Walden, Boston, W. P. Clyde.

Ship F. A. Palmer, (Br.,) McCaslin, Hong Kong, S. L. Merchant & Co.

Barks Marco Polo, (N. G.,) Minpen, Bremen via Philadelphia, H. Koop & Co.; Armenia, Harper, Malta and a market, Baxter & Merrill; Lord Clarendon, (Br.,) Lavender, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, Harbeck & Halsey; Montezuma, Hammond, Barbados, T. T. & F. A. Dwight; Arizona, Carver, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, Walsh & Carver; Eagle, Wilkinson, Rosario, J. Morton, Jr.; M. Armstrong, (Br.,) Carty, Restigouche, Crandall, Umphray & Co.; Almoner, Gary, Baltimore, J. Henry; Lavinia, Wooster, Portsmouth, N. H., Brett, Son & Co.

Brigs Caspar Wild, (Norw.,) Muller, Venice, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Willy, (N. G.,) Schelihare, Cork for orders, via Wilmington, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Albert Davis, (Br.,) Davis, Antwerp, B. F. Small & Co.; Uruguay, (Br.,) Goudy, Lanzarote via Vigo, Boyd & Hincken; Harry, Stuart, Ponce, P. R., Simpson & Clapp; H. Porter, (Br.,) West, Windsor, Crandall, Umphray & Co.

Schooners Kedron, (Br.,) Lake, Moncton, Crandall, Umphray & Co.; M. E. Mangum, Beveridge, Barbados, Miller & Houghton; Minnie, Farrow, Newbern, Thomas & Holmes; Mary, Harnsworth, Norfolk, Van Brunt & Slaght; Mary B. Harris, Crowley, Salem, Snow & Richardson; J. G. Pillson, Ferris, Stamford.

Arrived.

Steamship Ville de Paris, (Fr.,) Surmont, Havre June 5, and Brest 6th, with mdse. and 144 passengers to Geo. Mackenzie. Had fine weather until the 12th; from that day till the 15th, encountered heavy fogs, and on the 12th and 13th passed large quantities of icebergs. June 7, lat. 48 44, lon. 15 45, spoke ship Yorktown, hence for London. 9th, lat. 48 26, lon. 31 44, passed a Cunard steamer, supposed the Scotia, bound E. 15th, lat. 40 35, lon. 73 11, spoke ship Nonpareil, (Br.,) hence for Liverpool.

Steamship Tarifa, (Br.,) Martyn, Liverpool June 2, and Queenstown 3d, with mdse. and 570 passengers to E. Cunard. Had moderate weather the first part of the passage. June 9, lat. 46 51, lon. 41 27, to June 12, lat. 41 33, lon. 56 28, encountered dense fogs at intervals, and on the 10th, lat. 44 44, lon. 46, passed several large icebergs. June 7, 11 A. M., lat. 49 47, lon. 29 57, passed one of the Hudson Bay Co.'s steamers bound W.

Steamship Mary Sanford, Moore, Wilmington, N. C., June 13, with naval stores and cotton to J. Hand. Off the Bar spoke steamer Sylvan Shore, bound in. June 14, off Cape Hatteras, exchanged signals with steamship Fairbanks, hence for Wilmington. Same day, Cape Hatteras bearing N. W., in 14 fathoms of water, saw a wreck, supposed to be steamship Nevada. Same time, exchanged signals with schr. Prairie Bird, (Br.,) bound S., and steamship United States, hence for New-Orleans.

Steamship Allemannia, (N. G.,) Bardua, Hamburg June 3, via Southampton 5th, with mdse. and 331 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Had light westerly winds on the passage. June 7, lat. 49 30, lon. 11 4 W., passed Bremen steamers bound E. 11th, lat. 45 10 N., lon. 39 50 W., passed steamship Erin, from Liverpool for New-York. 12th, lat. 43 40, lon. 45 2, passed a large iceberg. 15th, lat. 40 30 N., lon. 64 41 W., passed two steamers bound E.

Steamship Ellen S. Terry, Chapin, Newbern, N. C., 60 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Murray, Ferris & Co. Left at Hatteras Inlet, schrs. Madison Holmes and Delmar, for New-York.

Steamship Herman Livingston, Eaton, Savannah June 13, 2 P. M., with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Fox & Co. June 14, 12:30 P. M., sighted the mast of a wreck. Same day, 3 P. M., lat. 33 58, lon. 76 46, spoke steamship America, with ship Montgomery, (loaded with timber and waterlogged,) in tow, bound for Savannah.

Steamship Galatea, Nye, Providence, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Ship Canova, (of Boston,) Herriman, Cardiff 43 ds., with railroad iron to order.

Bark Talisman, (of Liverpool,) Anderson, Rio Janeiro 27 ds., with coffee to J. L. Phipps & Co. May 8, 4 P. M., steamship Japan, for San Francisco, was telegraphed off Cape Negero.

Bark Navasota, (of Boston,) Greenough, Galveston 27 ds., with cotton and 4 passengers to Gardner, Bacon & Co. Had constant rain in the gulf; since variable winds from S. E. and N. E.; has been 4 ds. north of Hatteras.

Bark Kaiaioa, (Aust.,) Tuhitza, Newcastle, Eng., April 5, with coal to H. & F. W. Meyer. Experienced very stormy weather from W. S. W. S.

Bark Freeman Dennis, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Fletcher, Newport, Eng., 43 ds., with railroad iron to Boyd & Hincken.

Bark Rainbow, (of Picton,) Boudrat, Cardiff 46 ds., with railroad iron to order.

Brig Carrie D., Tobey, Palermo April 17, with sumac and sulphur to order—vessel to G. Hosman. Passed Gibraltar May 2. May 3, lat. 29 25, lon. 52 24, in a gale, stove bulwarks, lost sails and fore-yard; June 10 was in co. with bark Belle of the Sea, (of New-York,) from Philadelphia for San Francisco, putting back to Boston leaking 15 to 17 inches per hour.

Schr. Wm. B. Thomas, (of Philadelphia,) Winsmore, Matanzas 12 ds., with sugar to Mason & Preant. June 11, lat. 33 54, lon. 77 15, spoke bark Shamut, of and from Boston for Montevideo, lying by and taking off the crew of the ship Montgomery, (Br.,) which was in a sinking condition.

Schr. Tweed, (of Nassau,) Pinder, Eleuthera 8 ds., with fruit to R. E. Hutchinson & Co.

Schr. J. P. Allen, Allen, Mayaguez 11 ds., with sugar and molasses to Spence, Montague & Co.—vessel to W. S. Brown.

Schr. Sabina, (of Bath, Me.,) Percy, Cardenas 18 ds., with molasses to Sawner & Rudd. Has been 9 ds. north of Hatteras; had a heavy gale from N. E. June 11.

Schr. Willie Dill, English, Beaufort, N. C., 10 ds., with naval stores to Thomas & Holmes.

Schr. Belle Seaman, Seaman, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. L. D. Wentworth, Deon, Elizabethport, for Portland.

Schr. Mattie Holmes, Chester, Port Johnson, for Boston.

Schr. A. M. Edwards, Fenton, Philadelphia, for Pawtucket.

Schr. M. A. Grier, Palmer, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Minguas, Raynor, New-Brunswick, for Providence.

Schr. R. Borden, Borden, Poughkeepsie, for Fall River.

Schr. Charm, Sutliff, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Gov. Coney, Parker, Elizabethport, for Augusta.

Schr. Horizon, Newman, Rondout, for Pawtucket.

Schr. B. E. Sharp, Cole, Providence.

Schr. S. S. Buckingham, Davis, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Cabinet, Cook, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Haze, McGinnis, Greenwich.

Schr. Tickler, Haynes, George's Bank.

Schr. Milton, Raynor, New-Haven.

Schr. Jessie, Calder, Milbridge.

Schr. D. L. Sturges, Taylor, Virginia.

Schr. S. H. Hopkins, Predmore, Virginia.

Schr. L. P. Hallock, Hillman, Virginia.

Schr. R. & E. Steelman, Ingersoll, Virginia.

Schr. Mary Louisa, Gaskill, Washington, N. C.

Schr. Jos. N. Franklin, Randolf, Virginia.

Schr. Henrietta, Jones, New-Haven.

Schr. Sarah Purvis, Jones, Virginia.

Schr. W. H. Rutan, Decker, Virginia.

Schr. Pangusseh, Wapler, Virginia.

Schr. Mary R. Hickman, White, Virginia.

WIND—At sunset, a calm.

Sailed.

Steamships City of New-York, for Liverpool via Halifax; Germania, for Hamburg; Ocean Queen, for Aspinwall; Saratoga, for Norfolk, &c. Ship Hudson, London.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, June 16—Arr. steamer Saxon, from Philadelphia; brigs Heinrich, from Marseilles; A. M. Putnam, from Havana; Isabella Jewett, from Cardenas; L. W. Eaton, from Matanzas; Waltham, from Baltimore; schrs. Clara W. Elwell, from Guayma; L. M. Strout, from Matanzas; Anna Lyons, do.; Northern Light, from Sagua; Fenwick Shaw, from Darien; Four Sisters, from Satilla River.

Also, arr. bark Kate Agnes, from Androssan; brigs George G. Roberts, from Barbadoes; Edwin, from Manhattanville; schrs. Alma, Port de Paix; S. H. Woodbury, from Jacksonville; Independence, from New-Orleans.

CHARLESTON, S. C. June 16—Arr. steamship Moneka, New-York; schr. Edna Birdsall, New-York; steamer Falcon, Baltimore.

Sld. ship Sedbergh, Liverpool.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 16—Passed out, steamer Somerset, for Liverpool.

Passed up, bark Foreigner, for Alexandria; brigs Alico, from St. Jago; Earnest, from the West Indies for Baltimore.

Put back to Norfolk, schrs. Annie T. Clark, with stones for Barbadoes; lost sails sprung aleak 10th inst.; Mary Ellen, on same date, off False Cape, lost deck load, split sails and sprung aleak; she has been surveyed, and will discharge cargo and repair.

SAVANNAH, June 16—Arr. steamships San Salvador, New-York; America, Baltimore; Wyoming, Philadelphia.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 16—Arr. steamships William P. Clyde, New-York, and James A. Gary, Baltimore.

Cld. steamships Fairbanks, New-York, and Pioneer, Philadelphia.

Miscellaneous.

BOSTON, Mass., June 16.—The steamer Wm. Kennedy, Capt. Hallett, from Boston for Norfolk and Baltimore, was fallen in with on Monday in Vineyard Sound, returning to port under sail, having become disabled in her machinery. The steamer Saxon, from Philadelphia, took her in tow, arriving here this morning.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 16.—The steamship Falcon passed, 30 miles N. E. the Frying Pan Lightship on Monday, the steamship Charleston, from New-York for Charleston, with the derelict ship Montgomery in tow.

Notice to Mariners.

The coast beacon light-house at Sandy Hook has been destroyed by fire. A temporary light will be erected from the old coast beacon as soon as possible.

By order of the Light-house Board.
A. LUDLOW CASE,
Lighthouse Inspector Third District.

Spoken, &c.

R. Fisher—brig, from Sierra Leone for New-York, May 12, lat. 40 14, lon. 72 29.

Emma—brig, of and from Portland, for Matanzas, June 7, lat. 34 18, lon. 75 16.

Fredonia—bark, from Boston for Fayal, June 15, lat. 30 25, lon. 58.

Northern Queen—bark, from Newport, Eng., for New-York, May 7, lat. 49 46, lon. 10 15.

Foreign Ports.

At Mayaguez, June 4, schr. Keokuk, to sail in 5 ds. for Baltimore, and schr. Pilot's Bride, to sail June 7 for New-York; brig Echo, just arr. from Boston.

At Eleuthera, June 7, schr. Mary Ann, to sail on the 15th.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 16.—The steamship Baltimore, from Baltimore June 1, arrived at this port this forenoon.

QUEENSTOWN, June 16.—The steamship City of Baltimore, from New-York June 6, arrived at this port this forenoon.

The steamship Tripoli, Capt. Messurier, which left New-York June 5, arrived at this port to-day, and sailed for Liverpool.

OUR STOCK OF SPRING CLOTHING is the CHEAPEST and the BEST.
DEVLIN & CO.,
BROADWAY, CORNER OF GRAND,
BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN.

OUR BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SUITS FOR DRESS or SCHOOL purposes are the most tasteful in the market.
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$5 SEWING MACHINE
Simple and practical.
Every machine is perfectly adjusted, packed in small box and will be sent, per express, on receipt of $5 to any address in the country. On exhibition and for sale by CHASE & CO., opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, No. 524 Broadway.

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The best cooking apparatus for family use; durable, economical, and sure bakers. Made, put up and warranted by JANES, KIRTLAND & CO., Corner Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

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JAMES V. SCHENCK.

A GNAT, A BUG, A BOIL, A SORE.
One raves about
The gnats that fly,
And bugs that bite in bed,
Another says,
Paint cures a sty,
And boils will have no head.
But I know more
About a sore
That grew around my shin;
Such pain and heat,
My spirits wore,
And made my body thin.
When hope had fled
I tried Pain Paint,
And soaked the ulcer well.
It made me happy as a saint,
And all the world I tell.
The gnats may bite,
The bees may sting,
Let boils or bugs inflame,
Pain Paint will cure,
I always sing,
My fever sores the same.
Six years I know
The Doctor stays
Still keeping office there.
'Tis free, no charge;
It always pays
To visit Chatham-square,
170, always full, never empty.

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CROMWELL & JONES,
Manufacturers of
EMPIRE, FLINT AND UNION SAND-PAPER,
No. 306 Pearl-st., between Beekman-st. and Peck-slip, New-York.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—Extra Class No. 385, June 16, 1868.
Decided by the Missouri State Lottery, Class 385.
46, 34, 63, 5, 7, 57, 32, 18, 52, 47, 69, 42, 53.
KENTUCKY—Class No. 386, June 16, 1868.
29, 4, 33, 62, 73, 22, 32, 47, 1, 53, 64, 25, 48.
PADUCAH—Extra Class No. 437, June 16, 1868.
Decided by the Missouri State Lottery, Class 437.
66, 62, 70, 21, 18, 58, 15, 8, 3, 59, 49, 61, 64.
PADUCAH—Class No. 438, June 16, 1868.
78, 35, 38, 43, 63, 36, 77, 33, 24, 53, 75, 31, 56.
Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information given.
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